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NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION
OF 1893.

1. ORIGINAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS is now well known, the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, by Christopher Columbus, will be celebrated at Chicago, in 1893, under the sanction of the government of the United States, on a scale commensurate with the importance and dignity of the occasion.

The measures already taken give satisfactory assurances that the exposition then to be made of the material progress of the world, will be such as to deserve unqualified approval.

But to make the Exposition complete, and the celebration adequate, the wonderful achievements of the new age in science, literature, education, government, jurisprudence, morals, charity, religion and other departments of human activity, should also be conspicuously displayed as the most effective means of increasing the fraternity, progress, prosperity and peace of mankind.

It has therefore been proposed that a series of World's Congresses for that purpose be held in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, and the WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY has been duly authorized and organized, to promote the holding and success of such Congresses.

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Among the great themes which the Congresses are expected to consider are the following:

- I. The grounds of fraternal union in the language, literature, domestic life, religion, science, art and civil institutions of different peoples.
- II. The economic, industrial and financial problems of the age.
- III. Educational systems, their advantages and their defects; and the means by which they may best be adapted to the recent enormous increase in all departments of knowledge.
- IV. The practicability of a common language, for use in the commercial relations of the civilized world.
- V. International copyright, and the laws of intellectual property and commerce.
- VI. Immigration and naturalization laws, and the proper international privileges of alien governments, and their subjects or citizens.
- VII. The most efficient and advisable means of preventing or decreasing pauperism, insanity and crime; and of increasing productive ability, prosperity and virtue throughout the world.
- VIII. International law as a bond of union, and a means of mutual protection; and how it may best be enlarged, perfected and authoritatively expressed.
- IX. The establishment of the principles of judicial justice, as the supreme law of international relations; and the general substitution of arbitration for war, in the settlement of international controversies.

It is impossible to estimate the advantages that would result from the mere establishment of personal acquaintance and friendly relations among the leaders of the intellectual and moral world, who now, for the most part, know each other only through the interchange of publications, and, perhaps, the formalities of correspondence.

And what is transcendently more important, such Congresses, convened under circumstances so auspicious, would doubtless surpass all previous efforts to bring about a real fraternity of nations, and unite the enlightened peoples of the whole earth in a general coöperation for the attainment of the great ends for which human society is organized

This organization is intended to promote the success of the Exposition of the material products of civilization, science and art, but will confine its own operations to the Exposition in appropriate Conventions, of the principles of human progress.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

EXPOSITION HEADQUARTERS,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U. S A.,

October 30, 1890.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
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SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION OF 1893.

The first farmer was the first man, and all historic nobility rests on possession and use of land.—*Emerson*

Labor, wide as the earth, has its summit in Heaven.—*Carlyle*.

2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

To provide, in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, by Local Committees of Arrangements, assisted by Advisory Councils to be selected from the several States of the American Union, and from other countries, for a series of World's Agricultural Congresses intended to represent all important Agricultural Interests and Organizations. There will be Special Congresses to consider the Living Questions pending in the various General Divisions of this Department, and Union Congresses to present the General Interests and Needs of the Agricultural Classes.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

IN organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions of the Committees, and the Members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and the General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a. The mutual relations and interests of the different classes of this Department, and the means whereby those relations may best be strengthened, and those interests most effectually promoted.
- b. The difficulties, burdens and evils from which the Agricultural classes now suffer, the causes thereof, and the means by which the same may be removed, or at least reduced.

- c.* The causes of the present tendency of the people engaged in Agricultural pursuits to abandon the same, and to remove to villages and cities, and the best means for counteracting these causes and making farm life more attractive and satisfactory.
- d.* The interests of the Agricultural classes in the subject of transportation. Is the farmer charged too much?
- e.* The interests of the Agricultural classes in manufacturing industries.
- f.* The practical utility of scientific education for Farmers.
- g.* Agricultural Climatology as a practical art. Its methods and utility.
- h.* Economic Entomology; its nature, methods and utility.
- i.* Agricultural Machinery; its effect on the welfare of the farmers.
- j.* Comparative Agriculture; a comparison of Agricultural methods and results in different countries.
- k.* The Intellectual Products of Rural Life; leaders in literature, science, art, education, state, church, reform, etc.
- l.* The Civil Laws which most directly affect the Agricultural classes, and what reforms should be recommended therein.
- m.* State Boards of Agriculture and Similar Agencies; the utility of their service, and what changes, if any, should be recommended therein.
- n.* Taxation; does the farmer pay more than his just share?
- o.* The interests of Farmers in money, currency, commercial paper, banks, bills of lading, etc.
- p.* The Practical Art of Country Road-making; its present condition, and what improvements are practical therein.
- q.* The Farmer's Wife and Daughters; do they receive a just share of the benefits of labor saving machinery?

AGRICULTURE.

PROPOSED GENERAL DIVISIONS OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

1.—General Division of Farm Culture,

Including the Preparation and Improvement of the Soil.

2.—General Division of Cereal Industry,

Including all Grain and Grass Products.

3.—General Division of Animal Industry,

Including the Use of Animals for Service, Food, Dairying,
Clothing, Etc.

4.—General Division of Horticulture,

Including Floriculture, Fruit-culture, Forestry, Vegetable Gardening, Seed-raising, Nurseries, Etc.

5.—General Division of Agricultural Organizations,

Including Alliances, Granges and other Societies.

6.—General Division of Agricultural Education and Experiment,

Including Scientific Education in Agriculture in the Primary, the Intermediate and the Higher Institutions of Learning.

7.—General Division of Agricultural Legislation and Public Officers,

Including Governmental Departments of Agriculture, whether State or National, and Laws for the Protection of Agricultural Interests.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS
DEPARTMENT.

**General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on
Agricultural Congresses.**

HON. BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, *Chairman.*

PROF. G. E. MORROW, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. W. D. Hoard,	Chief W. I. Buchanan,	Mr. Jonathan Periam,
Mr. Samuel Allerton,	Mr. Milton George,	Mr. J. C. Vaughn,
Mr. John P. Reynolds,	Mr. John Boyd,	

SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

A Special Committee for each of the above General Divisions of this Department is in course of formation, but is not yet ready for announcement. These Committees, when appointed, will have especial charge of all matters within the province indicated by their respective titles. The General Committee will have a general supervision over the entire Department. The various Congresses will be arranged by the concurrent action of the General and the Division Committees.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Household Economics.

This Committee has been Specially Assigned to the Department of Agriculture.

Its Membership is as follows:

MRS. JOHN WILKINSON, *Chairman.*

MRS. THOS F. GANE, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Wm. Dickinson,	Mrs. A. C. McClurg,	Mrs. Annie H. White,
Mrs. A. O. Butler,	Mrs. F. E. Owens,	Mrs. Wm. Jones,
Mrs. J. M. Hill,	Mrs. J. J. P. Odell,	Mrs. Leslie Lewis.
Mrs. A. T. Galt,	Dr Ida Rogers,	Mrs. C. C. Bonney,
Mrs. G. D. Broomell,	Mrs. F. Q. Ball,	Mrs. Eva K. Griffith.
Mrs. W. E. Furness,	Mrs. W. L. Brown,	Mrs. H. S. Taylor,
Mrs. S. M. Nickerson,	Mrs. C. B. Yale,	Mrs. L. B. Shattuck,
Mrs. B. F. Ayer,	Mrs. Sumner Ellis,	Mrs. Frank R. Chandler,
	Mrs. Lavinia A. Hargis.	

The object of this Committee is to increase domestic economy, prosperity and happiness by the application of scientific knowledge, useful invention and discovery, and practical skill to Household Affairs.

THE ADVISORY COUNCILS OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

The Active Committees for the Arrangements of the Agricultural Congresses must necessarily be local. But the term WORLD'S CONGRESS implies that those who are especially interested in any Department throughout the world, will be consulted in regard to the arrangements for any given Congress. The plans of the Auxiliary therefore provide in all cases, that a Local Committee shall have the advice and assistance of an ADVISORY COUNCIL,

composed of persons eminent in the field allotted to the Committee, and selected from all parts of the world. In the case of the Agricultural Congresses, the Advisory Councils will be of especial importance. They will embrace, as far as practicable, the leading representatives of all important Agricultural organizations, and will be selected to represent all important Agricultural interests. They will constitute the non-resident branches of the Local Committees, and their members will be as free to offer suggestions, make recommendations, and submit inquiries, as they would be if they were members of one of the Local Committees. All Officers of Agricultural Societies, and others holding important positions in the Agricultural world, are therefore cordially invited to send to the Committee, at their earliest convenience, the names of persons whom they would recommend as members of such Advisory Councils. It must, of course, not be expected that all who may be recommended can be appointed on such a Council, because the numbers are so great that this would doubtless be impossible, but an ample number, from whom selections can be made, is desirable.

PRELIMINARY ADDRESS OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE.

The Preliminary Address, which was published soon after the appointment of the Committee, is herewith reprinted. This Address and the President's suggestions will indicate the general scope and plan of the proposed Agricultural Congresses, but are not intended to be conclusive and binding. They are, on the contrary, designed to call forth from those most deeply interested in all countries, their best and wisest suggestions of whatever they may deem conducive to the highest success of the proposed Agricultural Congresses. When the Local Committees shall have received from leading representatives of the Agricultural interests such information and recommendations as they may see fit to transmit, a programme for the proposed Congresses will be prepared. The object of these Congresses is not display, but the advancement of the general welfare of the Agricultural classes by a consideration of the most important practical problems with which they are now concerned.

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

1. The Agricultural Exhibit of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, will be held in appropriate buildings at Jackson Park. The World's Congresses, including those in the Department of Agriculture, will be held in the permanent Memorial Art Palace to be erected on the shore of Lake Michigan near the heart of the City of Chicago. While the exhibition of Agricultural products will be wholly distinct from the Agricultural Congresses, each has, and will continue to have the hearty sympathy and support of those engaged in the conduct of the other.

2. It is understood that the Exposition authorities have decided to provide in the Agricultural Building at Jackson Park, suitable rooms in which the various Agricultural Societies may have headquarters during the Exposition season, with an audience room capable of seating perhaps twelve or fifteen hundred persons, where those interested may consider in their own way, and at their own convenience, such subjects, for example, as the Rotation of Crops; The Treatment of Particular Soils; The Various Methods of Cultivation for Particular Crops; Stock Breeding and Feeding; Farm Fences; Farm Buildings and kindred topics.

3. It is also understood that the General Agricultural Congresses will probably be limited to a period of perhaps two weeks in the month of October, and that they will consist of Special Congresses, representing particular occupations or organizations, and of General Congresses, in which representatives of all the various Agricultural interests will unite in presenting to the world the most important general subjects embraced in this Department.

4. The Objects of the World's Congress Auxiliary are briefly set forth in an accompanying document.

BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH,

Secretary.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

World's Congress Auxiliary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, PRESIDENT.
THOS. B. BRYAN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

LYMAN J. GAGE, TREASURER.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, SEC'Y

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE

World's Columbian Exposition.

"The Test of National Welfare is the Intelligence and Prosperity of the Farmer."

Preliminary Address of the General Committee on Agricultural
Congresses, in Connection with the Exposition of 1893.

IT is intended that the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893 shall commemorate the progress of civilization, and be an incentive to further development, not only by displaying the best products of men's thoughts as shown in material things, but also by bringing together for conference in a series of Congresses the leading thinkers and workers of the world. The World's Congress Auxiliary has been organized with the approval and support of the Exposition authorities, and of the Congress of the United States, to have general charge of these Congresses. The Directory of the Exposition will provide suitable audience rooms.

Among these Congresses few, if any, can be of greater interest or importance than that devoted to Agriculture—using the word in its wide signification, as including the production of nearly all the necessities of life, the culture of the field, the garden, the orchard; the rearing of animals and the utilization of the products of the soil. This basal industry engages the attention of a larger number of men than does any other occupation. It has made great advances. In these days it meets new conditions, new aids, and new obstacles. New problems confront the farmer, affecting not alone his

individual efforts in producing and disposing of things useful to man, but also his relations to his fellow-workers, and to those engaged in other pursuits; his rights and duties as a citizen, and his position as a member of society. Arrangements are being made for meetings of many National, State or District Organizations devoted to important special agricultural interests. To these meetings the Auxiliary, especially through the General Committee on Agricultural Congresses, will give every aid that is practicable and desired. The Central Agricultural Congress will seek to help the individual farmer and the special agricultural interests by giving chief attention to comprehensive problems affecting most, if not all, persons engaged in agriculture. It will necessarily give more of attention to the principles underlying agricultural progress and reform than to the application of those principles to the special needs of localities or particular interests.

The following are suggested as topics which may appropriately engage the attention of the Agricultural Congresses:

The Progress and Present Condition of Agriculture in various countries, with reference to the influence of Climate and other natural conditions, and of different systems of Land Tenure, Labor, Social Organization, etc., in advancing or retarding its development.

The Relations of Those Engaged in Agriculture as Land Owners, Tenants, or Laborers, to each other and to those engaged in other pursuits.

Legislation as Affecting Agriculture, including such problems as those relating to Taxation, Indebtedness, Control of Public Lands, Special Legislation in Aid of Special Interests. etc.

Transportation as Affecting Agriculture, embracing all the means and agencies in use for the Distribution of Agricultural Products to Points of Consumption; the Relation of Middle Men to Producers and Consumers, etc.

Technical Agricultural Questions, such as those relating to Buildings and Machinery; Drainage and Irrigation; Fertilization and Methods of Culture; Breeding and Feeding Domestic Animals; the Manufacture, Preservation and Disposal of the Products of the Field, Orchard, Garden, Vineyard, Dairy, Apiary, etc.

Investigation and Experimentation in Agriculture; the Applications of Science; the work of Governmental and Private Experiment Stations, etc.

Agricultural Education, in Public and in Special Agricultural Schools and Colleges, and by means of Books and Periodicals, Societies, Conventions and Exhibitions.

Agricultural Organizations, including the Work and Methods of Increasing the Efficiency of National, State and District Associations in the Interests of any Branch of Agriculture.

The Home Life and Social Position of the Rural Populations, and the means whereby Needed Reforms may be Secured.

It is confidently believed these Agricultural Congresses will be of the highest interest and value. In these times in which—coupled with a noticeable increase of intelligence; with wonderful inventions for the aid of farmers; with a marvelous increase in the agricultural products of many countries, and an equal development of means for distribution of these products—there is a wide-spread feeling of dissatisfaction and unrest among those engaged in agriculture, the thoughtful discussion of such topics as have been named, by leaders in thought and practice from many lands, cannot fail to set in clearer light the real and the mistaken causes for discontent and its remedy; and to point out what may most wisely be done to further lighten the labors and increase the rewards of those who feed the world.

Particular attention is called to the fact that the great Department of Agriculture as above defined, will be divided into appropriate Divisions, Chapters and Sections, for the purpose of affording to each important interest involved, an appropriate opportunity for the consideration and promotion of the measures which those engaged in it may deem most deserving. Each subdivision of the Department will, in due time, be intrusted to the charge of a Special Committee, whose duty it will be to arrange for the Convention or Congress in which the particular interest involved will be considered.

The active committees in charge of the arrangements for the various meetings contemplated, must necessarily be composed of persons resident in Chicago, or near enough to the city to enable them conveniently to attend Committee Meetings. But to give the Auxiliary the benefit of the advice of

wise and able agricultural leaders throughout the United States and other countries, and to make the Agricultural Congresses truly and comprehensively representative of the vast interests to be considered, Advisory Councils of the Auxiliary on the principal divisions of the department will be appointed. These Advisory Councils will be composed of eminent members of the faculties of Agricultural Colleges, Officers of Farmer's Alliances, Granges, and other Agricultural Societies and Associations, and distinguished representatives of special agricultural interests throughout the world.

The special object of this address is to elicit from organizations and individuals, suggestions for the promotion of the success of the proposed Agricultural Congresses, to be utilized in forming the final plans in pursuance of which such Congresses will be held; and the organizations, Agricultural periodicals and individuals to whom this address is sent, are cordially invited to favor the Auxiliary, at their early convenience, with all such recommendations as they may deem conducive to the desired end.

BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH,
Chairman.

W. D. HOARD,
MILTON GEORGE,
JONATHAN PERIAM,
JOHN P. REYNOLDS,
SAMUEL ALLERTON,
G. E. MORROW,
JOHN BOYD,
J. C. VAUGHN.

NOTE.—Inquiries and communications in relation to the proposed Agricultural Congress should be addressed to

BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH,
Chairman of the General Committee of the
World's Congress Auxiliary on
Agricultural Congresses,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U. S. A.

CHICAGO, July 4, 1891.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION
OF 1893.

Art is the perfection of nature.—*Sir Thomas Browne.*

Art is the effort of man to express the ideas which nature suggests to him.—*Bulwer.*

The power of Art depends on the depth of the Artist's insight.—*Emerson.*

Seraph's share knowledge with thee, O man! but Art is thine alone.—*Schiller.*

A picture is a poem without words.—*Horace.*

The hand that follows intellect, can achieve.—*Angelo.*

The sculptor's hand breaks down the prison walls, and frees the hidden majesty and grace.

3. DEPARTMENT OF ART,

Including Architecture, Painting, Sculpture, Engraving, Decorative Art, Photographic Art, Etc.

To facilitate conventions of Architects, Painters, Sculptors, Engravers, Decorative Designers, Photographers, Art-Writers, Students and Patrons of Art, in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, to consider the Living Questions in their respective Divisions of this Department; and to provide for Popular Congresses in which the Relations of Art to Human Progress will be set forth by the attending Masters.

The Scope of This Department.

The plans of the Auxiliary include Special Congresses of existing organizations, and General Congresses of all classes of Artists. The Congress of each Division of the Department of Art will be in charge of the Committee on that Division, assisted by its own Advisory Council, composed of eminent artists selected from all parts of the world. The General Congresses will be arranged by the General Committee and the officers of the Auxiliary.

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and of the General Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the several Congresses.

- a.* The general principles common to all departments of Art.
- b.* The mutual relations of Architecture, Painting and Sculpture.
- c.* The Common Interests of Artists, and the means by which those interests may best be promoted.
- d.* The Commerce of Art, including the laws for its protection and regulation.
- e.* The Contributions of Art to the Happiness of the Common People.
- f.* The fundamental laws of Art-Criticism, and the rules by which judgment should be guided and controlled.
- g.* How far it is allowable to present the grotesque and the abhorrent in the forms of art.
- h.* The Ministry of Art in the world of Literature.
- i.* The Ministry of Art in the world of Religion.
- j.* The Evolution of Art, and the leading characteristics of the great eras of its development.
- k.* The Art-roll of Immortality; Masters and Master Pieces.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Congresses of Artists.

MR. CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON [President Chicago Art Institute], *Chairman*.

MR. WALTER C. LARNED, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. Halsey C. Ives,
Mr. D. H. Burnham,
Mr. O. D. Grover,
Prof. Lorado Taft,

Mr. L. J. Millet,
Hon. J. B. Bradwell,
Mr. W. M. R. French,
Mr. James H. Dole,

Mr. N. H. Carpenter.

PARIAL LIST OF THE
Division Committees of This Department.

**The Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of
Architects.**

MR. D. H. BURNHAM [Chief of Construction of the World's Columbian
Exposition], *Chairman*.

MR. W. L. B. JENNEY, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. S. S. Beman.

**The Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress
of Painters.**

MR. O. D. GROVER, *Chairman*.

MR. J. H. VANDERPOEL, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. Charles E. Boutwood.

**The Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress
of Sculptors.**

MR. LORADO TAFT, *Chairman*.

MR. J. GELERT, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. J. J. Boyle.

**The Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of
Decorative Artists.**

MR. L. J. MILLET, *Chairman*.

MR. ABNER CROSSMAN, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. William Prettyman.

**The Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress
of Photographers.**

HON. JAMES B. BRADWELL, *Chairman*.

MR. GAYTON A. DOUGLAS, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. C. Gentile,

Mr. Max Platz,

Mr. M. J. Steffens.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Congresses of Artists.

MISS SARAH H. HALLOWELL, *Chairman.*

MRS. CHARLES D. HAMILL, *Vice-Chairman.*

Miss Harriet Monroe,
Mrs. Sumner Ellis,
Mrs. E. S. L. Adams,
Mrs. J. A. J. Kendig,
Mrs. William Prettyman,
Mrs. C. C. Bonney,
Miss Caroline D. Wade,
Miss J. B. Bryan,

Mrs. Margaret McD. Pullman,
Mrs. H. H. Sprague,
Mrs. F. B. Williams,
Mrs. M. A. Wynne,
Miss Helen B. Gregory,
Mrs. George C. Chapman,
Miss Christia M. Reade,
Mrs. L. Marriott.

The Committees of this Branch and the Advisory Councils of the Department will be Announced Hereafter.

NOTES.

1. The Advisory Councils will constitute the non-resident branches of the above Committees, and are cordially invited to co-operate by correspondence in the formation of the plans for the Congresses in the Department of Art.

2. Additional appointments will be made on the Committees, and additional Committees will be formed as circumstances may require.

3. The Committees will prepare Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions; and will recommend names for the Advisory Councils of their respective Divisions of this Department.

4. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary, the privileges of members of the Advisory Councils, the place for the meeting of the Congresses, etc., are set forth in an accompanying statement.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

PRESIDENT W. C. A.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, December, 1891.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

II. Advisory Councils of such Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections, consisting of persons eminent in the work thereof, and non-resident of Chicago, who are especially invited to co-operate with the appropriate local Committees, and who constitute the non-resident branches of such Committees. The Advisory Councils are expected to aid the local Committees by correspondence freely, and by personal conference as opportunity may offer.

III. General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, consisting of eminent persons not specially assigned to co-operate with a particular local Committee.

IV. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, consisting of Committees of Women corresponding to the Committees of Men on all subjects appropriate for the co-operation of women. These Committees of Women are composed of members resident in or near Chicago, and are assisted in their work by Advisory Councils of eminent women corresponding to the Advisory Councils of men. Mixed Committees are not appointed; but the Committee of Men and the Committee of Women in a given Department, Division, Chapter, or Section, may meet in conference and act together as they may find agreeable and expedient. In several instances the Committees of women and of men after meeting in conference have resolved to hold joint meetings on the subject committed to their charge.

The Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary also has a general Honorary and Corresponding Membership of distinguished women.

PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

Banking is the greatest of co-operative institutions.

The adequate transportation and distribution of products, to meet the ever-increasing needs of mankind, is one of the greatest problems of the age.

Insurance is the true safeguard against misfortune.

4. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND FINANCE,

**Including Transportation, Exchange and Distribution, with Divisions of
Banking, Stock Exchange, Boards of Trade, Water Commerce,
Railway Commerce, and Insurance.**

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

TO this Committee is specially assigned for consideration the following theme from the original announcement of the Auxiliary :

“The Economic, Industrial and Financial Problems of the Age.” (Also assigned to the Department of Labor.)

The subject of “International Bi-metalism,” proposed by Prof. Emile de Laveleye, of Belgium, is also assigned to this Committee.

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils, and of the general Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses :

I. In Relation to Banking and Finance.

- a.* The history, nature and distinguishing characteristics of money.
- b.* The essential elements of a monetary system ; intrinsic value an endowment of nature ; legal tender a creation of law ; interest a regulation of contract.
- c.* Representatives of money ; government notes, bank notes, certificates of deposit, checks and commercial paper.
- d.* Representatives of property ; bills of lading, express receipts, warehouse receipts and negotiable instruments payable in specified property at a price to be fixed by the market rate at the time and place of payment.
- e.* Interest ; discount and exchange.
- f.* The question of quantity : the present supply of money, government and bank currency per capita, in the leading nations of the world.
- g.* The volume of business ; distances of transportation, and time required to complete exchanges of products, as affecting the quantity of money and currency required.
- h.* The practicability of separating the business of exchanging products from the settlement of the final balances of transactions ; and using representatives of money for the former, and coin or coin-paper for the latter.
- i.* The problem of bi-metalism in all its relations, and particularly international bi-metalism.
- j.* International uniformity of coin, currency and commercial paper ; to what extent desirable and practicable ; and what steps are now advisable to that end.
- k.* Banks as co-operative agencies to provide the means for exchanges of property and to supply the temporary needs of producers, manufacturers, merchants and others.
- l.* The relation of the great city banks to the farmer's credit at his country store.
- m.* Monetary panics—their causes, and the means by which they may be prevented, arrested or mitigated.
- n.* Associated banks—dangers and difficulties, safeguards and benefits.

II. In Relation to General Commerce, Trade and Exchange.

- a.* Commerce as the pioneer of civilization.
- b.* Regulations of commerce by the general law of nations.
- c.* Regulations of commerce by international treaties.
- d.* Regulations of commerce among the several states of the American union under the national constitution.
- e.* Instruments of commerce, including bills of lading, warehouse receipts, bills of exchange, promissory notes for money, promissory notes for specified property, etc.
- f.* The evils and losses resulting from diversities of commercial paper under conflicting or inharmonious laws relating thereto.

g. Remedies for such evils and losses including reforms by contract, by legislation, by treaty, etc.

h. Boards of Trade; their history, utility, effect on prices, results to producers, results to consumers, etc.

i. Stock and Bond Exchanges; their history and effects.

j. Public market reports; their history and utility.

k. Whether the government should collect and publish at short intervals, information of the demand for and the supply of the various articles in which the people are interested.

l. Commercial crimes and the prevention and punishment thereof, including extradition of absconding criminals.

m. Oppressive monopolies, and the best means of protecting the people against them.

n. The enforcement of commercial contracts, including liens, legal remedies and arbitration.

o. The benefits which would result from permanent exhibits at all consulates and legations, of the character and products of the country there represented, with books, maps, charts, papers, etc.

III. In Relation to Water Commerce.

a. The influence of water commerce on exploration and discovery.

b. The great waterways of antiquity and their influence on national development.

c. Modern waterways at the date of the advent of railway transportation.

d. The influence of water transportation and railway transportation on each other, with special reference to safety, speed, economy and convenience.

e. The relations of the waterways of to-day to the interests of producers and consumers.

f. The relation of the waterways of to-day to national defenses.

g. The new waterways demanded by the needs of modern civilization.

h. The laws of nature by which water commerce is affected or controlled.

i. Laws of nations by which water commerce is governed.

j. Municipal regulations of water commerce.

k. Harbors and harbor entrances.

IV. In Relation to Railway Commerce.

a. The origin, development and present condition of railway commerce in different parts of the world.

b. The influence of railway commerce on the settlement and development of new countries.

c. The practical results of railway commerce to producers, carriers and consumers.

d. The proper elements of the cost of safe and efficient service.

e. The practical effects of free competition in the construction and operation of railway lines.

f. The proper protection of the public rights and interests involved in railway commerce.

g. The proper protection of private rights and interests involved in railway commerce.

h. Railway strikes; what should be done in the way of prevention and control.

i. Railway employees; what should be done for their protection and improvement.

j. Railway accidents; their causes and the practicable safeguards against them.

k. Railway receiverships; the practical lessons they teach.

l. Government regulations of transportation and the practical results thereof.

m. Freight traffic; special contracts, limitations of common law liabilities, etc.

n. Baggage; checking systems and delivery; claims for damages, limitations of liability; restrictions of quantity, etc.

o. Passenger tickets; defects of existing systems; special contracts and conditions; limitations of time; through tickets; commutation tickets, etc.

p. Police powers of railway train officials, and the best means of guarding against frauds on the carrier and against injury to passengers through accident or mistake.

q. Interstate and international railway arrangements; their practicability; the best means for their promotion and their influence on the commerce, peace, and prosperity of the world.

V. In Relation to Insurance.

a. The origin of the business of insurance; its historic development and the nature of the insurance contract.

b. The essential elements of marine risks; the relation of the parties to the contract of insurance and the improvements, if any, which should be recommended in this branch of the insurance business.

c. The essential elements of fire risks; the relations of the parties to the contract of insurance, and the improvements, if any, which should be recommended in this branch of the insurance business.

d. The essential elements of life risks; the relations of the parties to the contract of insurance, and the improvements, if any, which should be recommended in this branch of the insurance business.

e. The essential elements of accident risks; the relations of the parties to the contract of insurance, and the improvements, if any, which should be recommended in this branch of the insurance business.

f. The essential elements of annuity, fidelity, and other special forms of insurance, and the importance of extending these branches of insurance on grounds of public policy as well as on those of private interest.

g. Moral hazards; the relation of the personal character of the insured to the risk taken by the insurer; practical safeguards and needed reforms.

h. The essential principles of classifications of risks; and the rules by which the just premium for a particular risk can be determined with approximate certainty.

i. The value of statistics, and the safeguards against erroneous conclusions from insufficient data.

j. The effects of governmental regulation and supervision; and the reforms, if any, which should be recommended therein.

k. Excepted risks; the principles upon which the various classes of exception rest, and how far the exclusion of particular risks by exception should be regulated by law.

l. The ethics of insurance business, and the reforms which should be recommended therein.

m. Insurance organizations; corporate powers; rights; privileges; duties and liabilities.

n. Criminal jurisprudence as related to the principal crimes from which insurance companies suffer in the prosecution of their business; and the reforms which should be recommended therein.

o. Insurance associations; their advantages and defects; and the means by which their utility may be improved.

p. The advantages that would result in case policies of marine or fire insurance on personal property should be made technically "instruments of commerce," and technically negotiable with the transfer of property.

PRELIMINARY

ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Commercial and Financial Congresses.

Composed of the Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen of the Division Committees.

PRES. LYMAN J. GAGE, *Chairman*.

PRES. GEORGE SCHNEIDER, *Vice-Chairman*.

Pres. William T. Baker,

Sec. George F. Stone,

Hon. John C. Dore,

Mr. E. T. Jeffery,

Mr. Charles Henrotin,

Mr. E. L. Corthell,

Mr. John H. Nolan.

Mr. N. W. Harris,

Mr. Geo. R. Blanchard,

Gen. Robert J. Smith,

PRELIMINARY

DIVISIONS AND SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT

I. DIVISION OF BANKING AND FINANCE.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Banking and Financial Congresses.

PRES. LYMAN J. GAGE, [First National Bank, and Ex-President World's
Columbian Exposition,] *Chairman*.

PRES. GEORGE SCHNEIDER, [Illinois National Bank,] *Vice-Chairman*.

Pres. John J. P. Odell,
Vice-Pres. Orson Smith,

Pres. E. G. Keith,
Mr. Clinton B. Evans.

II. DIVISION OF GRAIN EXCHANGE AND COMMERCIAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Board of Trade Congress.

PRES. WILLIAM T. BAKER, [Chicago Board of Trade, and World's Columbian
Exposition,] *Chairman*.

SEC. GEORGE F. STONE, [Chicago Board of Trade,] *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. H. H. Aldrich,

Mr. John C. Hately,

Mr. George M. How,

Mr. D. E. Richardson,

Mr. W. W. Catlin,

Mr. Chas. A. Mair.

III. DIVISION OF STOCKS, BONDS AND SECURITIES, INCLUDING
PERSONAL, CORPORATE, MUNICIPAL, STATE AND NATIONAL
OBLIGATIONS.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Stock and Bond Congress.

MR. CHARLES HENROTIN, [Consul of Belgium and Turkey,] *Chairman*.

MR. N. W. HARRIS, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. William B. Walker,

Mr. Malcolm Jamieson,

Mr. William O. Cole,

Mr. C. H. Coffin.

**IV. DIVISION OF WATER COMMERCE, INCLUDING OCEAN, RIVER
AND CANAL TRANSPORTATION.**

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Water Commerce Congress.

HON. JOHN C. DORE, [Ex-President Chicago Board of Trade,] *Chairman.*

MR. E. L. CORTHELL, *Vice-Chairman.*

Sec. Geo. F. Stone,	Mr. D. E. Richardson,	Mr. Thomas G. Crosby,
Mr. Murray Nelson,	Mr. Benezette Williams,	Mr. Octave Chanute.

V. DIVISION OF RAILWAY COMMERCE,

**Including the Transportation of Persons and Property ; Efficiency and Cost
of Service; Competition; Governmental Regulations and Protection ;
Public Policy; Unsettled Problems of Railway Transportation;
Relations of Railway Commerce to National Development
and Private Prosperity.**

Railway Construction, Equipment and Mechanical Operation are
assigned to the Department of Engineering.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Railway Commerce
Congress.**

MR. GEORGE R. BLANCHARD, [Central Traffic Association,] *Chairman.*

MR. E. T. JEFFERY, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mr. M. M. Kirkman,	Mr. John Newell,	Hon. Aldace F. Walker,
Mr. Edwin Walker,	Hon. John W. Cary,	Mr. W. W. Finley,
Mr. George B. Reeve,	Mr. Horace R. Hobart.	

VI. DIVISION OF INSURANCE,

**Including Marine, Fire, Life, Accident, Annuity, Fidelity and other forms of
Insurance, in their Relations to History, Science, Commerce and
Finance.**

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Insurance Congresses.

GEN. ROBERT J. SMITH, *Chairman.*

MR. JOHN H. NOLAN, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. Eugene Cary,	Captain Wiley M. Egan,	Mr. Robert H. Eddy,
Mr. R. A. Waller,	Maj. Chas. E. Bliven,	Mr. James W. Janney.
Mr. Gage E. Tarbell,	Mr. B. V. Hubbard.	

PARTIAL LIST OF
SPECIAL COMMITTEES ON INSURANCE.

On a Fire Insurance Congress.

GEN. ROBERT J. SMITH, *Chairman*.

MAJ. CHARLES E. BLIVEN, *Vice-Chairman*.

Hon. Eugene Cary, Mr. Robert A. Waller, Mr. Robert H. Eddy.

On a Marine Insurance Congress.

CAPT. WILEY M. EGAN, *Chairman*.

Mr. Charles A. McDonald, Mr. James S. Gadsden.

On a Life and Accident Insurance Congress.

Including Mutual Benefit and Assessment Associations.

MR. JOHN H. NOLAN, *Chairman*.

MR. JAMES W. JANNEY, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mr. Gage E. Tarbell, Mr. B. V. Hubbard, Mr. Daniel J. Avery.

NOTE.—Other Special Committees will be appointed when required.

Advisory Councils of this Department.

NOTE.—OF THE ADVISORY COUNCILS OF THE SEVERAL DIVISIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND FINANCE, ONLY THAT ON INSURANCE IS YET READY FOR EVEN PARTIAL ANNOUNCEMENT. THE OTHERS WILL BE FORMED AND ANNOUNCED IN DUE COURSE.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary
on Insurance Congresses.

Editor C. C. Hine, New York City.

Pres. G. A. More, San Francisco, Cal.

Pres. M. G. Bulkley, Hartford, Conn.

Pres. Jacob L. Green, Hartford, Conn.

Pres. James G. Batterson, Hartford,
Conn.

Pres. B. F. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

Pres. John E. DeWitt, Portland, Me.

Pres. Amzi Dodd, Newark, N. J.

Pres. John A. McCall, New York City.

Vice-Pres. J. L. Halsey, Manhattan,
N. Y.

Pres. Sheppard Homans, New York
City.

Pres. John M. Pattison, Cincinnati, O.

Pres. Samuel R. Shipley, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Pres. H. L. Palmer, Milwaukee, Wis.
 Pres. John F. Dryden, Newark, N. J.
 Vice-Pres. Jno. R. Hedgeman, New York City.
 V. Pres. Stephen Ball, Hartford, Conn.
 Pres. E. B. Harper, New York City.
 Pres. G. A. Litchfield, Boston, Mass.
 Pres. L. G. Fouse, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Pres. J. M. Allen, Hartford, Conn.
 Pres. J. G. Beemer, New York City.
 Pres. D. F. Fackler, New York City.
 Pres. J. M. Keating, New York City.
 Pres. Charles H. Raymond, New York City.
 Pres. T. H. Montgomery, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Pres. Jotham Goodnow, Hartford, Conn.
 Pres. F. C. Moore, New York City.
 Pres. David J. Staples, San Francisco, Cal.
 Pres. Daniel A. Heald, New York City.
 Pres. Chas. Platt, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Pres. C. H. Bigelow, St. Paul, Minn.
 Pres. Geo. P. Sheldon, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Pres. E. A. Walton, New York City.
 Pres. W. R. Lyman, New Orleans, La.
 Pres. J. M. Anderson, Baltimore, Md.

Pres. Gazzam Gano, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 Pres. F. W. Arnold, Providence, R. I.
 Pres. Edward Atkinson, Boston, Mass.
 Pres. P. B. Armstrong, New York City.
 Pres. A. R. McGill, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Pres. John D. Jones, New York City.
 Pres. W. Irving Comes, New York City.
 Pres. D. W. C. Skilton, Hartford, Conn.
 Pres. Livingston Mims, Atlanta, Ga.
 Pres. H. M. Magill, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 Sec. J. F. Paull, Wheeling, W. Va.
 Sec'y. George D. Eldridge, Washington, D. C.
 Sec'y. James R. Pitcher, New York City.
 Sec'y. J. L. Cunningham, Glens Falls.
 Supt. Warne Wilson, Detroit, Mich.
 Supt. Samuel L. Klotz, Newark, N. J.
 Treas. E. L. Bond, Montreal, Canada.
 Dr. E. D. Wing, Galesburg, Ill.
 Mr. J. C. Paige, Boston, Mass.
 Mr. M. Bennett, Hartford, Conn.
 Mr. E. F. Beddall, New York City.
 Mr. H. W. Eaton, New York City.
 Mr. J. J. Kenney, Toronto, Canada.
 Mr. G. F. C. Smith, Montreal, Canada.
 V. Pres. E. R. Kennedy, New York City.
 Mr. S. C. Duncan-Clarke, Toronto, Canada.
 Mr. Geo. E. Copeland, Davenport, Ia.

NOTES.

1. Additional appointments will be made on this Council from time to time, and other Councils of this Department will be duly appointed.
2. The members of the Advisory Councils will co-operate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence, making such inquiries as they may desire, and offering such suggestions as they may deem conducive to the success of the proposed Congresses. They may also unite in communication if they so desire.
3. The Committees will prepare and submit Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions.
4. Subjects not assigned to a Special Committee remain in charge of the General Committee.
5. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying document.
6. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

CHARLES C. BONNEY.

PRESIDENT W. C. A

EXPOSITION HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, October, 1891.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION,
OF 1893.

Education is the cheap defence of nations.—*Burke.*

Knowledge is indeed that which, next to virtue, truly and essentially raises one man above another.—*Addison.*

Agesilaus, King of Sparta, having been asked what things he thought most proper for boys to learn, answered: "Those which they ought to practice when they become men."—*English Reader.*

5. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION,

Including Common School, Kindergarten, Manual-Training, Art-Industrial, Musical, Trade-School, Commercial, Economic, Deaf and Dumb, Blind, High School, Academic, Collegiate, Post-Graduate, University Extension, Technical, Moral, Political, Public Service, Chautauquan, and other Instruction, in appropriate Divisions, Chapters and Sections.

To facilitate conventions of Educational Authorities, Institutions, and Societies, and provide for Popular Congresses in connection with the Columbian Exposition, at Chicago in 1893, in which will be set forth the results and prospects of Educational Progress, and in which the Educational Problems of the time will be considered.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

TO the General Committee of this Department is especially assigned for consideration the following theme from the original announcement of the Auxiliary:

"Educational Systems, their advantages and their defects; and the means by which they may best be adapted to the recent enormous increase in all departments of knowledge."

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Educational Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and of the General Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

a. The rational limits of Education for children under five years of age, and the like limits for children of ten, fifteen and twenty years of age respectively.

b. The rational limits and practical utility of recitations and examinations.

c. The rational methods of control and discipline.

d. The essential principles and proper place of Kindergarten Education.

e. The essential principles and proper place of Manual Training and Art Education.

f. The proper office and use of Music in the public schools.

g. How far agricultural chemistry, economic geometry, economic entomology, and the like branches, should be made a part of the course of instruction in the common schools of agricultural districts.

h. How far the use of tools, and the sciences applicable to the mechanical arts should be made a part of the course of instruction in schools in villages and cities.

i. How far the laws of life and health, and the use of remedies in case of accident or other emergency should be made a part of the course of instruction in the common schools.

j. How far the subjects of civil government, embracing the holding of public meetings, the conduct of public business, and a knowledge of the laws involved in the every-day proceedings of common life, should be taught in the common schools.

k. How far the universal principles of morals and religion should be taught in such schools.

l. The extension of Higher Education among the masses of the people.

m. The School Library as a means of education.

n. What reforms in the architecture of modern school buildings and in school furniture and apparatus should be recommended.

o. Whether the existing educational systems may be best adapted to the recent enormous increase in all departments of knowledge by dividing the educational term into three periods, during the first of which the scholar should be taught the merest rudiments of the largest practicable number of branches of knowledge, but the details of none except his own language and matters necessarily incident thereto; and during the second of which periods he should be taught the exact details of a special course of instruction, selected with reference to his future calling in life; and during the last of which he shall be taught the practical application of technical knowledge to the subjects involved in his proposed life-work.

p. How far uniformity of scholastic attainments should be required, and how far prescribed courses of study should be adapted to the intellectual characteristics of individual students.

q. Whether the manual of arms and the simplest principles of tactics should be taught in the common schools, as involving all the substantial benefits now derived from what is known as calisthenics, and giving the students in addition thereto the benefits of superior discipline and decorum, and providing, for the sake of the State, the rudiments of the knowledge necessary to convert the citizen into a soldier for the defense of his country.

r. The importance of a National Civil Service Academy in which students selected from each representative district throughout the whole country shall be educated and trained for the Civil Service as such students are now educated for the Military and Naval Service in the Military and Naval Schools.

s. The importance of a Scientific Education for common soldiers and marines, to the end that when not engaged in military operations they may be employed in scientific observations and explorations under the direction of qualified officers, and to the further end that such soldiers and marines may be saved from the habits of dissipation and vice engendered in idleness.

t. The history, influence, results, condition, and prospects of Education in different countries.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Educational Congresses.

HON. AND RIGHT REV. SAMUEL FALLOWS, DD., LL. D., *Chairman*,
HON. ALBERT G. LANE, Superintendent of Schools, *Vice-Chairman*.
Dr. William R. Harper, Dr. Henry Wade Rogers,
Dr. William C. Roberts, Dr. Franklin W. Fisk,
Director H. H. Belfield, Principal F. W. Parker,
Dr. George F. Root, Dr. Phillip G. Gillett,
Mr. Albert R. Sabin, Professor Frank Hall,
Mr. Orlando Blackman, Dr. W. B. Fish,
Sup't Edward I. Galvin, Mr. Henry B. Bryant.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

[Subject to changes and additions.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Higher Education.

DR. WILLIAM R. HARPER, [President University of Chicago,] *Chairman*.
Dr. Henry Wade Rogers, [President Northwestern University,]
Dr. William C. Roberts, [President Lake Forest University,]
Dr. Franklin W. Fisk, [President Chicago Theological Seminary.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Public Instruction.

DR. SAMUEL FALLOWS, [Chairman General Committee,] *Chairman*.
Hon. Albert G. Lane, [Superintendent of Schools,]
Col. Francis W. Parker, [Principal Normal School.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Public Instruction in Music.

DR. GEORGE F. ROOT, *Chairman*.
Mr. Orlando Blackman, [Supervisor of Singing.]
Albert R. Sabin, [Ass't Sup't of Schools.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Instruction of the Blind, the Deaf and Dumb, the Feeble-Minded, Etc.

DR. PHILLIP G. GILLETT, [Superintendent Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb,] *Chairman*.

Dr. Frank Hall, [Superintendent Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind,]

Dr. W. B. Fish, [Superintendent Asylum for the Education of the Feeble-Minded.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Special Education,

Including Manual and Art Training Schools, Technical Institutes, Commercial and Business Colleges, and other Special Educational Institutions.

DR. HENRY H. BELFIELD, [Director Chicago Manual Training School,]

Chairman.

Superintendent Edward I. Galvin, [Chicago Athenaeum.]

Principal Henry B. Bryant, [Chicago Commercial College.]

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEES OF WOMEN.

The Woman's Committee on Educational Congresses.

MRS. HENRY M. WILMARTH, *Chairman.*

MRS. FRANCIS W. PARKER, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Ellen Mitchell,

Mrs. Mary P. Babcock,

Mrs. Ella Young,

Mrs. Julia A. Ray,

Miss E. S. Kirkland,

Miss Kate Byam Martin,

Mrs. Abraham Baldwin,

Mrs. Stella Dyer Loring,

Mrs. Harriet C. Brainerd,

Miss Rebecca S. Rice,

Miss Luella V. Little,

Miss Kate Kellogg,

Miss Louise Curtis,

Mrs. Helen E. Starrett,

Miss Theodosia Howells,

Miss Mary Burt,

Miss Emily J. Rice,

Mrs. E. M. C. Greenleaf,

Mrs. Helen D. Compton,

Miss Mary A. Mineah,

Miss Fannie R. Robinson,

Mrs. L. Seeley,

Mrs. W. G. Rainey.

The Woman's Committee on Manual and Art Education.

MISS JOSEPHINE C. LOCKE, *Chairman.*

MRS. ELIZABETH DIMMOCK, *Vice-Chairman.*

Miss Christia M. Reed,

Mrs. Edith E. Sexton,

Miss Mary Jamieson,

Miss Marie Topelius,

Miss Marg. M. Morley,

Miss Alice Fitts,

Mrs. E. Mandel,

Mrs. M. R. M. Wallace.

The Woman's Committee on Kindergarten Education.

MRS. E. W. BLATCHFORD, *Chairman.*

MRS. T. W. HARVEY, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Alice W. Putnam,	Mrs. J. Harley Bradley,	Mrs. Kate D. Tuley,
Miss Anna Snively,	Mrs. A. P. Kendall,	Dr. Alice B. Stockham,
Mrs. L. A. Hagans,	Mrs. Wirt Dexter,	Mrs. Halsey Ives,
Miss Eva. B. Whitmore,	Mrs. A. P. Kelley,	Mrs. Wm. R. Page,
	Mrs. Robert Fowler.	

The Woman's Committee on Domestic and Economic Education.

MISS EMMA C. SICKLES, *Chairman.*

MISS MARY F. BURT, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Sumner Ellis,	Mrs. C. H. Howard,	Mrs. F. W. Gansaulus,
Mrs. Elizabeth J. Loomis,	Mrs. C. M. Hotchkins,	Miss Julia Leavens,
	Mrs. Dr. Chas. Morgan.	

Educational Authors and Publishers.

Educational Authors and Publishers should also have a proper recognition in connection with the proposed Educational Congresses, and a suitable committee to present their work and its relations to the general cause of education will doubtless be appointed.

University and College Congresses.

It is expected that the Higher Institutions of Learning will have a most conspicuous part in the World's Congresses of 1893. Among the Congresses contemplated, are a Congress of Colleges and Universities; a University Extension Congress, and a Congress of Students, Alumni and College Societies.

Agricultural Education.

Arrangements will also be made for a Congress of Agricultural Colleges and Kindred Institutions of Learning, as well as for their active participation in the Congresses of the Department of Agriculture.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE

ADVISORY COUNCILS OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

Advisory Councils of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Higher Education.

The following Honorary Members of the Auxiliary have been assigned to this Council. Additional appointments will be made.

Dr. Chas. W. Eliot, President Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.	James McCosh, DD., LL. D., Ex President, etc., Princeton, N. J.
Dr. D. C. Gilman, President Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.	Dr. Francis L. Patton, President Princeton University.
Prof. Edmund J. James, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.	Prof. Hjalmer Hjorth Boyesen, Columbia College, New York.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HIGHER EDUCATION—CONCLUDED.

Dr. James B. Angell, President Michigan University, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Dr. Francis A. Walker, President Boston Institute of Technology, Boston, Mass.
Prof. Richard T. Ely, John's Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.
Dr. C. K. Adams, President Cornell University.
Dr. E. B. Andrews, President Brown University.
Dr. T. C. Chamberlain, President University of Wisconsin.
Dr. Merrill E. Gates, President Amherst College, Amherst, Mass.

Hon. Seth Low, President Columbia College, New York.
Hon. Andrew D. White, Ex-President Cornell University.
Rt. Rev. John J. Keane, Rector Catholic University of America, Washington, D. C.
Dr. W. F. Warren, President Boston University.
Dr. Edward Dwight Eaton, President Beloit University.
Dr. William F. King, President, etc., Mt. Vernon, Ia.
Prof. Nicholas Murray Butler, New Jersey.

Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxilliary on Public Instruction.

The eminent persons named in the following lists have been invited to constitute, with others to be named, the above Council:

[NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.]

Hon. Dr. W. T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education, Washington, D. C.
Mr. W. N. Hailman, on Kindergarten Education, La Porte, Ind.
Mr. Louis F. So'dau, on Elementary Education, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. Ray Greene Huling, on Secondary Education, Boston, Mass.
Mr. John W. Cook, on Normal Schools, Normal, Ills.

Mr. William H. Maxwell, on School Superintendence, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mr. A. J. Rickoff, on Industrial Education, New York City.
Mr. Walter Damrosch, on Musical Education, New York City.
Mr. James MacAllister, on Art Education, Philadelphia, Pa.
Mr. C. W. Bardeen, on Educational Publications, Syracuse, N. Y.

[FOREIGN EDUCATIONAL OFFICERS.]

Hon. Henry Mathews, Secretary of State for Home Department, London, England.
Hon. Viscount Cross, Secretary of State for India, London, England.
M. Bourgeois, Minister of Public Instruction, Paris, France.
Count von Zedlitz-Trutschler, Minister of Public Instruction, Berlin, Germany.
Dr. Paul Gautsch von Frankenthurm, Minister of Public Instruction, Vienna, Austria.
Count Albin Csaky, Minister of Education, Budapest, Hungary.
Actual Privy Councillor Delyanoff, Minister of Public Instruction, St. Petersburg, Russia.
Hon. Paolo Boselli, Minister of Public Instruction, Rome, Italy.
Gunnar Wennerberg, Minister of Education, Stockholm, Sweden.
Jakob Aall Bonnevie, Department of Education, Christiania, Norway.

Hon. J. F. Scavenius, Minister of Public Instruction, Copenhagen, Denmark.
S. de Isasa, Minister of Instruction, Madrid, Spain.
Senor Antonio Candido, Minister of Public Instruction, Lisbon, Portugal.
Mon. J. Devolder, Minister of Instruction, Brussels, Belgium.
Hon. W. O. Hodgkinson, Minister for Public Instruction, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia.
Hon. D. Bews, Minister of Education, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.
Hon. Joseph Hector Carruthers, Minister of Public Instruction, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
Hon. R. Reeves, Minister of Education, Wellington, New Zealand.
Hon. Lieut. Col. Sir F. T. Sargood, Minister of Public Instruction, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

[AMERICAN STATE OFFICERS.]

Hon. J. G. Harris, Supt. Public Instruction,
Montgomery, Ala.
Hon. G. W. Cheney, Supt. Pub. Inst., Tomb-
stone, Ariz.
Hon. J. H. Shinn, Supt. Pub. Inst., Little Rock,
Ark.
Hon. J. W. Anderson, Supt. Pub. Inst., Sacra-
mento, Cal.
Hon. N. B. Coy, Supt. Pub. Inst., Denver, Col.
Hon. C. D. Hine, Supt. Pub. Inst., Hartford,
Conn.
Hon. A. N. Raub, Supt. Pub. Inst., Newark,
Del.
Hon. W. B. Powell, Supt. Pub. Inst., Washing-
ton, D. C.
Hon. A. J. Russell, Supt. Pub. Inst., Talla-
hassee, Fla.
Hon. S. D. Bradwell, Supt. Pub. Inst., Atlanta,
Ga.
Hon. J. E. Harroun, Supt. Pub. Inst., Boise
City, Iowa.
Hon. Henry Raab, Supt. Pub. Inst., Springfield,
Ill.
Hon. H. D. Vories, Supt. Pub. Inst., Indian-
apolis, Ind.
Hon. Henry Sabin, Supt. Pub. Inst., Des
Moines, Iowa.
Hon. G. W. Winans, Supt. Pub. Inst., Topeka,
Kansas.
Hon. J. Desha Pickett, Supt. Pub. Inst., Frank-
fort, Ky.
Hon. W. H. Jack, Supt. Pub. Inst., Baton
Rouge, La.
Hon. N. A. Luce, Supt. Pub. Inst., Augusta,
Me.
Hon. E. B. Prettyman, Supt. Pub. Inst., Balti-
more, Md.
Hon. J. W. Dickinson, Supt. Pub. Inst., Boston,
Mass.
Hon. F. S. Fitch, Supt. Pub. Inst., Lansing,
Mich.
Hon. D. L. Kiehle, Supt. Pub. Inst., St. Paul,
Minn.
Hon. J. R. Preston, Supt. Pub. Inst., Jackson,
Miss.
Hon. L. E. Wolfe, Supt. Pub. Inst., Jefferson
City, Mo.
Hon. John Gannon, Supt. Pub. Inst., Helena,
Mont.

Hon. A. K. Goudy, Supt. Pub. Inst., Lincoln,
Neb.
Hon. Orvis Ring, Supt. Pub. Inst., Carson
City, Nevada.
Hon. J. W. Patterson, Supt. Pub. Inst., Con-
cord, N. H.
Hon. E. O. Chapman, Supt. Pub. Inst., Trenton,
N. J.
Hon. Amado Chaves, Supt. Pub. Inst., Santa
Fe, N. M.
Hon. A. S. Draper, Supt. Pub. Inst., Albany,
N. Y.
Hon. S. M. Finger, Supt. Pub. Inst., Raleigh,
N. C.
Hon. John Ogden, Supt. Pub. Inst., Bismark,
N. D.
Hon. C. C. Miller, Supt. Pub. Inst., Columbus,
Ohio.
Hon. E. B. McElroy, Supt. Pub. Inst., Salem,
Oregon.
Hon. D. J. Waller, Supt. Pub. Inst., Harris-
burg, Pa.
Hon. T. B. Stockwell, Supt. Pub. Inst., Provi-
dence, R. I.
Hon. W. D. Mayfield, Supt. Pub. Inst., Co-
lumbia, S. C.
Hon. Cortez Salmon, Supt. Pub. Inst., Pierre,
S. D.
Hon. W. R. Garrett, Supt. Pub. Inst., Nash-
ville, Tenn.
Hon. H. C. Pritchett, Supt. Pub. Inst., Austin,
Texas.
Hon. J. S. Boreman, Supt. Pub. Inst., Ogden,
Utah.
Hon. E. F. Palmer, Supt. Pub. Inst., Water-
bury, Vt.
Hon. J. E. Massey, Supt. Pub. Inst., Rich-
mond, Va.
Hon. R. B. Bryan, Supt. Pub. Inst., Olympia,
Washington.
Hon. B. S. Morgan, Supt. Pub. Inst., Charles-
town, W. Va.
Hon. O. E. Wells, Supt. Pub. Inst., Madison,
Wis.
Hon. S. T. Farwell, Supt. Pub. Inst., Cheyenne,
Wyoming.

PARTIAL LIST OF

The Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Agricultural Education.

The following Honorary Members have been assigned to this Council. Others will be added when selected:

Hon. Jeremiah M. Rusk, Secretary of Agriculture.	Prof. H. P. Armsby, State College of Pennsylvania.
Pres. M. C. Fernald, Maine State College, Orono, Me.	Pres. Henry E. Alvord, Maryland Agricultural College.
Pres. H. H. Goodell, Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass.	Pres. Charles W. Dabney, Jr., University of Tennessee, Knoxville.
Dr. George W. Atherton, Pennsylvania State College.	Prof. G. E. Morrow, University of Illinois, Champaign.

PARTIAL LIST OF

EMINENT WOMEN INVITED TO CONSTITUTE, WITH OTHERS TO BE APPOINTED,

The Advisory Council of the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Education.

Mrs. Sarah S. C. Angell, Ann Arbor, Mich.	Madame Emilie de Marsier, Paris, France.
Mrs. Louis Agassiz, Cambridge, Mass.	Miss Lucy M. Salmen, Vassar College.
Miss Isabel T. Biggs, Boston, Mass.	Mrs. Andrew Lang, London, England.
Mrs. Clara P. Bourland, Peoria, Ill.	Miss Ada M. Laughlin, St. Paul, Minn.
Mademoiselle Marie Anne de Bovet, Paris, France.	Mrs. William Mather, Manchester, England.
Miss Matilda Coffin, Detroit, Mich.	Mrs. Alfred Nathan Meyer, New York City.
Mrs. Geo. W. Childs, Philadelphia, Pa.	Miss Maitland, Somerville Hall, Oxford, England.
Mrs. Hannah Y. Carter, New York City.	Mrs. Ellen M. Mitchell, Denver, Col.
Prof. Harriet Cooke, Cornell University.	Mrs. James MacAllister, Philadelphia, Pa.
Miss Clara Conway, Memphis, Tenn.	Mrs. Alice F. Palmer, Cambridge, Mass.
Mademoiselle A. Conta, Jassy, Roumania.	Mademoiselle Sophie Popper, Prague, Austria.
Miss Grace H. Dodge, New York City.	Dr. Edith Pechey Phipson, Bombay, India.
Madame Duphan, Lausanne, Switzerland.	Miss Tillie E. Riley, St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. Ashton Dilke, London, England.	Mrs. E. H. Rogers, Oskaloosa, Iowa.
Miss Francis, Inspector of Schools, Bombay, India.	Miss Harriet R. Schreiner, Cape Town, South Africa.
Miss Anna A. Fisher, Denver, Col.	Mrs. Alice Stone, New York City.
Madame Marie Glassner, Vienne, Austria.	Mrs. Lucinda Stone, Kalamazoo, Mich.
Mrs. Mary E. Hemenway, Boston, Mass.	Miss Helen A. Shafer, Wellesley, Mass.
Mrs. Mary Dana Hicks, Boston, Mass.	Miss Cary Thomas, Bryn Maur, Pa.
Miss Lydia A. Hirly, Philadelphia, Pa.	Miss Georgia Warrich, Des Moines, Iowa.
Mrs. John Hopkins, Boston, Mass.	Mrs. Mary Willard, Berlin, Germany.
Mrs. G. H. Hopkins, Boston, Mass.	Miss Webster, Wellesley College.
Madame Pauline Hergomard, Paris, France.	Madame la Barronne de Waha, Leige, Belg.

The Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary, for Norway, on Educational Congresses.

NOTE.—Similar Councils will be appointed for other countries.

M. Jakob Aall Bonnevie, Department of Education, Christiania, Norway.

Adj. Jacob A. Digre, Christiania.

Adj. Hagbart Wesenberg, Christiania.

Adj. Knut J. Haugen, Christiansand, S. Norway.

Rect. Emil T. Schreiner, Drammen.

Ove. Paul S. Koht, Skien.

Adj. Ingebret Suleng, Arendal.

Ove. Jens S. Brun, Christiansund, N. Norway.

Ove. Hans J. Horst, Tromso.

Skol. Otto A. Anderssen, Christiania.

Skol. Bertrand Gundersen, Christiania.

Folk. Olavus Arvesen, Hamar.

Folk. Chr. Anker, Hamar.

Folk. Viggo Ullman, Seljord.

Bishop Johan C. Heuch, Christiansand, S. Norway.

Prof. Cari Polaczek, Christiania.

Kont. Fenger-Krog, Christiania.

Advisory Council of the World's Columbian Commission on World's Congresses.

Hon. John W. Woodside, Pennsylvania.

Hon. Charles H. Jones, Missouri.

Hon. John Bennett, Kentucky.

Hon. Albert A. Wilson, District of Columbia.

Hon. Frederick G. Bromberg, Alabama.

Hon. John Boyd Thatcher, New York.

Hon. Orson V. Tousley, Minnesota.

Hon. Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont.

NOTES.

1. Subjects not assigned to a Special Committee remain in charge of the General Committee.

2. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but a Committee of Men and a Committee of Women on the same or a kindred subject will act together as occasion may be found expedient.

3. Additional Committees and Councils will be appointed as occasion may require.

4. The Committees will prepare and submit Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions.

5. The members of the Advisory Councils will co-operate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence. They may also unite in communication if they so desire.

6. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying statement.

7. Members of Advisory Councils rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary. In some cases acceptances have not yet been received, but, in view of the importance of early information of the plans for the Congresses, it is deemed, nevertheless, not improper, in this merely preliminary publication, to print the fact of the appointment. Thus far a declination has been an extremely rare occurrence.

8. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received.

9. The Secretary of the Auxiliary is also *ex-officio* Secretary of the several Committees. Communications may be addressed to him or to the Chairman of a Committee.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

PRESIDENT W. C. A

EXPOSITION HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, September, 1891.

THE WORLD'S FAIR AUTHORITIES.

THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

President, WILLIAM T. BAKER.

Vice-Presidents,

THOMAS B. BRYAN, POTTER PALMER.

Secretary and Solicitor-General, BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.

THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN COMMISSION.

President, THOMAS W. PALMER.

Vice-Presidents,

THOS. M. WALLER, M. H. DEYOUNG, DAVIDSON B. PENN,
GORTON W. ALLEN, ALEXANDER B. ANDREWS.

Director-General, GEORGE R. DAVIS.

Secretary, JOHN T. DICKINSON.

THE BOARD OF LADY MANAGERS OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN COMMISSION.

President, MRS. POTTER PALMER.

Vice-Presidents,

MRS. RALPH TRAUTMAN,	MRS. EDWIN C. BURLEIGH,
MRS. CHARLES PRICE,	MISS KATHERINE L. MINOR,
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MRS. FLORA BEALL GINTY,	MRS. RUSSELL B. HARRISON.
MRS. MARGARET BLAINE SALISBURY.	

Secretary, Miss SUSAN GALE COOKE.

THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

President, CHARLES C. BONNEY.

Vice-President, THOS. B. BRYAN.

Treasurer, LYMAN J. GAGE

Secretary, BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SEC'Y., BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

As Philosophy unites the several Sciences and makes them one, so Engineering unites the Constructive Arts and makes them one.

It is the glory of Engineering that its supreme purpose is to apply the materials and the forces of nature to the service of man, and make him master of land and sea.

6. DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING.

Including the General Divisions of Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mining Engineering, Metallurgical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Military Engineering, and Marine and Naval Engineering; and embracing for especial attention as subjects of public interest, the Construction of Roads, Railways, Canals, Tunnels, and Waterworks; the making of River and Harbor Improvements; Systems of Sewerage and Drainage; the building of Bridges and other Structures.

To facilitate conventions of Engineers and Engineering Societies, for the consideration of the Living Questions in the various Divisions of this Department, in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition, to be held at Chicago in 1893; and to provide for Popular Congresses in which the marvels of Engineering Progress will be presented by attending Leaders, to the attending People.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

IN organizing this Department the following themes are mentioned to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Council, and of the general Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a.* Railway Construction, Equipment and Operation; including safety speed, convenience and economy; also safeguards against accidents, etc.
- b.* Recent progress in the improvement of Rivers and Harbors.
- c.* Pending problems in the Construction and Navigation of Canals.
- d.* Possible Improvements in Ship-building, to secure increased safety speed and comfort.
- e.* The Sewerage and Drainage of Cities.
- f.* Improvements in the existing systems of Drainage and Irrigation.
- g.* Mining and Metallurgy; including the discovery, surveying, testing, mining, smelting, and further or other treatment of metals.
- h.* The Construction and Repair of Country Roads.
- i.* Architectural Engineering, and the necessity of Engineering Knowledge and Skill for the proper erection of all important structures.
- j.* The great Unfinished Waterways; the obstacles in the way of their completion, and the prospects of ultimate success.
- k.* The Engineering Wonders of the World; their History, Difficulties and Triumphs.

NOTE.—The subjects of Water Commerce and Railway Commerce are assigned to the Department of Commerce and Finance.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Engineering Congresses.

MR. E. L. CORTHELL, *Chairman.*

MR. D. J. WHITTEMORE, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mr. O. Chanute,	Mr. E. M. Barton,
Mr. E. M. Izard,	Mr. H. L. Hollis,
Mr. C. L. Strobel,	Mr. F. W. Grogan,
Mr. John W. Cloud,	Mr. William Forsythe,
Mr. Thomas Appleton,	Mr. Robert W. Hunt,
Prof. Ira O. Baker,	Mr. Joseph Hirst.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES for the several Divisions of this Department will be appointed as required

PARTIAL LIST OF
THE ADVISORY COUNCIL OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

The following have been appointed on this Council. Other names will be added from time to time.

Mr. William H. Maw, London, England.	Mr. E. Hembexle, Baden, Germany.
Mr. James Dredge, London, England.	Mr. Olin H. Landreth, Nashville, Tenn.
Sr. Don Fernandez Leal, res. Mexican Soc. Engineers and Architects, City of Mexico.	Mr. E. D. Meier, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. William T. Blunt, Cleveland, Ohio.	Mr. G. M. Mendell, San Francisco, Cal.
Mr. M. J. Becker, Pittsburgh, Pa.	Mr. William A. Pike, Minneapolis, Minn.
Sir B. Baker, London, England.	Mr. E. Pontzen, Paris, France.
Mr. Joseph P. Davis, New York City.	Mr. Chas. Payne, New York City.
Mr. Albert Fink, Louisville, Ky.	Mr. A. A. Robinson, Topeka, Kan.
Mr. James B. Frances, Lowell, Mass.	Mr. Jesse M. Smith, Detroit, Mich.
Sir C. S. Gwozski, Toronto, Canada.	Mr. William P. Shinn, Pittsburg, Pa.
Mr. C. O. Gleine, Hamburg, Germany.	Mr. Coleman Sellers, Philadelphia, Pa.
Mr. E. P. Hannaford, Montreal, Canada.	Mr. E. H. Stone, Seinala, India.
Mr. Alfred E. Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.	Mr. Waterman Stone, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. B. M. Harrod, New Orleans, La.	Mr. Elliott H. Wilson, Butte, Montana.

European Interest in the Proposed World's Congress of Engineers.

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE.

The following report has been made by Mr. E. L. Corthell, the Chairman of the General Committee, who was appointed by the President as a Special Commissioner of the World's Congress Auxiliary abroad:

CHICAGO, October 5, 1891.

HON. C. C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

DEAR SIR: I have just returned from Europe, where I have been engaged during the last four months in making examinations of railroads, railroad terminals, harbors, and of Engineering in Universities and Technical Schools; also in inviting, personally, and by letters, the Engineers of Europe to the International Engineering Congress which it is proposed to hold here in 1893; under the auspices of the World's Congress Auxiliary. My professional intercourse with many eminent Engineers gave me a good opportunity, whenever I met them, to explain the Object and the Scope of the Congress. My position as Chairman of the General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Engineering Congresses, and that of Chairman of the Executive Committee of the General Committee of the Engineering Societies of the United States

and Canada, enabled me to bring this subject in an official manner before engineers, and before their various associations. I invited, personally and by letter, thirty-six Engineering Associations. Although most of the associations were in vacation from June to October, yet I have received from many of the Secretaries, and personally from several of the Presidents and other members of their Councils, not only an assurance that their associations will accept the invitation to participate in the Congress, but also expressions of the great interest which these important associations of engineers have in the proposed Congress. Not only the engineers composing these associations, but the engineers of the Governments, especially of France, Germany, Holland, and Belgium, evinced the greatest interest in our Congress. The interest in the Congress among the engineers of Great Britain and the officers of the great Engineering Societies of that country was not less than that shown on the Continent, and I received here also promise of support for our Congress, and the expression of a desire to attend it, which was universal. I might say here that in all the countries which I have visited, nearly all the engineers whom I met promptly signified their intention of coming to the Congress and the Exposition. By invitation I attended the Annual Convention of the Mechanical Engineering Society of Germany, held at Dusseldorf. This Society numbers about 6,000 members, the Council of which decided to accept our invitation to take part in the Congress. I was also informed by the President of the Society of Civil Engineers and Architects of Germany, which numbers about 6,000, that they had acted on the invitation, and had gladly accepted it. Letters have also been received from Engineering Societies in countries which I was not able to visit, expressing a great interest in the proposed Congress, and assuring me that their Councils will act upon the matter immediately after their vacation.

There has also been received a communication from the President of the Mexican Association of Engineers and Architects, with the information that the association is glad to accept our invitation, and that it will send delegates to the Congress. It is proper for me to state that while in Europe I was in communication with the Director General, the Superintendent of Construction, and the Chief Engineer, who sent me from time to time information of the progress of the work connected with the Exposition, which enabled me to reliably inform all those whom I met in regard to the progress of the work. You will readily see that I would reach places and people which others might not. It would be premature at this time to give names of those who have been of service to me while abroad, but I can assure you that I have been greatly assisted by members of the engineering profession in all the countries which I visited, and have received assurances from them that they will take up the work where I left it, and seek by all means in their power to promote its interests. I am, yours respectfully,

E. L. CORTHELL,

Chairman of General Committee on Engineering Congresses.

NOTES.

1. The members of the Advisory Council will co-operate with the Local Committee by individual correspondence, making such inquiries as they may desire, and offering such suggestions as they may deem conducive to the success of the proposed Congresses.

2. The General Committee will prepare a Preliminary Address, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions.

3. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are explained in an accompanying document.

4. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

PRESIDENT W. C. A.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, December, 1891.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

II. Advisory Councils of such Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections, consisting of persons eminent in the work thereof, and non-resident of Chicago, who are especially invited to co-operate with the appropriate local Committees, and who constitute the non-resident branches of such Committees. The Advisory Councils are expected to aid the local Committees by correspondence freely, and by personal conference as opportunity may offer.

III. General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, consisting of eminent persons not specially assigned to co-operate with a particular local Committee.

IV. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, consisting of Committees of Women corresponding to the Committees of Men on all subjects appropriate for the co-operation of women. These Committees of Women are composed of members resident in or near Chicago, and are assisted in their work by Advisory Councils of eminent women corresponding to the Advisory Councils of men. Mixed Committees are not appointed; but the Committee of Men and the Committee of Women in a given Department, Division, Chapter, or Section, may meet in conference and act together as they may find agreeable and expedient. In several instances the Committees of women and of men after meeting in conference have resolved to hold joint meetings on the subject committed to their charge.

The Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary also has a general Honorary and Corresponding Membership of distinguished women.

PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses.

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

Government is the means by which human society protects itself against internal disorders and foreign foes.—Jurisprudence is the Science of Justice. The Administration of Justice is the highest function of human government, and the orderly evolution of International Law, will finally substitute for the decisions of War, the decisions of International Courts of Justice.

There is no other virtue so truly great and God-like, as Justice.—ADDISON.

Justice is the great standing policy of civil society—BURKE.

Reason is the Light of the Law.—COKE.

7. DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT,

Including Law Reform; International Law; the Administration of Justice; Political and Economic Reform; the Government of Cities; Executive Administration; the Protection of Intellectual Property; Arbitration and Peace.

To facilitate conventions of Lawyers, Judges and Statesmen, for the consideration of the living questions of Law and Government, and to provide for Public Congresses in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, in which will be set forth the Results of progress in this Department, and the Reforms required to meet new conditions and needs.

The Scope of this Department.

TO this Department are especially assigned for consideration the following themes from the original announcement of the Auxiliary:

I. International Law as a bond of union and means of mutual protection; and how it may best be enlarged, perfected and authoritatively expressed.

2. Immigration and Naturalization Laws, and the proper International Privileges of Alien Governments, and their subjects or citizens.

3. International Copyright, and the laws of intellectual property and commerce.

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and the general Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the several Congresses.

I. IN RELATION TO LAW REFORM.

1. OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

a. Has the time now come when an attempt should be made to codify the existing law of nations by the agency of an International Commission?

b. If that time has arrived, what should be the organization and powers of such a commission, and by what general regulations should its proceedings be controlled?

c. Should a permanent International Court of Justice to declare the right and the law of all such cases as would be submitted to it either for advice or for decision, now be established, substantially as proposed at the American Bar Meeting of 1889?

d. What are the international privileges of citizenship under the existing law of nations?

e. What changes in that law should now be made, whether in the form of new treaties with other nations, or in the legislation of civilized countries?

f. What provisions now exist in the laws of civilized nations for the expatriation of their own citizens, and the naturalization of citizens expatriated from other countries?

g. Has the right of expatriation been so firmly established by the political action of the American and other governments that political action in affirmation of that right is not necessary or expedient?

h. How far are the enormous evils arising from the naturalization of improper persons, due to defects in the Naturalization Laws, and how far are such evils due to the failure properly to apply and administer such laws?

i. What changes are now required in the Extradition Laws of civilized nations for the more effectual protection of the people of other nations against the perpetrators of crimes?

2. OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

a. How far the Courts of Justice should be free to all suitors without condition, and how far a State may properly impose conditions of resort thereto? Such conditions, for example, as payment of costs; showing probable cause; submitting to do and receive substantial justice, and the like.

b. How far the friendless and the poor should be assisted by the public authorities in the maintenance of their rights in the Courts of Justice? In this connection it may be considered whether the provision for suing *in forma pauperis* should be abolished, as degrading to the suitor; also, whether public prosecutors and defenders should be provided for the Courts of first resort, to render their aid under the direction of the Court, to all such parties as should apply therefor.

c. By what means the present expense, delay and uncertainty, of judicial proceedings may best be reduced, without depriving the people of the right to be promptly and efficiently protected in their persons, property and reputations.

d. How the manifold burdens arising from the present enormous multiplication of judicial reports may be lightened without seriously impairing the value of such reports?

e. What are the distinguishing characteristics, advantages and defects of the administration of justice in the several Spanish American countries?

f. What are the distinguishing characteristics, advantages and defects of the administration of justice in the several countries of continental Europe?

g. What are the distinguishing characteristics, advantages and defects of the administration of justice in oriental countries?

h. What are the distinguishing characteristics, advantages and defects of the system of Consular and Ministerial Courts, existing under the diplomatic systems of the United States and other countries; and what changes, if any, should be recommended therein?

II. IN RELATION TO POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC REFORM.

a. **Political Economy.** The province of government; the wealth of nations; the distribution of wealth; the problems of wages; the causes of poverty, avoidable, curable, and uncontrollable; cost of production to producers, cost of products to consumers, etc.

b. **Public Revenues.** Their levy, collection and disbursement; the distribution of the burdens of taxation; modern theories of taxation, etc.

c. **Statistics.** The science of statistics; the application of statistics to public business and political affairs; census methods and results, and wherein the same may be enlarged and improved.

d. **Weights and Measures.** Present international differences of weights and measures, and the importance of the adoption of a uniform system by the leading nations, and its extension as rapidly as may be throughout the world.

e. **Postal Service.** Differences in the present systems of various countries, and the importance of a uniform system to be adopted by the leading nations, and its speedy extension throughout the world.

f. Suffrage. Suffrage as it now exists in Republic, Kingdom and Empire; the right to vote, its nature, conditions, exceptions and qualifications, including age, sex, nativity, naturalization, education, property, payment of taxes, etc.

g. Civil Service Reform. The principles which should govern the public service, and the practical application of those principles to that service.

III. IN RELATION TO THE GOVERNMENT OF CITIES.

a. How far the existing notorious evils of such government are the result of defects or errors in the charters of such cities; and how far the removal of such evils may be promoted by reform in the fundamental law for the government of cities?

b. What is the proper relation of the municipality to the State; how far should the municipality be subject to, and how far should its government be independent of the general government of the State?

c. How far should the various operations of the city government be subject to the supervisory control of the State authorities?

d. By what changes and reforms in the present system of city government, can cities be brought into more harmonious relations with the State governments to which they are, at least in theory, subordinate?

e. As a matter of constitutional law, should the city be regarded as a minor State within the greater State, with similar subdivisions to those found in the State government? If it should not be so regarded, which of the great governmental powers should be dominant in the government of a city, the executive, the legislative, or the judicial?

f. How far should municipal contracts and the disbursement of public moneys be subject to executive or judicial supervision and allowance, as a safeguard against undue influence, corruption and fraud?

IV. IN RELATION TO EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION.

a. The nature, extent and limitations of executive power.

b. The relations of the executive power to the legislative and judicial departments of the government.

c. The relations of the executive power of the several American States, to the Government of the United States.

d. The relation of the chief executive of the State to the police forces of the State; how far such forces, including sheriffs and police officers, are subject to the Governor's orders as Commander-in Chief, etc,

e. The practical application of the executive power to the preservation of public order and the enforcement of the laws.

f. The executive duty to suppress insurrection or rebellion; the proper grounds and modes of action; when a proclamation of warning should be made; when military force should be used; when penal prosecutions should follow the suppression of a riot or insurrection, etc.

g. The duty of the chief executive to take official notice of the state of public order, and to act on such notice to preserve the peace and prevent crime.

h. The duty of the executive to give information to the legislature, and to recommend legislative action. The fundamental reasons for these requirements; the sources of executive knowledge; the relation of this executive function to the province and duty of the legislature, etc.

i. The pardoning power; its nature and objects, and the rules by which its exercise should be controlled.

j. The veto power; its nature and objects, and the rules by which its exercise should be controlled.

k. The appointing power; its nature and objects, and the rules by which its exercise should be controlled.

l. The executive power of visitation; the inherent authority to exercise it by other persons duly designated; and herein of the propriety of executive commissions to inspect and report upon the conduct of public officers and institutions.

m. The cases in which the general welfare of the people would be promoted by uniform laws among the several states.

n. The extradition of criminals; the nature of the power, and the conditions on which it should be exercised.

V. IN RELATION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.

a. What are the present points of agreement in the laws of civilized countries for the protection of authors and inventors?

b. What changes in that law for their better protection should now be recommended, whether by new treaties, or the enactment of new statutes?

VI. IN RELATION TO ARBITRATION AND PEACE.

a. The origin, objects, history and present condition of Peace Societies throughout the world.

b. Defensive warfare; when justifiable or excusable.

c. The wager of battle as a mode of deciding controversies between nations; its results in the light of history and sound reason.

d. Substitutes for war as a means of deciding international controversies; including negotiation, non-intercourse and arbitration.

e. The objections to the creation of a special tribunal to try a particular case after it has arisen.

f. The advantages that would result from the establishment of A PERMANENT INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE to declare the law and the right of all such cases as would be submitted to it either for advice or for decision.

g. The organization of such a permanent International Court of Justice; how the members should be appointed; how its powers should be limited and defined; how its proceedings should be regulated; when and where its terms should be held, etc.

h. The advantages which would result from a codification of the laws of nations by the members of such International Court, when not engaged in the trial of cases.

i. The laws of nations relating to peace and war, and what reforms should be recommended therein.

j. The relations of the burdens of war to the welfare of the common people.

k. The practicability of substituting a citizen soldiery for the just defense of the country, for standing armies.

l. The grounds of fraternal union in the language, literature, domestic life, religion, science, art, and civil institutions of different peoples.

m. The establishment of the principles of judicial justice as the supreme law of international relations, and the general substitution of arbitration for war in the settlement of international controversies.

n. The vital distinction between arbitration and coercive litigation is the voluntary submission of the case by both parties.

o. Whether it would be expedient to establish Courts of Conciliation and to compel all suitors in the first instance to resort thereto; but leaving them free to apply to the Tribunals of Litigation, unless pending a hearing in the Court of Conciliation, the parties shall consent to abide by such judgment as it may deem proper.

GOVERNMENT.

General Divisions of this Department.

I. **General Division of Law Reform,**

Including the Laws of Nations; Expatriation, Naturalization, and Extradition; International Privileges of Citizenship; the Administration of Justice, etc.

II. **General Division of Political and Economic Reform,**

Including Political Economy, Statistics, Weights and Measures, Postal Service, Taxation, Suffrage, Civil Service Reform, and other topics within the scope of Social Science and Economic Associations.

III. **General Division of City Government,**

Including the Public Service; Public Works; Police Protection; Judicial Protection; Public Revenues and Expenditures, and other important subjects.

IV. **General Division of Executive Administration,**

Including a Congress of Governors, and other officers and ex-officers of American and other States, to consider the nature, office and application of the Executive Power.

V. **General Division of Intellectual Property,**

Including Trade Marks, Patents and Copyrights, both National and International.

VI. **General Division of Arbitration and Peace,**

Including the establishment of permanent International Courts of Justice, and the substitution of Arbitration for War; also the establishment of Courts of Conciliation and Arbitration for the voluntary settlement of private controversies.

PRELIMINARY

ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of Arrangements—The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the several General Divisions will constitute a General Committee of Conference and Arrangements for this Department—Special Committees for the proper Chapters and Sections of the several Divisions, will be appointed when required—The several Committees will be assisted by Advisory Councils composed of leaders in this Department in different countries who will co-operate by correspondence.

I. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Law Reform Congresses.

DR. HENRY WADE ROGERS [Pres. Northwestern University], *Chairman.*

HON. HENRY W. BLODGETT [U. S. Judge, N. D. Illinois], *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. Lyman Trumbull,

Hon. William C. Goudy,

Mr. Julius Rosenthal,

Hon. John N. Jewett,

Hon. Elliott Anthony,

Hon. Harvey B. Hurd,

Hon. Lambert Tree,

Hon. W. G. Ewing,

Hon. J. B. Bradwell,

Hon. C. C. Kohlsaat,

Hon. E. B. Sherman,

Mr. Andre Matteson,

Hon. George E. Adams,

Mr. Joseph W. Errant.

II. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Political and Economic Reform.

HON. THOS. W. PALMER [Pres. World's Columbian Commission], *Chairman.*

HON. FRANK GILBERT, *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. R. B. Sheppard,

Hon. William D. Foulke,

Prof. John J. Halsey,

Hon. George M. McConnel,

Hon. Adlai T. Ewing,

Mr. P. R. Earling, A. M.,

Hon. L. D. Thoman,

Mr. William H. Park.

III. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Governors and other Officers and ex-Officers of the several States.

HIS EXCELLENCY, GOV. JOSEPH W. FIFER, *Chairman.*

HON. JOHN L. BEVERIDGE, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. Shelby M. Cullom,

Hon. Richard J. Oglesby,

Hon. John M. Palmer,

Hon. John M. Hamilton.

IV. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a City Government Congress.

HON. WALTER Q. GRESHAM [U. S. Judge Seventh Circuit], *Chairman.*

MR. NOBLE C. BUTLER, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. Murray F. Tuley,

Hon. William J. Onahan,

Gen. Charles Fitz Simons,

Mr. Isaac N. Camp,

Mr. Robert E. Jenkins.

V. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Patent, Trade Mark, and Copyright Congress.

HON. JOHN M. THACHER [Ex-Commissioner of Patents], *Chairman.*

MR. EPHRAIM BANNING, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mr. James H. Raymond.

Hon. Lester L. Bond,

Hon. Benjamin Butterworth.

VI. General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Arbitration and Peace Congresses.

HON. THOMAS B. BRYAN, *Chairman.*

HON. MURRAY F. TULEY, *Vice-Chairman.*

Gen. Charles H. Howard,

Sec. George F. Stone,

Mr. James T. Rawleigh,

Mr. J. M. Fiske,

Mr. Allen W. Flitcraft,

Mr. Jesse A. Baldwin,

Mr. William B. Bogert.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT

Committee of the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Government Reform Congresses.

MRS. MYRA BRADWELL [Editor Chicago Legal News], *Chairman*.

MRS. BESSIE BRADWELL HELMER, *Vice-Chairman*.

Prof. Rena A. Michaels, Ph. D.

Miss Ada C. Sweet,

Mrs. Elizabeth Boynton Harbert,

Mrs. F. A. Smith,

Mrs. Mary A. Ahrens,

Mrs. C. C. Curtis,

Mrs. I. S. Blackwelder,

Mrs. Cathrine Waugh McCulloch.

Advisory Councils of this Department.

TO BE APPOINTED HEREAFTER.

NOTES.

1. Additional appointments will be made on these Committees, and additional Committees will be formed as circumstances may require.

2. The Committees will prepare Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions; and will recommend names for the Advisory Councils of their respective Divisions of this Department.

3. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary, the privileges of members of the Advisory Councils, the place for the meeting of the Congresses, etc., are set forth in an accompanying statement.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

PRESIDENT, W. C. A.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, December, 1891.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. TO provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

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ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

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PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.

VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

To fill the world with comfortable homes and happy families is the supreme purpose of Labor Reform.

The progress of the New Age is wrought by moral and intellectual forces. Violence is the mother of oppression, and popular outbreaks the excuse for control by force. Disorder and crime are, therefore, the deadliest enemies of Labor Reform.

Moving along the highways of Law and Order and Peace, every possible reform can advance to victory by the irresistible power of enlightened Public Opinion. This is proved by the marvelous progress of woman, accomplished without violence, and fortified in each advance by protecting laws.

What we want between Labor and Capital, is not war but a wedding.

8. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR,

Including all Germane, Industrial and Economic Problems, and embracing Labor Organizations, Mutual Benefit Societies, Co-operative Arrangements, Profit-Sharing Schemes, Building Associations, Household Economics, Etc.

To make appropriate arrangements for Special and General Congresses in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, in which will be presented the best thought of the world on the Living Questions of Labor Reform.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

TO this Committee is specially assigned for consideration the following theme from the original announcement of the Auxiliary:

"The Economic, Industrial and Financial Problems of the Age." (Also assigned to the Department of Commerce and Finance).

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils, and of the General Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a.* The Constitutional Liberty of Pursuit; the right to labor and enjoy its fruits
- b.* The right of the laborer to protection in his work, and in the enjoyment of its results.
- c.* The claim that the employer has the right to contract for labor at the lowest obtainable price, and to have such contracts enforced.
- d.* How far the right of employer and employed to contract for labor and wages should be regulated and restrained by law, on grounds of public policy.
- e.* How far such contracts should be voidable for oppression or fraud, in order to remit the parties to the common law rule that where the measure of compensation is not fixed by contract, it shall be determined by the reasonable value of the service under all the circumstances of the case.
- f.* Whether employers and employed should be compelled to submit all or any controversies between them to the summary determination of an established tribunal.
- g.* What elements enter into the final price paid by the consumer for the products of labor; and how the difference between the first cost which the producer receives, and the ultimate cost which the consumer pays, is distributed among the intervening agencies.
- h.* How far it is the interest and the duty of the community to protect and enforce the interests and rights of those who are unable to maintain their own.
- i.* How far combinations among employers and among the employed should be permitted, and how far the same should be prohibited by law.
- j.* What monopolies are injurious and oppressive to the people, and should, therefore, be prohibited by law.
- k.* How far the public revenues are, in fact, drawn from the earnings of labor, and how far from the profits of employers.
- l.* The relation of the length of the labor day, to the welfare of the employer, the employed and the public.
- m.* The effects of Sunday labor on employer, employed and the public.
- n.* The prohibition of child-labor, and the proper regulation of the work of women and of youth.
- o.* The proper legal liabilities of employers for accidents to the employed.
- p.* Whether a compulsory provision should be made for an insurance fund to provide for sickness and death of the employed.

- q. What statistics of labor and wages should be collected by the Government.
 - r. What schemes of profit-sharing are worthy to be recommended to employers and the employed.
 - s. What special education should be provided for the employed, including manual training, apprenticeship and libraries.
 - t. How far the power of enlightened public opinion can avail to secure adequate remedies for existing wrongs in the relations of capital and labor.
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PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Labor Congresses.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS, M.A., *Chairman.*

COL. JOHN S. LORD, [Illinois Bureau of Labor Statistics], *Vice-Chairman.*

Gen. M. M. Trumbull,	Mr. W. W. Catlin,	Mr. C. S. Darrow,
Mr. H. D. Lloyd,	Mr. John Gibbons,	Mr. Charles G. Dixon,
Mr. Wm. R. Manierre.	Mr. Wm. J. H. Niestadt.	Mr. Z. S. Holbrook.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Labor Congresses.

MRS. J. D. HARVEY, *Chairman.*

MISS ADA C. SWEET, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Granville M. Holt,	Mrs. A. C. Myers.
Miss Fannie Whiting,	Miss Florence Hilton,
Miss Jane Addams,	Mrs. W. C. Dow,
Mrs. F. S. Howe,	Miss Ellen Starr,
Mrs. Henry Wade Rogers,	Mrs. William T. Brown.
Mrs. Mary Dye,	Corinne S. Brown,
Mrs. Stanford Lewis,	Mrs. Flora P. Tobin,
Miss Elizabeth C. Merrill,	Mrs. Jesse W. Bolte,
Mrs. Alice Asbury Abbott.	

Special Committees and Advisory Councils of this Department.

(SEE NOTES).

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE ON LABOR CONGRESSES.

The following report indicates the deep interest awakened in the subject of the proposed Labor Congresses, and the distinguished co-operation already secured.

HON. CHARLES C. BONNEY, PRESIDENT WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

Sir:—Replying to your request for information regarding the work of the General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Labor Congresses, to be held in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, I have the honor to report that in pursuance of your instructions, a Preliminary Address setting forth the scope and purpose of these Congresses was prepared and given to the press. It was also sent to a number of gentlemen of prominence in the industrial world, accompanied by personal letters.

The comments of the press were most gratifying, and the correspondence has secured the co-operation of the leading industrial and economic associations of the country.

T. V. Powderly, Grand Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, was among the first to respond, and has rendered most valuable services in many ways.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, said: "It will afford me sincere pleasure to co-operate with your committee, for the purpose of aiding in the General Congresses, as well as in the Labor Congress called by the American Federation of Labor. I have read the Preliminary Address of your General Committee, and am free to say that beyond question it is fair, and I earnestly hope the grand work will be adhered to."

Prof. Richard T. Ely, of Johns Hopkins University, has undertaken to aid us in the most substantial manner. He has represented our Committee in Europe this summer, and has placed at our service the whole list of his personal correspondents in all lands.

Cardinal Gibbons has promised his assistance. In discussing the matter he said that he regarded the Congresses as the most important feature of the World's Fair, and the Labor Congress as the most important of the Congresses.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright, of the United States Labor Bureau, has engaged to aid us, and the opportunities of his position, together with his experience and skill, are invaluable.

All of the above gentlemen are members of the American Advisory Council of the Labor Committee, and the programme, the speakers, the topics to be discussed, and all the details of the Congress will be arranged with their co-operation.

During my recent visit to England in the interest of the World's Congress Auxiliary, in accordance with your instructions, I obtained from the Right Honorable William E. Gladstone a communication in which, while he states the well-known fact of his recent determination to undertake no new responsibilities, he yet expresses his cordial approval and good wishes for the attainment of the ends set forth in the documents I had submitted to him, and accepts an Honorary and Corresponding Membership of the Auxiliary.

His Eminence Cardinal Manning, to whom I further refer below, accepted a similar membership, with a special message to you, explaining the reasons of his temporary delay.

In connection with the work of my own Committee, I obtained the consent of the following gentlemen to act with others to be named at a later day, as members of the British Advisory Council of the Labor Committee: Cardinal Manning; Sir John Gorst, the Home Secretary for India of Her Majesty's Government, the representative of the British Government at the Berlin Conference of Labor under the auspices of Emperor William, and the mover of the appointment of the present British Labor Commission; John Burns, a Labor Member of the London County Council, a delegate to the Paris Labor Congress, and one of the foremost labor leaders of Great Britain; Tom Mann, the leader of the London Dockers and a member of the British Labor Commission; Herbert Barrows, for more than twenty years in the public service, and who has been a delegate to every International Congress of Labor held in Europe; W. T. Stead, editor of the *Review of Reviews*, and William Clarke, one of the editors of the London *Daily Chronicle*, a student of economic problems of wide reputation, and a gentleman of rare abilities. He will act as Secretary of the British Advisory Council.

All of the above gentlemen, with the exception of Cardinal Manning, will attend the Congresses in 1893, in Chicago, and take part in their proceedings, and it is expected that the Cardinal will prepare a paper for the occasion.

It was my privilege to address the Trades-Union Congress at New Castle, and the plan of the proposed Congresses at Chicago, in 1893, was greeted with the greatest enthusiasm.

A special labor train to Liverpool, a chartered steamer to New York, and a special train to Chicago have been proposed in London by ex-Commissioner Frank Smith, so well known in connection with Gen. Booth's great scheme. A chartered steamer has already been offered, and the plan may be carried out.

The work on the Continent has not been carried as far as in England, yet we have commenced the formation of our Advisory Councils in most coun-

tries, and are reasonably well assured that large and representative delegations from all the leading countries of Europe will be in attendance at the Labor Congresses.

The work which now immediately awaits my Committee is the completion of the foreign Advisory Councils, and the preliminary arrangements for the various Congresses or Conventions of Labor Organizations and Industrial Societies to be held in connection with our General Labor Congress at Chicago in 1893.

Respectfully submitted,

WALTER THOMAS MILLS,

Chairman General Committee on Labor Congresses, and Special Commissioner of the World's Congress Auxiliary to Great Britain.

NOTES.

1. The Committee of Men and the Committee of Women will coöperate in the arrangement of the Labor Congresses, as occasion may require.

2. In case it shall be deemed advisable to make Divisions of the work of this Department, Special Committees will be appointed for such Divisions.

3. The Local Committees will be assisted by Advisory Councils, Composed of persons eminent in the cause of Labor Reform, selected from different parts of the world. Such Councils are in course of formation, but are not yet ready for announcement. They will coöperate by correspondence, and will constitute the non-resident branches of the Committees.

4. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying Statement, and the Preliminary Addresses of the above Committees are herewith re-printed.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH,
Secretary.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,
President World's Congress Auxiliary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. TO provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

II. Advisory Councils of such Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections, consisting of persons eminent in the work thereof, and non-resident of Chicago, who are especially invited to co-operate with the appropriate local Committees, and who constitute the non-resident branches of such Committees. The Advisory Councils are expected to aid the local Committees by correspondence freely, and by personal conference as opportunity may offer.

III. General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, consisting of eminent persons not specially assigned to co-operate with a particular local Committee.

IV. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, consisting of Committees of Women corresponding to the Committees of Men on all subjects appropriate for the co-operation of women. These Committees of Women are composed of members resident in or near Chicago, and are assisted in their work by Advisory Councils of eminent women corresponding to the Advisory Councils of men. Mixed Committees are not appointed; but the Committee of Men and the Committee of Women in a given Department, Division, Chapter, or Section, may meet in conference and act together as they may find agreeable and expedient. In several instances the Committees of women and of men after meeting in conference have resolved to hold joint meetings on the subject committed to their charge.

The Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary also has a general Honorary and Corresponding Membership of distinguished women.

PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

: : OF THE : :

World's Columbian Exposition.

PRELIMINARY ADDRESS OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE ON LABOR CON-
GRESSES, INCLUDING ALL GERMANE INDUSTRIAL
AND ECONOMIC PROBLEMS.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS, CHAIRMAN.

BESIDES the great display of material achievements, it is proposed, by its management, to greatly increase the utility and public interest of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893 by the number and value of the great international conventions, assemblies, or congresses, to be held under its auspices. The World's Congress Auxiliary, authorized and supported by the Congress of the United States and the World's Fair authorities, has especially in charge these conventions or congresses. The General Committee on Labor Congresses, which is intended to include the consideration of all germane industrial and economic problems, acting under the direction of the Auxiliary,

of which it is a part, has in charge all conventions or congresses whose controlling interest will be in behalf of the world's toilers.

It is most fitting that in connection with this great international exhibit of the products of labor and of the curious mechanical ingenuity by which its productive power has been multiplied and perfected, that the interests of the laborers themselves should be given the fullest consideration. Ample accommodation will be provided for all labor organizations, economic associations and industrial societies which may desire to hold congresses or conventions of their own, and under the direction of their own properly constituted authorities. To these special congresses every opportunity will be extended which is at the command of the Auxiliary and not inconsistent with its own general plans.

The General Labor Congress will be arranged with the co-operation of the most distinguished students of labor problems and the most widely known leaders in the industrial world. Among other topics it will be appropriate for this Congress to consider—

The Steps in Industrial Advance from slavery through serfdom to the wage system, and a careful and authoritative exposition of profit-sharing, voluntary co-operation, industrial communities, nationalization of industries, and all other proposed peaceable and constitutional methods of escape from the acknowledged evils of the wage system.

A Comparative Study of the Conditions of Labor and its plans of organization and its acknowledged rights, privileges and advantages in all lands.

The Conflicts of Labor and Capital and the questions of contract, oppressive combination, liberty of pursuit, the use of force, private militia, and of public policy and arbitration as involved in these conflicts.

Public Economics as Related to Labor, including natural and governmental monopolies, the contract system, prison labor, the public as an employer, its relation to the unemployed, public revenue, and any burdens of labor resulting from injurious or harmful usages or institutions maintained by governmental authority or consent.

Labor Legislation, including the cash wage, the weekly pay, the shorter day, the employer's liability for accident, compulsory insurance, child labor,

compulsory industrial training, legal holidays, and the swift and inexpensive administration of justice for all.

Woman's Labor, including woman's wages, special legislation, industrial training, legal status, relation to labor organizations, comparative conditions in different countries, recent industrial achievements. (Work in this section will be under the especial charge of the Committee on Labor Congresses of the Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary.)

International Labor Problems, including slavery and international trade; immigration from countries of poorly paid labor and the labor problem in more favored countries, and the practicability of a world's labor organization wherein the toilers of all lands, by the spirit of comradeship, by the power of organization, by the force of numbers, and by every other peaceable and loyal method, may strive together for the universal peace, comfort and elevation of our race.

To secure a world-wide hearing for the most representative and masterful students and leaders in the industrial world on topics of such vital and lasting importance to mankind, and thus to have some share in the solution of these problems which so disturb society and hinder prosperity is an end worthy of the best endeavor.

Confident that equal and exact justice to all shall finally be done; that the wasted possibilities of unorganized and unskilled, and therefore unproductive, labor shall be exchanged for trained and protected industry, which will nowhere make poverty a necessity; and that the suicidal war which threatens the industrial world shall culminate not in disaster, but a peaceable solution of the grave questions in controversy, and establish a higher industrial system where the co-ordinate forces of the thrift of yesterday and the industry of to-day—of capital and labor—shall work with, and not against, each other and for the welfare of all.

We believe that these proposed congresses may be made a most powerful agency to this end. We therefore earnestly invite the cordial co-operation and assistance of the labor organizations and economic and industrial associations, together with all special students of industrial topics and of all

lands, and at this time especially solicit the suggestions of the leaders in the various divisions of the department in charge of this committee in relation to the means whereby the proposed Labor Congresses may be made most successful and useful.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS, *Chairman.*
M. M. TRUMBULL,
W. W. CATLIN,
C. S. DARROW,
HENRY D. LLOYD,
JOHN GIBBONS,
CHAS. G. DIXON,
WM. R. MANNIERRE,

General Committee.

NOTE.—This Committee will be represented in Europe during the present season by Prof. Richard T. Ely, Ph. D., of Johns Hopkins University, and Rev. Washington Gladden, LL. D., of Ohio.

All communications with regard to special congresses or conventions of organizations, and suggestions concerning the General Labor Congress, should be addressed to

WALTER THOMAS MILLS,
Chairman General Committee on Labor Congresses,
World's Congress Auxiliary,
Chicago, Ills., U. S. A.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOS. B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE AUXILIARY, FOR THE WORLD'S CONGRESSES OF 1893

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHAS. HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Preliminary Address of the Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Labor Congresses.

Topic assigned to the General Committee on Labor Congresses, with which this Committee
will co-operate: **"The Economic, Industrial, and Financial Problems of the Age."**

TO the Women of All Lands:

A comprehensive survey of the industrial, economic, and financial condition and prospects of mankind involves the special study of woman's lot and share in life. The struggle for existence is participated in by men and women alike, it is true; and, looked at broadly, their interests are identical; but upon close inspection it will be seen that women have before them, for solution, some problems which their brothers have, at least partially, solved, so far as their own interests are concerned; that women labor under peculiar difficulties, and still have much to learn, and many a field to conquer, before they can be said to start even in the contest for which independent existence is the invaluable prize at stake.

In that portion of the Congresses assigned to the discussion of women and children in Industrial life, and in Economic and Financial relations, we desire especially to encourage and stimulate practical effort in individual

women, as well as in organized bodies of women, and to help in the arrangements for useful addresses and discussions. While we recognize the leavening power and priceless value and force of high ideals and great ideas, the voice of burdened humanity is so loud in our ears that we feel constrained to lay stress upon the "living present," to give ear to what now is, rather than what may be, and thus to fasten attention upon the realities of life, its glory and its shame, its victories and defeats, its powers and possibilities for the coming Year of Miracles, 1893.

It is the object of this Committee to enlist the interest of the women of the world in the great subjects which it has been appointed to consider, and to secure their co-operation and aid in making the proposed Labor Congresses of the greatest practical utility to the women of all lands.

For convenience, as an initiary step in our work, we propose the following programme, which we believe embodies the ideas which it will be the work of this Committee to elaborate, subject to amendments on suggestions from the Advisory Council of the Auxiliary on this subject, or from the Honorary and Corresponding members:

Our first topic, "The Industrial Condition of Women," involves a discussion, with all the light given by Labor Reports and Statistics, of the industrial conditions under which women now labor; the *relative wages* they receive for labor as compared with men in the same fields; the *relative value* of women's work and wages as proportioned to the cost of living; *occupations now open to women*, and possible openings in the future; also, the *benefits already derived from organizations*; *child labor*—the rights of the child, and parental obligations.

Our second topic, "The Economic Dependence of Women," deals practically with the disabilities incident to such dependence. How such dependence, whether theoretical or real, *jeopardizes her title to property and the control of her children*, and whether the present laws relating to marriage, divorce, and the other domestic relations, may not be modified to insure to women the right to labor and to enjoy the fruits of her toil. This leads to woman's right to a share in all councils now controlled by men, in which her interests are involved, whether they be legislative, or executive, or judicial; and as a step toward the broader entrance of women into the affairs of life, a *presentation of the work of Protective Agencies* and the progress already made as the result of their demands for *justice to women in all public tribunals and institutions*.

The above subjects, with amendments and digressions, will be full of interest, and their discussion will throw much information and light upon the problems of life as they are met by women. It is our wish that these subjects be dealt with by the Woman's Branch of the Labor Congresses, and that their discussion may be arranged and controlled by women.

Our third topic, in the discussion of which we hope to participate with the Men's Committee on Labor, is "Social Theories and Experiments," including Preventive and Remedial Agencies.

We will present the histories of recent Social Settlements, such as Toynbee Hall and Hull House, as this movement, in connection with the recent plan of University Extension, emphasizes the ideal side of social co-operation, and increases the capacity for intelligent and remunerative labor, with the enjoyment of its results. And as present economic conditions are largely due to the ignorance among all classes of their interdependence, it would seem that the subject of popular enlightenment ought to be considered as closely connected with economics.

Co-operative communities and experiments of various kinds will naturally occupy much attention in this connection; also, profit-sharing business establishments.

While we have particularly at heart the arrangement of discussions upon subjects practically useful to women "bread-winners," under existing conditions, we shall also afford a chance for the discussion of all great questions of social regeneration. The various schools of Economic Reform have remedies to suggest for the alleviation of the ills which society suffers from a denial of the rights of labor, or from oppressive monopolies which rob labor of its just earnings and rewards, and therefore it seems that under suitable restrictions our Committee should give an opportunity for a dispassionate and intelligent representation of these proposed remedies from their ablest exponents.

Our work, as we understand it, is that of helpers to those who have thought and worked, and have something to say upon the subjects outlined herein. We hope for suggestions, for encouragement and assistance, from all earnest and active workers in the great labor world of to-day.

It is expected that ample accommodations will be provided for labor organizations, economic associations, and industrial societies which may desire to hold congresses or conventions, presided over by their own properly constituted authorities, and to these special congresses every opportunity will be

extended which shall be at the command of the Auxiliary. In addition to such conventions, general meetings will be arranged by the World's Congress Auxiliary for the presentation, under the direction of its officers, in what may be called a Union Labor Congress, of such subjects and speakers as they may deem of the highest interest to the general public.

It is earnestly requested that this address be printed in all newspapers and magazines published in the interests of labor organizations, and in those having departments devoted to women's work.

Answers to the following questions are solicited:

What persons would you recommend from different countries for appointment on the Advisory Council of this department of the World's Congresses?

What topics would you suggest under the above heads for consideration in the Labor Congresses, and to whom would you assign the same for presentation?

All communications with regard to special congresses or conventions of organizations of women, and suggestions concerning the Women's Labor Congress should be addressed to

MRS. J. D. HARVEY,

Chairman Woman's Committee
of the World's Congress Auxiliary
on Labor Congresses.

MRS. J. D. HARVEY, *Chairman.*

MISS ADA C. SWEET, *Vice-Chairman.*

MRS. GRANVILLE M. HOLT,

MRS. A. C. MYERS,

MRS. R. C. CLOWRY,

MISS FANNIE WHITING,

MISS FLORENCE HILTON,

MISS JANE ADDAMS,

MISS ELLEN STARR,

MRS. HENRY WADE ROGERS,

MRS. WILLIAM T. BROWN,

MRS. MARY DYE,

CORRINE S. BROWN,

MRS. STANDFORD LEWIS,

MRS. F. S. HOWE,

MRS. W. C. DOW,

MRS. FLORA P. TOBIN,

MISS ELIZABETH C. MERRILL.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

By letters all that is most glorious in human thought and action is preserved, and made immortal.

God be thanked for books. They are the voices of the distant and the dead, and make us heirs of the spiritual life of past ages.—*Channing*.

In proportion as society refines, new books must ever become necessary.—*Goldsmith*.

The true university of these days is a collection of books.—*Carlyle*.

9.

DEPARTMENT OF LITERATURE.

To facilitate conventions of Authors, Librarians, Philologists, Literary Archæologists, and others engaged in Literature, and provide for Popular Congresses in connection with the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, in which the Literary Progress of mankind will be reviewed, and the attending people given an opportunity to see and hear the attending leaders of the literary world.

The Scope of This Department.

TO this Committee is specially assigned for consideration the following theme from the original announcement of the Auxiliary:

“The practicability of a common language for use in the Commercial Relations of the civilized world.”

To indicate the scope of this Department, and elicit the suggestions of the members of its Committees and Advisory Councils, and the General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses, the President mentions the following themes as appropriate for consideration.

- a.* The influence of Literature on Individual Character and Conduct, on Domestic Life, on Education, on Morals, on Art, on Government, on the Peace of the World, etc.
- b.* The Collection, Arrangement and Management of Libraries.
- c.* The Office, Condition and Future of Historical Literature.
- d.* The Methods of Historic Research.
- e.* The importance of an International Publication and Exchange of Manuscript Archives.
- f.* The importance of Recent Archæological Discoveries, including Literary Egyptology, Assyrian Tablet Libraries, Aryan Language and Literature, Folk Lore, Unpublished Manuscript Treasures, etc.
- g.* The Unities of Language and Literature of all times and peoples.
- h.* The Office and the Future of Poetry.
- i.* The elements of Literary Immortality.
- j.* The Common Interests of Authors, and how the same may best be promoted.
- k.* The Proper Protection of Literary Property by Legislation and by Treaty.
- l.* Imaginative Literature as a means of happiness and recreation, and of conveying historic, scientific, political or other truth.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Literary Congresses.

WILLIAM F. POOLE, LL. D. [Librarian of the Newberry Library], *Chairman*.

MR. FRANCIS F. BROWNE [Editor of *The Dial*], *Vice-Chairman*.

Prof. David Swing,
Prof. Daniel Bonbright, LL. D.,
Hon. F. H. Head,
Maj. Joseph Kirkland,
Mr. Norman Williams,
Mr. F. H. Hild,

Prof. Charles W. Pearson, A. M.
Prof. Hugh M. Scott,
Mr. William Morton Payne,
Mr. L. H. Boutell,
Prof. James T. Hatfield,
Gen. A. C. McClurg,

Mr. Daniel L. Shorey.

SPECIAL

DIVISIONS AND COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

Committee on Libraries and a Congress of Librarians.

MR. F. H. HILD [Librarian Chicago Public Library], *Chairman*.

Mr. D. L. Shorey, _____ Mr. Norman Williams.

Committee on Historical Literature and a Congress of Historians and Historical Students.

WILLIAM F. POOLE, LL. D., *Chairman*.

Mr. Franklin MacVeagh, _____ Mr. L. H. Boutell.

Committee on Literary Archaeology and a Congress of Philologists.

MR. WILLIAM MORTON PAYNE, *Chairman*.

Prof. Daniel Bonbright, _____ Prof. James T. Hatfield.

Committee on Imaginative Literature and a Congress of Authors.

MR. F. F. BROWNE, *Chairman*.

Hon. F. H. Head, _____ Maj. Joseph Kirkland.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Woman's Committee on Literary Congresses.

MRS. ELLEN M. HENROTIN [Vice-President Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary], *Chairman pro tem*.

MRS. MARY NEWBERRY ADAMS, *Vice-Chairman*.

Miss Harriet Monroe,

Mrs. John M. Ewen,

Mrs. John C. Bundy,

Mrs. C. P. Abbott,

Mrs. Mary H. Catherwood,

Mrs. Reginald DeKoven,

Mrs. Charles Edward Cheney,

Mrs. Clara Doty Bates,

Mrs. Alice P. Williams,

Mrs. Amelia Gere Mason,

Mrs. Elizabeth Underhill,

Mrs. Z. M. Humphrey,

Mrs. H. V. Reed,

Miss Mary E. Beedy,

Mrs. H. E. Starrett.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
**Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxillary on a Congress of
Librarians.**

The following have accepted membership of this Council.

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| Mr. John G. Ames, Supt. Pub. Docs., Interior Department, Washington D. C. | Mr. Frank P. Hill, Public Library, Newark, N. J. |
| Mr. Edmund Mills Barton, Worcester, Mass. | Mr. G. M. Jones, Public Library, Salem, Mass. |
| Mr. W. A. Bradwell, Brooklyn Library, Brooklyn, N. Y. | Mr. J. N. Larned, Buffalo, N. Y. |
| Mr. William Beer, Librarian, New Orleans, La. | Mr. K. A. Linderfelt, Public Library, Milwaukee, Wis. |
| Mr. James Barwell, Philadelphia, Pa. | Mr. G. T. Little, Brunswick, Me. |
| Mr. Frederick M. Crunden, Public Library, St. Louis, Mo. | Mr. Wm. T. Peoples, Mercantile Library, New York City. |
| Mr. Charles A. Cutter, Boston Athenæum, Boston, Mass. | Mr. A. L. Peck, Gloversville, N. Y. |
| Mr. John Vance Cheney, Public Library, San Francisco, Cal. | Mr. E. C. Richardson, Princeton, N. J. |
| Mr. Paul Leicester Ford, 97 Clark St., Brooklyn, N. Y. | Mr. Jacob Schwartz, Apprentice Library, New York City. |
| Mr. Wm. I. Fletcher, Amherst College, Amherst, Mass. | Mr. C. C. Soule, Public Library, Brookline, Mass. |
| Dr. Samuel A. Green, Mass. Historical Society, Boston, Mass. | Mr. Lewis H. Steiner, Baltimore, Md. |
| Mr. Reuben A. Guild, Brown University, Providence, R. I. | Mr. Henry M. Utley, Public Library, Detroit, Mich. |
| | Mr. Alfred E. Whitaker, Mercantile Library, San Francisco, Cal. |
| | Mr. E. H. Woodruff, Stanford University, Menlo Park, Cal. |
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PARTIAL LIST OF THE
**Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of
Historians and Historical Students.**

The following have accepted membership of this Council.

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| Dr. James B. Angell, LL. D., Ann Arbor, Mich. | Prof. Simeon E. Baldwin, New Haven, Conn. |
| Dr. C. K. Adams, LL. D., Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. | Mr. Edward Mills Barton, Worcester, Mass. |
| Dr. E. B. Andrews, LL. D., Brown University, Providence, R. I. | Hon. Chas. H. Bell, LL. D., Exeter, N. H. |
| Dr. H. B. Adams, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. | Hon. John Bigelow, LL. D., Highland Falls, New York. |
| Charles M. Anderson, Ph. D., Bryn Mawr, Pa. | Robert A. Brock, Esq., Richmond, Va. |
| Prof. William H. Appleton, Swarthmore, Pa. | Alexander Brown, Esq., Norwood P. O., Nelson Co., Va. |
| Prof. William S. Appleton, Newton Center, Mass. | Hon. George William Curtis, LL. D., New York City. |
| Rt. Rev. Phillips Brooks, Boston, Mass. | Hon. Thomas M. Cooley, Ann Arbor, Mich. |
| Mr. Hubert H. Bancroft, San Francisco, Cal. | Mr. George W. Childs, <i>The Public Ledger</i> , Philadelphia, Pa. |
| Hon. John George Bourinot, Ottawa, Canada. | Mr. George B. Chase, Boston, Mass. |
| Mr. Douglas Brymner, Ottawa, Canada. | |

Mr. Adolph Cohn, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
Prof. J. D. Crawford, Champaign, Ill.
Mr. R. T. Durrett, Louisville, Ky.
Gen. Charles W. Darling, Utica, N. Y.
Mr. Andrew McFarland Davis, Cambridge, Mass.
John Durand, Esq., Paris, France.
Prof. Richard T. Ely, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.
Mr. Edward Eggleston, Lake George, N. Y.
Prof. Charles B. Elliott, Minneapolis, Minn.
Hon. William H. English, Indianapolis, Ind.
Hon. Lucius Fairchild, Madison, Wis.
Mr. Silas Farmer, New Haven, Conn.
Mr. B. Fernow, Albany, N. Y.
Gen. Manning B. Force, Sandusky, Ohio.
Gordon L. Ford, Esq., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Paul Leicester Ford, Esq., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dr. D. C. Gilman, Pres. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.
Dr. G. Brown Goode, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.
Hon. Samuel A. Green, Boston, Mass.
Arthur Gilman, Esq., Cambridge, Mass.
A. A. Graham, Esq., Columbus, Ohio.
Dr. Charles Gross, Cambridge, Mass.
Hon. William W. Henry, Richmond, Va.
Hon. George S. Hale, Boston, Mass.
Prof. J. J. Halsey, Lake Forest, Ill.
Prof. Albert Bushnell Hart, Cambridge, Mass.
Charles Henry Hart, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.
Hamilton Andrews Hill, Esq., Boston, Mass.
Prof. Cyrus W. Hodgen, Richmond, Va.

Prof. George W. Knight, Columbus, Ohio.
Prof. Francis W. Kelsey, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Henry C. Lea, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.
Dr. A. D. Mayo, Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C.
Rev. Samuel Orcutt, Bridgeport, Conn.
Hon. Charles A. Peabody, New York City.
Rt. Rev. William S. Perry, Davenport, Iowa.
Hon. Samuel C. Perkins, Philadelphia, Pa.
Rev. Edward G. Porter, Lexington, Mass.
Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, New York City.
Hon. Ellis H. Roberts, Utica, N. Y.
John C. Ropes, Esq., Boston, Mass.
J. G. Rosengarten, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.
Prof. Josiah Royce, Cambridge, Mass.
James Schouler, Esq., Boston, Mass.
Rev. Philip Schaff, New York City.
F. C. Sessions, Esq., Columbus, Ohio.
Prof. Robert D. Sheppard, Evanston, Ill.
William Henry Smith, Esq., New York City.
Dr. Freeman Snow, Cambridge, Mass.
Prof. M. S. Snow, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. George Stewart, Jr., Quebec, Canada.
Charles J. Stille, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.
William P. Trent, Esq., Sewanee, Tenn.
Bayard Tuckerman, Esq., New York City.
Prof. Frederick J. Turner, Madison, Wis.
Prof. Herbert Tuttle, Ithaca, N. Y.
William P. Upton, Esq., Newtonville, Mass.
Hon. Andrew D. White, Ithaca, N. Y.
Prof. Arthur M. Wheeler, New Haven, Conn.
Rees G. Williams, Esq., Utica, N. Y.
Talcott Williams, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.
Gen. James Grant Wilson, New York City

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
**Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Literary
 Archæology and a Congress of Philologists.**

The following have accepted membership of this Council. Additions will be announced from time to time.

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|---|---|
| Dr. F. Max Muller, Oxford University, Eng. | Prof. C. R. Lanman, Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass. |
| Prof. W. D. Whitney, Yale University, New Haven, Conn. | Prof. Charlton T. Lewis, New York City. |
| Prof. Georg Ebers, Munich, Germany. | Prof. J. P. Mahaffy, University of Dublin, Ireland. |
| Prof. L. Lieblein, Christiania, Norway. | Prof. Francis A. March, Lafayette College, Easton, Pa. |
| Prof. G. I. Ascoli, Milan, Italy. | Dr. Karl Brugman, University of Leipzig, Germany. |
| Prof. H. N. Almkvist, University of Upsala, Sweden. | Prof. M. Bloomfield, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. |
| Prof. Herman Collitz, Bryn Mawr, Pa. | Prof. J. W. Bright, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. |
| Prof. M. L. D'Ooge, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. | Prof. W. M. Baskerville, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn. |
| Prof. A. M. Elliott, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. | Prof. J. R. S. Starrett, University of Texas, Texas. |
| Prof. Jas. M. Garnett, University of Virginia, Virginia. | Prof. Herbert W. Smith, Bryn Mawr College, Pa. |
| Prof. B. L. Gildersleve, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. | Prof. C. H. Toy, Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass. |
| Prof. J. Rendel Harris, University of Cambridge, England. | Prof. H. A. Todd, Stanford University, California. |
| Prof. Milton W. Humphreys, University of Virginia, Virginia. | Prof. A. Vambery, University of Buda Pesth, Austria. |
| Prof. J. A. Harrison, Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va. | Prof. F. M. Warren, Adelbert College, Cleveland, Ohio. |
| Prof. William Gardner Hale, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. | Prof. John W. White, Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass. |
| Prof. James Morgan Hart, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. | Prof. Edward L. Walter, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. |
| Prof. E. J. Hopkins, Bryn Mawr, Pa. | Prof. B. I. Wheeler, Cornell University, Ithaca. |
| Prof. Albert Harkness, Brown University, Providence, R. I. | Prof. William Hayes Ward, <i>The Independent</i> , New York City. |
| Prof. R. C. Jebb, University of Cambridge, England. | Prof. Archibald MacMechan, Dalhousie College, Halifax, N. S. |
| Prof. Frederick Kluge, University of Jena, Jena, Germany. | Prof. H. S. L. White, Ithaca, N. Y. |
| Prof. Francis W. Kelsey, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. | |
| Prof. David Gordon Lyon, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. | |

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
**Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Imaginative
Literature and a Congress of Authors.**

The following have accepted membership of this Council. Additions will be announced from
time to time.

[FOREIGN.]

His Majesty Oscar, King of Norway and Sweden.	Dr. George Ebers, Munich, Germany.
Lord Alfred Tennyson, Poet Laureate of Eng- land.	Herr Paul Heyse, Munich, Germany.
Rt. Hon. Wm. E. Gladstone, London, England.	Prof. R. Lanciani, Rome, Italy.
Sir Edwin Arnold, London, England.	Senor Louis Chable, San Jose, Costa Rico.
Mr. Walter Besant, London, England.	Prof. C. G. D. Roberts, King's College, Wind- sor, N. S.
	Sr. Munez de Arce, Madrid, Spain.

[AMERICAN.]

Mr. John G. Whittier, Haverhill, Mass.	Prof. Hjalmar H. Boyesen, New York City.
Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Boston, Mass.	Mr. Rossiter Johnson, New York City.
Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Boston, Mass.	Prof. Albert S. Cook, New Haven, Conn.
Mr. Charles Dudley Warner, New York City.	Prof. Moses Coit Tyler, Ithaca, N. Y.
Hon. George William Curtis, New York City.	Prof. Rasmus B. Anderson, Madison, Wis.
Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Boston, Mass.	Prof. Melville B. Anderson, Stanford Univer- sity, Cal.
Col. T. W. Higginson, Boston, Mass.	Mr. John Vance Cheney, San Francisco, Cal.
Mr. Nicholas P. Gilman, Boston, Mass.	Mr. Frank R. Stockton, New York City.
Mr. Henry M. Alden, New York City.	Mr. J. R. Gilmore, New York City.
Mr. Richard Watson Gilder, New York City.	Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, Boston, Mass.
Mr. Edward Eggleston, New York City.	Mr. H. H. Bancroft, San Francisco, Cal.
Mr. George W. Cable, New York City.	
Mr. Edmund Clarence Stedman, New York City.	

PARTIAL LIST OF
The Woman's Advisory Council on Literary Congresses.

Mlle. Marie Anne de Bovet, Paris, France.	Mrs. Anna B. McMahan, Quincy, Ill.
Miss Amelia B. Edwards, Gloucester, England.	Miss Lucy Larcom, Beverly, Mass.
Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Hartford, Conn.	Mrs. Louisa Parsons Hopkins, Boston, Mass
Mrs. Sarah O. Jewett, South Berwick, Maine.	Miss Sara Winthrop Smith, Seymore, Conn.
Mrs. Margaret J. Preston Lexington, Va.	Mrs. Elizabeth Stoddard, New York City.
Mrs. Julia C. R. Door, The Maples, Rutland, Vt.	Miss Agnes Repplier, Boston, Mass.
Mrs. Clara Fiske Bates Roge, New York City.	Mrs. Margaret Deland, New York City.
	Mrs. W. G. Rose, Cleveland, Ohio.

NOTES.

1. Subjects not assigned to a Special Committee will be in charge of the General Committee.
2. Additional Committees and Councils will be appointed as occasion may require.
3. The members of the Advisory Councils will coöperate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence. They may also unite in communication if they so desire. With few exceptions the membership of the Committees is local; that of the Advisory Councils non-resident of Chicago. Members of Advisory Councils rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary.
4. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received, and suggestions are cordially invited.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH,
Secretary.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,
President World's Congress Auxiliary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

: : OF THE : :

World's Columbian Exposition.

Preliminary Address of the General Committee on Literary Congresses.

WILLIAM F. POOLE, LL. D., CHAIRMAN.

THE World's Congress Auxiliary is an organization maintained by the Exposition corporation, and approved by the United States Government, for the purpose of arranging a series of International Conventions, or Congresses, during the Exposition season of 1893, which will bring together, for mutual acquaintance, consultation, and discussion, the leading scholars and specialists in the various departments of human progress.

The work of the Auxiliary has been assigned to a number of General Committees, and these are further subdivided into sections, each having its own Congress and Sub-Committee.

The General Committee on Literary Congresses herewith submits a preliminary statement of the sections and the subjects they will cover which thus far have been decided upon, namely:

1. Libraries.
2. Historical Literature.
3. Philology.
4. Authors and Imaginative Literature.

It is the intention of the Committee in arranging these International Conventions—and others, if it shall later seem desirable—to ask the co-operation of, and to act largely through, the national and other societies now existing for promoting these several objects. To this end persons eminent in the work of each section, and residing in this and foreign countries, will be

invited to act as an Advisory Council, and to favor the Committee with suggestions and proposals of papers on topics to be considered at the conventions.

LIBRARIES.

Concerning the subject matter of the first section it may be remarked, that in no other department of organized literary activity during the last twenty-five years has there been such a marked development as in that of libraries,—in number, in accession of books, in funds for their support, in methods of administration, and the construction of library buildings. This interest is represented by national organizations,—the American Library Association, the Library Association of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and by various French, German, and Italian societies. Within the last two years State Library Associations have been organized in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, and Iowa. The amount of money given by private beneficence within the last few years for endowing libraries and erecting buildings, has no parallel in the history of public charities.

An International Conference of Libraries, such as was held in London in October, 1877, and was attended by a large American delegation, is proposed. It is believed that the scheme will be gladly responded to in Europe, and that the occasion will be of the highest interest and benefit. The invitation is extended, not only to the members of the organizations named, but to benefactors, directors, trustees, and to all who are interested in libraries of every description.

HISTORICAL LITERATURE.

Historical literature, which constitutes the second section, is a subject of general and increasing interest. Taking on more accurate and thorough methods of investigation and a purer style, it has made immense progress in recent years. It has found its appropriate place in the curriculum of the leading universities, and is a favorite study of their brightest graduates. In our country the American Historical Association is its national organ. Nearly every State has its Historical Society, and there are many municipal and local societies, each having its faithful workers in some phase of history. Similar societies exist in foreign countries; and it will be a pleasure to our historical students to meet and hear, in an International Congress, their eminent men whose names in America are household words.

To foreigners, also, there is a fascination in our eventful national career,

and Mr. Bryce's remarkable book, the "American Commonwealth," is quite as interesting to them as to us. Our foreign brethren can also teach us an important lesson, namely: how to establish and maintain a National Department of Archives for the study of our own history. Every nation in Europe, and even Canada on our border, has such a department, while the United States has none. The fact is discreditable to our nation. For the study of early American, and especially Northwestern, history we must go to Ottawa or to European archives to find original and authentic documents. The historical material deposited in the State Department at Washington is not arranged, calendared, or accessible; and it is not possible, under the present organization of the department, and with the limited space available, to increase the collection and meet the wants of historical investigators. A new and separate "Department of National Archives" is needed.

PHILOLOGY.

In arranging for the third section, "Philology," the Committee will rely largely on the counsel and co-operation of the American Philological Society, the American Oriental Society, the Modern Language Association, and similar societies in this and foreign countries. Until the Committee has had an opportunity to confer with the officers of these societies, it will not be practicable to decide upon a scheme of special topics to be considered. The subject of comparative philology, and the late discoveries of Assyrian and Egyptian scholars, open a wide field for conference and discussion.

AUTHORS AND IMAGINATIVE LITERATURE.

The Committee believes that the scheme proposed for the fourth section, "Authors and Imaginative Literature,"—of bringing together in convention the living authors of imaginative literature and persons associated for the study of the great imaginative writers of the past—will be one of the most interesting features of the work of the Auxiliary. In this section, as in the others, the Committee asks the co-operation of the societies already formed for the study of special authors, such as Homer, Dante, Chaucer, Shakspeare, Wordsworth, Shelley, Browning, and others. Arrangements may be made for short addresses or readings by distinguished living authors.

As the meeting of many Congresses at one time would not be convenient, an allotment of dates from May to October, 1893, will be made, and later announced, when the Congresses under the charge of each of the General Committees will assemble; and it is expected that individuals and socie-

ties interested in the subject then to be considered will take that time to visit the Exposition.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

The Special Committees having immediate care of the work of the several sections under charge of this General Committee are as follows:

1. Libraries—Frederick H. Hild, Public Library; Daniel L. Shorey, Norman Williams.
2. Historical Literature—William F. Poole, Newberry Library; Franklin Mac Veagh, Lewis H. Boutell.
3. Philology—William Morton Payne, No. 1601 Prairie avenue; Daniel Bonbright, James T. Hatfield.
4. Authors and Imaginative Literature—Francis F. Browne, *The Dial*; Franklin H. Head, Joseph Kirkland.

Recommendations and suggestions from American and foreign correspondents, addressed to the General Chairman, or the Chairman of one of the Special Committees, are respectfully solicited.

WILLIAM F. POOLE, *Chairman*.
DANIEL BONBRIGHT,
LEWIS H. BOUTELL,
FRANCIS F. BROWNE,
JAMES T. HATFIELD,
FRANKLIN H. HEAD,
FREDERICK H. HILD,
JOSEPH KIRKLAND,
ALEXANDER C. McCLURG,
FRANKLIN MAC VEAGH,
WILLIAM MORTON PAYNE,
CHARLES W. PEARSON,
HUGH M. SCOTT,
DANIEL L. SHOREY,
DAVID SWING,
NORMAN WILLIAMS,
General Committee.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

HEALTH is the soul that animates all the enjoyments of Life.—*Temple.*

A GOOD SURGEON must have an eagle's eye, a lion's heart, and a lady's hand.—*Old Maxim.*

PUBLIC POLICY requires that they who serve the people as Physicians and Surgeons be well qualified. The law therefore regulates both Medical Education and Medical Practice.

IT IS NOT ENOUGH that the physician knows the laws of diseases and remedies; he should also know the civil laws that govern his rights and duties, embraced in Medical Jurisprudence.

THE INESTIMABLE VALUE OF HEALTH to Communities and to Nations, measures the importance and the dignity of the Medical Profession.

10. DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE,

Including General Medicine and Surgery, Homeopathy, Public Health, Dentistry, Pharmacy and Medical Jurisprudence, in Suitable General Divisions in charge of Independent Committees, with a General Committee of Conference on Mutual Interests.

To facilitate Conventions of appropriate existing Organizations, in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, for the consideration of the Living Questions in this Department, and to provide for both Special and General Congresses in which the progress of the world, in the several Divisions of this Department, will be set forth by eminent living leaders in the work. Each Division will have its own Congress.

The Scope of This Department.

IN organizing this Department the following themes are mentioned to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and of the General Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a.* The Evolution of Medical Science, from Æsculapius to Koch.
- b.* The Leading Characteristics of the Successive Eras of Medical and Surgical Development.
- c.* The Living Questions of the Time in the Department of Health and Medicine.
- d.* Standards of Excellence in Medical Education and Practice.
- e.* Medical Statistics; their application and value.
- f.* The History and Utility of Public Health Authorities, and what improvements should be recommended in the administration of their powers, or in the Legislation relating thereto.
- g.* Sanitary Science, as applied to the Prevention and the Removal of Disease, and herein of Food, Clothing, Drainage, Ventilation, Exercise, Rest, and the like.
- h.* The Relations of Morals, Education, Culture, Literature, Music and Social Life, to Health and to Disease.
- i.* The Prevention and Control of Epidemics and Contagions, and herein of the Necessity for Governmental Authority to Insure Decisive and Speedy Action.
- j.* Medical Bacteriology; its Origin, Wonders, Condition and Prospects.
- k.* The Education of the People in the Rudiments of Anatomy, Physiology, Hygiene and Simple Remedies; and herein of the Value of Intelligent Co-operation on the part of the Patient.

GENERAL
DIVISIONS AND COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.
FOR SEPARATE CONGRESSES UNDER THE CHARGE OF
INDEPENDENT COMMITTEES.

I.—DIVISION OF GENERAL MEDICINE AND
SURGERY.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a General Medical and
Surgical Congress.**

DR. NATHAN SMITH DAVIS, *Chairman.*

DR. HENRY M. LYMAN, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. De Laskie Miller,	Dr. Nicholas Senn,	Dr. F. C. Hotz,
Dr. William E. Quine,	Dr. John B. Hamilton,	Dr. Christian Fenger,
Dr. John E. Owens.	Dr. F. Henrotin.	Dr. Henry Banga.

NOTE.—The Committee of Men and the Committee of Women of this Division have agreed to act together as a Joint Committee, of which Joint Committee Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson is Secretary. See Announcement of the Woman's Branch Committees of this Department.

II.—DIVISION OF HOMEOPATHY.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Homeopathic
Physicians and Surgeons.**

DR. J. S. MITCHELL, *Chairman.*

DR. R. LUDLAM, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. R. N. Foster.	Dr. E. C. Laning.	Dr. W. F. Knoll.
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III.—DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Public Health Congress.

DR. JOHN H. RAUCH, *Chairman.*

DR. F. W. REILLY, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. Oscar C. DeWolf,	Dr. John D. Ware,	Dr. J. M. Hall,
	Dr. L. H. Montgomery.	

IV.—DIVISION OF DENTISTRY.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Dental Congress.

DR. J. S. MARSHALL, *Chairman.*

DR. A. W. HARLAN, *Vice-Chairman,*

Dr. G. V. Black.

Dr. C. M. Johnson.

Dr. George H. Cushing.

V.—DIVISION OF PHARMACY.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Pharmacists.

PROF. OSCAR OLDBERG, *Chairman.*

MR. E. H. SARGENT, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. D. R. Dyche.

Mr. L. C. Hogan.

Mr. Albert E. Keep.

VI.—DIVISION OF MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Medical Jurisprudence.

DR. MARSHALL D. EWELL, *Chairman.*

DR. LESTER CURTIS, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. Harold N. Moyer.

Dr. J. G. Kiernan.

Dr. S. V. Clevinger.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN VICE-PRESIDENT.

I The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on General Medicine and Surgery.

DR. SARAH HACKETT STEVENSON, *Chairman.*

DR. MARY HARRIS THOMPSON, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. Rachel Hickey Kerr,

Dr. Mary A. Mixer

Dr. Elizabeth Chapin.

Dr. Sarah H. Brayton,

Dr. Harriet H. Carey.

**II.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on
Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery.**

DR. JULIA HOLMES SMITH, *Chairman.*

DR. ELIZABETH MCCrackEN, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. Julia Ross Low.

Dr. Emma C. Geisse,

Dr. Isadore Green.

Dr. Coresta T. Canfield,

Dr. Isabella Hotchkiss.

**III.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on
Public Health.**

DR. SARAH H. BRAYTON, *Chairman.*

Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson.

Dr. Eliza Root.

Dr. Julia Ross Low.

IV.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Dentistry.

DR. H. E. LAWRENCE, *Chairman.*

Dr. Marie T. Bacon,

Dr. Emma Benham.

Dr. Louise Peterson,

Dr. Rebecca H. McIntosh.

V.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Pharmacy.

MRS. IDA H. ROBY, *Chairman.*

Mrs. Adeline E. P. Cumming,

Mrs. Marie Blahnik,

Mrs. Louise M. Berger.

Cecilia Tirrell.

**VI.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on
Medical Jurisprudence.**

DR. HARRIET C. B. ALEXANDER, *Chairman.*

Dr. Eliza Root.

Dr. Elizabeth Chapin.

**VII.—The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on
Trained Nurses.**

[Not yet ready for announcement.]

**General Committee of Conference and Co-operation on the Congresses
of this Department.**

DR. NATHAN SMITH DAVIS, *Chairman.*

DR. J. S. MITCHELL, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. Henry M. Lyman,	Dr. R. Ludlam,
Dr. John H. Rauch,	Dr. F. W. Reilly,
Dr. J. S. Marshall,	Dr. A. W. Harlan,
Prof. Oscar Oldberg,	Mr. E. H. Sargent,
Dr. Marshall D. Ewell,	Dr. Lester Curtis,
Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson,	Dr. Julia Holmes Smith,
Dr. Sarah H. Brayton,	Dr. H. E. Lawrence,
Dr. H. C. B. Alexander.	Mrs. Ida H. Roby

THE ADVISORY COUNCILS OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

Each Division Committee of this Department will have the aid of an ADVISORY COUNCIL, composed of persons eminent in the province of the Committee, who may be selected from different parts of the world. This Council will constitute the non-resident branch of the Committee, and will co-operate with it by correspondence. Such Councils are in course of formation, but are not yet ready for announcement. Their advice and suggestions will be used in the arrangement of the final plans for the several Congresses.

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

1.—The Division Committees are of equal rank and authority. They will report to the President of the Auxiliary.

2.—The Congresses of the several Divisions of this Department although separate and independent, will be held as near to each other, in point of time, as may be found convenient.

3.—The immediate work of the several Committees will be to open communication with persons and societies interested; to receive and answer inquiries; to prepare Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the general plans and

purposes of the Committee; and to form, mature and report definite plans of proceeding. Final plans must be approved by the Auxiliary to insure harmony with the general arrangements for the whole series of Congresses, to be held between the first of May and the last of October, 1893.

4.—Additional appointments will be made on the above Committees, and other Committees will be appointed if occasion shall require.

5.—Communications in relation to the proposed Congresses, should be addressed to the Chairman of the proper Committee.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH,

Secretary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893

To heal the maladies of human society is a nobler mission than to cure the ills of individuals.

The greatest Charity is to help the needy to help themselves.

Heaven forming each on other to depend,
Bids each on other for assistance call,
Till one man's weakness grows the strength of all.—*Pope.*

The true design of punishment is not to exterminate, but to reform.—*Bill of Rights.*

11.

DEPARTMENT OF MORAL AND SOCIAL REFORM,

Including Charitable, Penal and Preventive Movements, Institutions and Organizations

To facilitate the holding of Conferences and Conventions, and make arrangements for Popular Congresses in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, in which will be considered the Living Questions of Moral and Social Reform; and in which the progress of mankind in this Department will be reviewed.

PRELIMINARY DIVISIONS.

- I.—**Philanthropy**: including all branches of so-called charity which do not practice alms-giving, such as Women's Exchanges, Lodging Houses, Newsboys' and Bootblacks' Homes, Humane Societies, Provident Associations, etc.
- II.—**Prevention**: including Industrial Schools, Children's Missions, Children's Aid Societies, Day-Nurseries, etc.
- III.—**Charity**: including Relief Societies, Orphan Asylums, Homes for Old People, Asylums for Incurables, Hospitals, the Work of Little Sisters of the Poor, Fresh Air Work, Soup Houses, etc., etc.
- IV.—**Reform**: including Penal Institutions, Women's Refuges, Houses of the Good Shepherd, Reform Schools, etc., etc.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

TO this Committee is especially assigned for consideration the following theme from the original announcement of the Auxiliary :

"The most efficient and advisable means of preventing or decreasing insanity and crime, and of increasing productive ability, prosperity and virtue throughout the world." (Also assigned to the Committee on Temperance).

In organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions of the members of the Committees, and the members of the Advisory Councils of the Department, and the General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a.* The origin, development, history, results and prospects of charitable movements and organizations.
- b.* The origin, development, history, results and prospects of Penal Institutions.
- c.* The origin, development, history, results and prospects of Preventive Institutions.
- d.* Statistics of Moral and Social Reform, and the lessons they teach.
- e.* The duties of Government to the classes that are unable or unwilling to conform to the necessary rules of public and private order.
- f.* In particular, the right and the duty to expend a part of the public revenues for the prevention of insanity, pauperism, disease, vice and crime; and the protection of society therefrom, on grounds of public policy and economy.
- g.* Public Boards and Inspectors of Charity; their powers, methods and utility.
- h.* Charitable, Penal and Preventive Legislation, and what reforms should be recommended therein.
- i.* Helpless and Dependent Children; what should be done with them? Public and private rights and duties in relation to this subject.
- j.* The Oppression of the Poor, by taking advantage of their necessities, under such pleas as the "Freedom of Competition," the "Necessities of Business," and the like.
- k.* Humane Movements and Organizations; their origin, development, practical results and present condition and prospects, including the prevention of cruelty.
- l.* Associated Charities; the object, character, methods and results of such organizations.
- m.* Treatment of the Sick not in Hospitals; dispensaries, sick-diet kitchens, district nursing, flower and fruit missions, etc.

- n.* Hospitals and Hospital Service; general, special, maternity, children's and contagious; ambulance service, training schools for nurses, etc.
- o.* Institutions for Temporary Relief; way-farers lodges; shelters for women, etc.
- p.* Institutions for the permanent relief of the disabled, aged and infirm.
- q.* Orphan Asylums; their history, modern methods and practical results; needed reforms in Legislation; needed reforms in Administration.
- r.* More particularly, Institutions for the Aid of Minors; Orphanages, Foundling Asylums, Day Nurseries, Newsboys' and Bootblacks' Homes, Industrial Schools and Fresh Air Missions.
- s.* Temporary Relief for the Unemployed; General Relief Societies, Special Relief Societies, Soup Houses, Government Pawn Shops, Wood Yards, Foundries and Burial Associations.
- t.* Prison Reform; Police Methods, Arrests, Patrol Boxes and Wagons, Police Stations, Jails, Police Matrons, the Registration of Criminals, Reformatories, Truant Schools, Houses of Correction, Institutions for Fallen Women, Penitentiaries, etc.
- x.* Preventive Institutions and Measures in Particular; Model Tenements, Sanitary Work, Savings and Loan Associations, Penny Banks and other Savings Schemes, Educational and Industrial Unions, Industrial Schools, Cooking Schools, Working Girls Societies, Boys Clubs, Young Men's Christian Societies, Women's Christian Societies, Church Home Missions, Order of Deaconesses, The King's Daughters, Lend-a-Hand Clubs, etc.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

The General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Moral and Social Reform Congresses.

MR. JOHN G. SHORTALL, [President Illinois Humane Society], *Chairman*.

DR. CHAS. G. TRUSDELL, [Superintendent Chicago Relief and Aid Society], *Vice-Chairman*.

Hon. Oliver H. Horton,
Supt. E. I. Galvin,
Col. Augustus Jacobson,
Mr. William M. Salter,

Mr. J. W. Plummer,
Rev. L. P. Mercer,
Prof. G. B. Willcox,
Mr. A. T. Hemingway,
Major R. W. McClaghry.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT

MRS CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Moral and Social Reform Congresses.

MRS. J. M. FLOWER, *Chairman.*

MRS. ORSON SMITH, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. G. W. Huddleston,	Mrs. Edward Wright,	Mrs. J. M. Brodie,
Mrs. A. A. Carpenter,	Mrs. R. C. Clowry,	Mrs. A. T. Chamberlain,
Miss E. Bowman,	Mrs. Francis T. Colby,	Mrs. Allen P. Millar,
Mrs. Thomas Burrows,	Mrs. John Jones,	Mrs. W. W. Allport,
Miss M. E. True.	Mrs. Wm R. White,	Mrs. Louise R. Wardner,
Mrs. Albert H. Wolf,	Mrs. C. B. Lawrence,	Mrs. Wm. J. Chalmers,
Mrs. L. B. Doud.	Miss Emma Engelman,	Mrs. Bradford Hancock,
Miss Helen Hood,	Mrs. John Cudahy,	Mrs. Denison F. Groves,
Mrs Charles F. Coffin.	Mrs Amey M. Starkweather	

The Division Committees of this Department will be announced hereafter.

ADVISORY COUNCILS.

The Committees of this Department will be assisted by Advisory Councils, composed of persons selected from all parts of the world for their eminence in the work of Moral and Social Reform. These Councils will co-operate with the Committees by correspondence, and otherwise, as opportunity may offer.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE

Special Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Moral and Social Reform,

Selected at the National Conference of Charities and Corrections at Indianapolis, May 19, 1871:

Dr Frederick Howard Wines, Springfield, Ill.	Hon. Oscar C. Craig, Rochester, N. Y
Rev. Oscar C. McCulloch, Indianapolis, Ind. (since deceased)	Hon. Roeleff Brinkerhoff, Mansfield Ohio.
Mr. John M. Glenn, Baltimore, Md.	Hon Frank B. Sanborn, Concord, Mass
Hon. Andrew E. Elmore, Fort Howard, Wis.	Rev. H. H. Hart, St. Paul, Minn.
	Mr Lucius C. Storrs, Lansing, Mich

THE FOLLOWING IS A PARTIAL LIST OF
**The Woman's Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Moral
 and Social Reform.**

Mrs. Hannah Whitehall Smith, London, England.	Mrs. D. L. H. Chapman, New Haven, Conn.
Mrs. Laura M. Cooper, London, England.	Mrs. James T. Fields, Boston, Mass.
Miss Hannah M. Todd, Lynn, Mass.	Mrs. Anna L. Dawes, Pittsfield, Mass.
Mrs. Charles G. Ames, Boston, Mass.	Miss Mary E. Nicholson, Indianapolis, Ind.
Mrs. Virginia T. Smith, Hartford, Conn.	Mrs. Alice I. Breed, Lynn, Mass.
Mrs. S. Hartwell Chapman, New Haven, Conn.	Miss Maria M. Love, Buffalo, N. Y.
Miss Mary Lowe Dickinson, New York City.	Mrs. Herbert P. Bissell, Buffalo, N.Y.
Miss Alice Lee, Westport, N. Y.	Mrs. Gov. Campbell, Columbus, O.
Mrs. William Pitt Lynde, Milwaukee, Wis.	Mrs. C. D. Homans, Boston, Mass.
Mrs. Andrew J. Aikins, Milwaukee, Wis.	Miss Elizabeth Howe, Cambridge, Mass.
Mrs. Catherine M. Shipley, Cincinnati, O.	Mrs. T. J. Backus, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Miss Winnie Taylor, Freeport, Ill.	Mrs. Fannie P. Palmer, Providence, R. I.
Mrs. A. J. Lackland, St. Louis, Mo.	Mrs. Clara Carhart, Amityville, N.Y.
Mrs. Robert M. K. Jones, St. Louis, Mo.	Mrs. Leland Stanford, Menlo Park, Cal.
Mrs. Hugh McKittrick, St. Louis, Mo.	Dr. Jennie McCowen, Davenport, Ia.
Mrs. William B. Rice, New York City.	Mrs. Annie B. Richardson, Lowell, Mass.
Mrs. Geo. W. Townsend, Buffalo, N. Y.	Mrs. Elizabeth B. Custer, New York City.
	Mrs. John W. Herron, Cincinnati, O.

OTHER ADVISORY COUNCILS of this Department are in course of formation, but are not yet ready for announcement.

NOTES.

1.—Mixed committees are not appointed, but separate committees of men and of women are appointed on appropriate subjects, to co-operate in their action as may appear to be desirable. In the present case the two committees have agreed to act together, and have joined in a Preliminary Address, briefly setting forth the object of the proposed Congresses.

2.—The objects and organization of the World's Congress Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying document.

CHARLES C BONNEY,

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

PRESIDENT W. C. A

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

II. Advisory Councils of such Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections, consisting of persons eminent in the work thereof, and non-resident of Chicago, who are especially invited to co-operate with the appropriate local Committees, and who constitute the non-resident branches of such Committees. The Advisory Councils are expected to aid the local Committees by correspondence freely, and by personal conference as opportunity may offer.

III. General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, consisting of eminent persons not specially assigned to co-operate with a particular local Committee.

IV. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, consisting of Committees of Women corresponding to the Committees of Men on all subjects appropriate for the co-operation of women. These Committees of Women are composed of members resident in or near Chicago, and are assisted in their work by Advisory Councils of eminent women corresponding to the Advisory Councils of men. Mixed Committees are not appointed; but the Committee of Men and the Committee of Women in a given Department, Division, Chapter, or Section, may meet in conference and act together as they may find agreeable and expedient. In several instances the Committees of women and of men after meeting in conference have resolved to hold joint meetings on the subject committed to their charge.

The Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary also has a general Honorary and Corresponding Membership of distinguished women.

PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses.

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

Music is the universal language of mankind.—*Longfellow.*

All inmost things are melodious, and naturally utter themselves in song.—*Carlyle.*

Music is the inarticulate speech of the heart, which cannot be compressed into words, because it is infinite.—*Wagner.*

12 .

DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC.

To facilitate conventions of Musicians and Musical Societies in which the Musical Problems of the time will be considered; and provide for Popular Congresses in connection with the Columbian Exposition, at Chicago, in 1893, in which will be set forth the results and prospects of Musical Progress.

THE SCOPE OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

President's Suggestions.

THE following themes are mentioned by the President to indicate the scope of this department and elicit the suggestions of the Committee on Musical Congresses, and of the members of the Advisory Council of this Department, and the general Honorary and Corresponding members, to be utilized, as the Committee may deem best, in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses.

a. The history of music, vocal and instrumental; and the decisive events which mark the great eras of musical development.

b. The distinguishing characteristics of the different eras of musical progress, including the leading ideas of the chief musical composers; the particular treatment of the themes selected; the special genius of the great musical composers; the leading traits of the eminent musical directors; the character of the instrumentation, and the particular merits of the eminent singers of each era.

c. Musical Composition; its nature and history, and the chief rules by which it should be governed.

d. Musical Education; systems, methods, and results in different musical eras.

e. The Oratorio; its nature and office, including Anthems, Chants, Hymns, etc.

f. The Opera; its nature and office, including the relation of music to the dramatic art.

g. The Orchestra; its nature and office; the laws of instrumentation, the relation of the several classes of instruments to each other, and the rules by which the most effective results may be obtained.

h. The Chorus; its nature and office; the relation and balance of the different parts; the sub-ordination of merely choral effects to the leading motive of the composition; the relation of the chorus to the Orchestra and to the leading singers, etc.

i. Popular music, including the songs of the people; military music; music for social festivities; music for schools, etc.

j. Musical Instruments; their origin, development, and present utility in the interpretation of musical compositions; the characteristics of individual instruments; the laws which govern their construction; the rules which regulate their use; the technical nature and office of each instrument, etc.

k. Music as an exact science; the mathematics of music and the fixed rules of the various branches of the musical art.

l. Musical criticism; its office and rules; standards of judgment, etc.

m. The contributions of music to the happiness of the common people

n. Church Music; its true nature, office and characteristics.

o. The Literature of music.

p. The influence of music on the national life.

q. The elements of musical immortality.

Themes Suggested for the Popular Congresses.

a. The great Oratorios and their creators.

b. The great Operas and their composers.

c. The Kings and Queens of song.

d. The music of Patriotism.

- e.* The Music of the Fireside
- f.* The Music of Romance.
- g.* The Music of Worship.
- h.* The relation of music to the other arts of enlightened life.
- i.* The influence of music on the moral, social and intellectual welfare of the people.
- j.* The music of the future; its themes, methods and uses.
- k.* Music, the universal language of the human heart. While hundreds of tongues and dialects divide mankind, music unites all peoples by speaking one language, which all can understand.

NOTE.—It is presumed that provision will be made for an Orchestra, Chorus, and other means of illustrating the work of the proposed Musical Congresses.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Musical Congresses.

MR. THEODORE THOMAS [Musical Director Columbian Exposition], *Chairman.*

DR. GEORGE F. ROOT, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mr. William L. Tomlins,	Mr. W. S. B. Mathews,
Mr. Clarence Eddy,	Mr. George P. Upton,
Mr. Calvin B. Cady,	Mr. Emil Liebling,
	Mr. Ferd W. Peck,

PARTIAL LIST OF

SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

On Orchestral Art.—Mr. Theodore Thomas.

On Choral Music and Training.—Mr. William L. Tomlins.

On the Songs of the People.—Dr. George F. Root.

On the Organ and Church Music.—Mr. Clarence Eddy.

On Musical Art and Literature.—Mr. W. S. B. Mathews.

On Musical Criticism and History.—Mr. George P. Upton.

On Opera Houses and Music Halls.—Mr. F. W. Peck.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Committee of the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Musical Congresses.

MRS. GEORGE B. CARPENTER, *Chairman.*

MRS. H. L. FRANK, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. J. R. Doolittle, Jr.,
Mrs. W. W. Kimball,
Mrs. J. W. Odell,
Mrs. L. H. Watson,
Mrs. Theodore Thomas,
Miss Fannie Root,
Madam Josephine Chatterton,
Mrs. Harry Gordon Selfridge,
Mrs. I. N. Camp,

Miss May Allport,
Mrs. Jas. S. Gibbs,
Miss Nellie McEwen,
Mrs. Jas. A. Hunt,
Madam Eugenie de Roode Rice,
Madam Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler,
Mrs. Dr. C. W. Earle,
Mrs. Jennie S. Kempton,
Mrs. Sara Hershey Eddy.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE

Advisory Council of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Musical Congress.

The eminent persons named in the following lists have been invited to constitute, with others to be appointed, the above Council. [See Note 7.]

Mr. William Mason, 29 Washington Square,
New York City.
Mr. Albert R. Parsons, Steinway Hall, New
York City.
Mr. Dudley Buck, 126 Amity Street, Brooklyn,
N. Y.
Mr. E. M. Bowman, Steinway Hall, New
York City.
Mr. Robert Bonner, 16 William Street, Provi-
dence, R. I.
Mr. Arthur Foote, 2 West Cedar Street,
Boston, Mass.
Mr. George W. Chadwick, Boston, Mass.
Mr. Benj. J. Lang, 8 Brimmer Street, Boston,
Mass.
Mr. Arthur Nikisch, Music Hall, Boston, Mass.
Mr. Samuel P. Warren, Grace House, New
York City.
Mr. H. F. Fink, *The Evening Post*, New
York City.

Mr. E. H. Krehbiel, *The Tribune*, New York
City.
Mr. Alexander Lambert, President New York
Conservatory, New York City.
Mr. Asger Hamerik, Peabody Institute, Balti-
more, Md.
Mr. Faelton, New England Conservatory,
Boston, Mass.
Mr. John S. Dwight, 11 Park Square, Boston,
Mass.
Prof. John K. Paine, Harvard College, Cam-
bridge, Mass.
Mr. I. V. Flagler, Syracuse University, Syra-
cuse, N. Y.
Mr. J. H. Hahn, Director Conservatory, De-
troit, Mich.
Mr. John C. Filmore, Milwaukee, Wis.
Mr. Julius Klauser, Milwaukee, Wis.

[FOREIGN.]

M. Guiseppe Verdi, Milan, Italy.
M. Charles Gounod, Paris, France.
M. Camille Saint-Saens, Paris France.
M. Antoine Rubinstein, St. Petersburg, Russia.
M. Giovanni Sgambati, St. Caecilia Academy,
Rome, Italy.
M. Giovanni Tebaldini, Venice, Italy.
M. F. A. Gevaert, Director of Conservatory,
Brussels, Belgium.
M. Delle-Sedie, Maestro del Canto, Paris,
France.
M. Franz Rummel, Berlin, Germany.
M. Moritz Moszkowsky, Berlin, Germany.

M. J. L. Nicode, Dresden, Saxony.
M. Carl Reinecke, Director Conservatory,
Leipsic, Germany.
M. Edward Grieg, Bergen, Norway.
Dr. A. C. Mackenzie, Care of Novello & Co.
London, England.
M. J. Spencer Curwen, London, England.
Sir Arthur Sullivan, Savoy Theatre, London,
England.
Mr. Joseph Barnby, Eton College, England.
M. Hans Richter, Imperial Opera House,
Vienna, Austria.

Advisory Council of the World's Columbian Commission on World's Congresses.

Hon. John W. Woodside, Pennsylvania.	
Hon. Charles H. Jones, Missouri.	Hon. John Bennett, Kentucky.
Hon. Albert A. Wilson, District of Columbia.	Hon. Frederick G. Bromberg, Alabama.
Hon. John Boyd Thatcher, New York.	Hon. Orson V. Tousley Minnesota.
Hon. Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont.	

NOTES.

1. Subjects not assigned to a Special Committee remain in charge of the General Committee.
2. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but a Committee of Men and a Committee of Women on the same or a kindred subject will act together as may be found expedient.
3. Additional Committees and Councils will be appointed as occasion may require.
4. The members of the Advisory Councils will co-operate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence. They may also unite in communication if they so desire. With few exceptions the membership of the Committees is local; that of the Advisory Councils non-resident of Chicago.
5. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying document.
6. Members of Advisory Councils rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary. In some cases acceptances have not been received, but, in view of the importance of early information of the plans for the Congresses, it is deemed not improper, in this merely preliminary publication, to print the fact of the appointment.
7. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.	CHARLES C. BONNEY, PRESIDENT W. C. A.
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EXPOSITION HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, August 1891.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

The Public Press is the means by which Public Opinion exerts its influence.

The office of a good newspaper is to represent well the interests of its time.—Bovee.

13.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC PRESS,

Including Editors, Leading Writers, and Publishers of Daily and other Periodical Publications.

**To provide for a proper presentation of the work and influence of the Public Press, in appropriate Congresses in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893;
to bring the most active and potent agencies of Public Opinion into more harmonious and useful relations; and as far as may be practicable,
to enable the attending people to see and hear the attending
Masters of Journalism.**

The Scope of This Department.

IN organizing this Department the President mentions the following themes to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions of the Committees, the members of the Advisory Councils, and the general Honorary and Corresponding Members to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

a. The origin, nature, growth and development of what is known as the Public Press.

b. The relation of the Public Press to modern civilization, as a means of information and intercommunication.

c. The distinguishing features of the Public Press Service of the different countries.

d. The liberty of the Press as a doctrine of Constitutional Law; its nature and its limitations.

e. The legal rights and privileges of the Public Press.

f. The legal duties and liabilities of the Public Press.

g. The law of civil libel; its origin, development, present condition, and what reforms should be recommended therein.

h. The law of criminal libel; its origin, development, present condition, and what reforms should be recommended therein.

i. The right to publish judicial proceedings, and to comment thereon.

j. The right to publish public debates, and comment thereon.

k. The newspaper as a common collector, carrier and distributor of news, the rights, privileges, duties and liabilities incident to this relation; and the duty of the courts to distinguish between the public newspaper as a common carrier of news, and other forms of publication for other purposes.

l. The newspaper as a public agency largely used in Governmental affairs; and its protection in that relation on grounds of Public Policy.

m. The public newspaper as technically a means and instrument of commerce, and the rights and duties resulting therefrom.

n. The publication of a newspaper as an employment of a public nature, and the rights and duties resulting from that relation.

o. Privileged publications, and the proper limitations of the privilege.

p. The correction of errors and mistakes, and the reparation of injuries inflicted on innocent persons.

q. Press Associations; their advantages and benefits, and the means whereby they may be made useful as safeguards against the commission of errors and mistakes.

r. The art of news gathering.

s. The art of reporting public proceedings.

t. The office of editorial comment, standards of excellence, etc.

u. The essential departments of a daily newspaper; their relative importance, and the means for the attainment of the highest excellence therein.

v. The essential departments of the weekly newspaper; and the means for the attainment of the highest excellence therein.

w. The monthly magazine; its proper field, appropriate departments, and successful conduct.

x. The influence of Journalism on National development.

y. The influence of Journalism on International relations.

PRELIMINARY
ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Public Press Congresses.

MR. WILLIAM PENN NIXON, *Chairman.*

MR. JAMES W. SCOTT, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hon. C. H. Harrison,
Mr. Victor F. Lawson,
Mr. Washington Hesing,
Mr. John Anderson,
Col. J. C. Bundy,

Mr. W. Benthuyssen,
Maj. Moses P. Handy,
Mr. Joseph R. Dunlop,
Mr. William K. Sullivan,
Dr. Simeon Gilbert.

Special Committee of This Department.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Religious Press Congress.

DR. SIMEON GILBERT, *Chairman.*

DR. ARTHUR EDWARDS, *Vice-Chairman.*

Dr. William C. Gray,

Dr. J. S. Cantwell,

Dr. Justin A. Smith.

Other Special Committees will be appointed when needed, and additions will be made to the Committees as occasion may require.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Daily Press Congress.

MISS MARY H. KROUT, *Chairman.*

MRS. H. H. DAVIDSON, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. A. V. H. Wakeman,
Miss Mary Mullet,
Miss May Buell,

Miss Eva Brodlique,
Mrs. E. M. Holden,
Mrs. Teresa Deane,

**Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Weeklies
and Magazines.**

MARY ALLEN WEST, *Chairman.*

MYRA BRADWELL, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Mary Stuart Armstrong,	Dr. Alice B. Stockham,
Mrs. Nancy Hustin Banks,	Miss Eliza W. Bowman,
Miss Frances L. Dusenberry,	Mrs. Lou V. Chapin,
Miss Emily A. Kellogg.	

**Advisory Councils of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Public Press
Congresses.**

These Advisory Councils are in course of formation, and will be announced
hereafter.

Advisory Council of the World's Columbian Commission on World's Congresses.

Hon. John W. Woodside, Pennsylvania.

Hon. Charles H. Jones, Missouri.

Hon. John Bennett, Kentucky.

Hon. Albert A. Wilson, District of Columbia.

Hon. Frederick G. Bromberg, Alabama.

Hon. John Boyd Thatcher, New York.

Hon. Orson V. Tousley, Minnesota.

Hon. Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont.

NOTES.

1. The Committees will prepare Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions. Subjects not assigned to a Special Committee will be in charge of the General Committee. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but a Committee of Men and a Committee of Women on the same or a kindred subject, will act together as occasion may require.

2. The members of the Advisory Councils will co-operate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence. They rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary.

3. The objects and organization of the Auxiliary are set forth in an accompanying statement.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH, SECRETARY.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

PRESIDENT, W. C. A

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, December, 1891.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

ORGANIZATION.

I. A local membership, consisting of persons resident in or near Chicago, and embracing the members of the several General and Special Committees of the Auxiliary in charge of the various Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections in which Congresses are to be held.

II. Advisory Councils of such Departments, Divisions, Chapters, and Sections, consisting of persons eminent in the work thereof, and non-resident of Chicago, who are especially invited to co-operate with the appropriate local Committees, and who constitute the non-resident branches of such Committees. The Advisory Councils are expected to aid the local Committees by correspondence freely, and by personal conference as opportunity may offer.

III. General Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, consisting of eminent persons not specially assigned to co-operate with a particular local Committee.

IV. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, consisting of Committees of Women corresponding to the Committees of Men on all subjects appropriate for the co-operation of women. These Committees of Women are composed of members resident in or near Chicago, and are assisted in their work by Advisory Councils of eminent women corresponding to the Advisory Councils of men. Mixed Committees are not appointed; but the Committee of Men and the Committee of Women in a given Department, Division, Chapter, or Section, may meet in conference and act together as they may find agreeable and expedient. In several instances the Committees of women and of men after meeting in conference have resolved to hold joint meetings on the subject committed to their charge.

The Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary also has a general Honorary and Corresponding Membership of distinguished women.

PLACES OF MEETING.

I. The Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition has undertaken to provide suitable places of meeting for the proposed World's Congresses, and to that end has taken action with the Art Institute of Chicago for the erection on the shore of Lake Michigan of a permanent Memorial Art Palace, with a suitable Auditorium for large conventions, and smaller rooms for meetings of Divisions, Chapters and Sections of the various Departments, to be used during the Exposition season for World's Congress purposes, and after its close to be devoted to the uses of the Art Institute. Should additional places of meeting be required, they will doubtless be provided, and the Auxiliary will offer whatever facilities may be at its command for the accommodation of those who will participate in the proposed World's Congresses.

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SECRETARY, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION OF 1893.

Religion: Real piety in practice, consisting in the performance of all known duties to God and man.—*Law Dictionary.*

No Society can be upheld in happiness and honor, without the sentiment of Religion.—*Laplace.*

Life and Religion are one, or neither is anything.—*George MacDonald.*

All Religion has relation to life, and the life of Religion is to do good.—*Swedenborg.*

All Religion is summed up in these two words—Law and Gospel; and these two words in one word—Love.—*Lyman Abbott.*

Pure Religion and undefiled before our God and Father, is to visit the widows and fatherless in their affliction, and keep oneself unspotted from the world.—*James I, 27.*

What doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?—*Micah VI, 8.*

All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them, for this is the law and the prophets.—*Matthew VII, 12.*

14. DEPARTMENT OF RELIGION.

Including Churches, Missions, Sunday Schools and other Religious Organizations.

To unite all Religion against all Irreligion; to make the Golden Rule the basis of this union; to present to the world in the Religious Congresses, to be held in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, the substantial unity of many religions in the good deeds of the Religious Life; to provide for a World's Parliament of Religions, in which their common aims and common grounds of union may be set forth, and the marvelous Religious Progress of the Nineteenth Century be reviewed; and to facilitate separate and Independent Congresses of different Religious Denominations and Organizations, under their own officers, in which their business may be transacted, their achievements presented, and their work for the future considered.

The Scope of this Department.

THE following themes are mentioned by the President as appropriate subjects to indicate the General Scope of this Department, and more especially to elicit the suggestions of the Committees, Advisory Councils, Honorary Members and others interested, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the Religious Congresses:

- a.* The Idea of God, its Influence and Consolations.
- b.* The Evidences of the Existence of God, especially those which are calculated to meet the agnosticism of the present time.
- c.* That Evils of Life should be shunned as Sins against God.
- d.* That the Moral Law should be obeyed as necessary to Human Happiness, and because such is the Will of the Creator.
- e.* That the Influence of Religion on the Family of Life, is to make it Virtuous and Pure.
- f.* That the Influence of Religion on the Community, is to Establish Justice. Promote Harmony and Increase the General Welfare.
- g.* That the Influence of Religion on the State, is to Repress Evil, Vice and Disorder in all their Forms, and to Promote the Safety and Happiness of the People.
- h.* That Conscience is not a Safe Guide, unless Enlightened by Religion and Guided by Sound Reason.
- i.* That of a Truth, God is no Respector of Persons, but in every Nation he that Feareth Him, and Worketh Righteousness, is Accepted of Him.
- j.* That throughout the World the Substantial Fruits of Sincere Religion include the following: Improved Personal Character; Better Citizenship; Better Business Methods; Nearly all the Works of Charity; Improved Domestic Order; Greater Public Peace, etc.
- k.* That the Weekly Rest Day is Indispensable to Religious Liberty, and to the General Welfare of the People.
- l.* The Triumphs of Religion in all Ages.
- m.* The Present State of Religion throughout the World, including its Marvelous Advances during the Present Century.
- n.* The Statistics of Churches as an Answer to the Alleged Prevalence of Infidelity.
- o.* The Dominance of Religion in the Higher Institutions of Learning.
- p.* The Actual Harmony of Science and Religion; and the Origin and Nature of the Alleged Conflict between them.
- q.* The Influence of Religious Missions on the Commerce of the World.
- r.* The Influence of Religion on Literature and Art.
- s.* The Coming Unity of Mankind in the Service of God and of Man.
- t.* That there is an influx from God into the mind of every man, teaching that there is a God, and that He should be worshipped and

obeyed; and that as the light of the sun is differently received by different objects, so the light of divine revelation is differently received by different minds, and hence arise varieties in the forms of religion.

21. That those who believe in these things may work together for the welfare of mankind, notwithstanding they may differ in the opinions they hold respecting God, His revelation and manifestation; and that such fraternity does not require the surrender of the points of difference. The Christian believing in the Supreme Divinity of Christ, may so unite with the Jew who devoutly believes in the Jehovah of Israel; the Quaker with the High Church Episcopalian; the Catholic with the Methodist; the Baptist with the Unitarian, etc.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Religious Congresses.

REV. DR. JOHN HENRY BARROWS, (Presbyterian), *Chairman*.

RT. REV. BISHOP WILLIAM E. McLAREN, D. D., D. C. L., (Prot. Episcopal).

REV. PROF. DAVID SWING, (Independent), *Vice-Chairmen*.

His Grace Archbishop P. A. Feehan,
(Catholic).

Rev. Dr. F. A. Noble, (Congrega-
tional).

Rev. Dr. Wm. M. Lawrence, (Baptist).

Rev. F. M. Bristol, D. D., (Methodist).

Rabbi E. G. Hirsh, (Jew).

Rev. Dr. A. J. Canfield, (Universalist).

Rt. Rev. Bishop C. E. Cheney, (Re-
formed Episcopal).

Rev. M. C. Ranseen, (Swedish Lu-
theran).

Rev. J. Berger, (German Methodist).

Mr. J. W. Plummer, (Quaker).

Rev. J. Z. Torgersen, (Norwegian Lu-
theran).

Rev. L. P. Mercer, (New Jerusalem,
Swedenborgian).

Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, *Secretary*,
(Unitarian).

NOTE.—The Chairman of the Division Committees will coöperate with this Committee in arranging the World's Parliament of Religions.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE

Divisions and Division Committees of this Department,

(ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED).

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Baptist Church Congress.

REV. DR. P. S. HENSON, *Chairman.*

DR. WM. R. HARPER, *Vice-Chairman.*

Rev. Dr. William M. Lawrence,

G. W. Northup, D.D., LL. D.,

Rev. O. P. Gifford,

Dr. A. K. Parker,

Dr. G. Anderson,

Rev. H. A. Delano,

Rev. C. Perren,

Mr. L. Everingham,

Mr. B. F. Jacobs.

Mr. Willard Smith.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Catholic Church Congress.

HIS GRACE ARCHBISHOP P. A. FEEHAN, *Chairman.*

Rev. Fr. Edward Higgins,

Rev. Thos. P. Hodnett,

Rev. T. F. Cashman,

Hon. William J. Onahan,

Rev. Vincent Barsynski, C. R.,

Hon. Thos. A. Moran,

Rev. A. J. Thiele,

Mr. Thomas Brenan,

Rev. J. H. Molitor,

Mr. William A. Amberg,

Rev. D. J. Riordan,

Mr. A. C. Hesing,

Rev. Fr. A. L. Bergeron,

Mr. Thos. F. Judge

NOTE.—Pending additions to this Committee will be hereafter announced.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congregational Church Congress.

REV. DR. F. A. NOBLE, *Chairman.*

Rev. Simeon Gilbert, D.D.,

Rev. J. G. Johnson,

Rev. Willard Scott,

Mr. E. W. Blatchford,

Mr. W. E. Hale,

Mr. I. N. Camp,

Dr. Wm. F. Poole.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Christian Church Congress.

REV. JOHN W. ALLEN, *Chairman.*

Rev. F. M. Kirkham,

Mr. Chas. C. Chapman,

Rev. J. H. Smart,

Rev. J. H. O. Smith,

Rev. W. H. Hayden,

Prof. W. F. Black,

Mr. John Carnduff,

Mr. A. A. Devore,

Mr. J. H. Pickrell.

Mr. H. H. Hubbard.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of the
Evangelical Association of North America.**

BISHOP J. J. ESHER, *Chairman.*

Bishop Thomas Bowman,
Prof. H. J. Kiekhoefer,
Rev. George Husser.

Rev. Wm. Goessele,
Prof. G. C. Knobel,
Rev. D. F. Fox.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of the
Evangelical Church of North America.**

[Not yet ready for announcement].

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Friends Church Congress.

REV. J. W. PLUMMER, *Chairman.*

Calvin W. Pritchard,
Fowell B. Hill,
Wm. Gifford,
Edward Speakman.

Wm. B. Wickersham,
Allen J. Flitcraft,
Geo. D. Griffith,
James MacDonald,

Wm. Henry Matchett.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Jewish Church Congress.

RABBI E. G. HIRSCH, *Chairman.*

Rabbi Joseph Stolz.

Rabbi I. S. Moses.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Lutheran General
Council Congress.**

REV. M. C. RANSEEN, *Chairman.*

Rev. H. W. Roth,
Rev. L. G. Abrahamson,
Rev. Robert Falmer.

Rev. C. A. Ewald,
Rev. J. N. Kildahl,
Rev. C. O. Boehaugh.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Lutheran General Synod
Congress.**

REV. L. M. HEILMAN, *Chairman.*

Rev. J. D. Severinghaus, D.D.,
Dr. J. Julson,

Rev. J. Z. Torgersen,
Mr. V. G. Tressler,

Prof. Peter Hendrickson.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Lutheran Synodical
Conference Congress.**

REV. LOUIS HOELTER, *Chairman.*

Rev. August Reinke.

Rev. O. Juul.

Mr. Aug. Heuer.

Mr. H. G. Hattstaedt.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Methodist Episcopal
Church Congress.**

BISHOP S. M. MERRILL, D.D., *Chairman.*

Rev. F. M. Bristol, D.D.,

Rev. Dr. Arthur Edwards D.D.,

Rev. Charles G. Trusdell, D.D.,

Rev. Jacob Berger, D.D.,

Rev. W. P. Stone, D.D.,

Prof. M. S. Terry, D.D.,

Rev. Lewis Curts, D.D.,

Rev. W. S. Studley, D.D.,

Rev. Frank Hardin, D.D.,

Rev. H. W. Bolton, D.D.,

Rev. R. Haagensen,

Rev. N. H. Axtell, D.D.,

Judge O. H. Horton,

Mr. J. B. Hobbs,

Mr. D. W. Potter,

Mr. Wm. Deering,

Mr. Frederick Ebersold.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a New Jerusalem
(Swedenborgian) Church Congress.**

REV. L. P. MERCER, *Chairman.*

Rev. L. G. Landenberger,

Mr. Alex. Officer,

Rev. A. J. Cleare,

Mr. C. H. Cutler,

Col. J. R. Putnam,

Mr. Joseph Sears,

Mr. W. L. Brown.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Presbyterian Church
Congress.**

REV. DR. JOHN HENRY BARROWS, *Chairman.*

Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson,

Rev. Thos. C. Hall,

Rev. Dr. William C. Roberts,

Rev. J. L. Withrow,

Rev. S. J. McPherson,

Rev. J. G. K. McClure,

Rev. D. C. Marquis,

Rev. R. W. Patterson,

Mr. Cyrus H. McCormick,

Hon. J. V. Farwell,

Mr. Norman Williams.

Mr. Thomas Kane.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Protestant Episcopal Church Congress.

RT. REV. BISHOP WILLIAM E. McLAREN, D.D., D.C. L., *Chairman*,

Rev. Dr. T. N. Morrison,	Rev. Dr. E. R. Bishop,
Rev. Dr. J. H. Knowles,	Rev. Dr. A. W. Little,
Rev. Dr. C. W. Leffingwell,	Rev. Dr. J. Rouse,
Rev. Dr. L. Pardee,	Rev. Dr. F. W. Tomkins, Jr.,
Rev. Dr. J. Rushton,	Mr. G. A. Armour,
Rev. Dr. Clinton Locke,	Mr. J. W. Doane,
Mr. D. R. Brower,	Mr. A. Ryerson.

Mr. A. T. Lay.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of the Reformed Church of North America.

REV. A. HEINEMANN, *Chairman*.

Rev. O. J. Accola, D.D.,	Rev. P. Korn,
Mr. H. Schanze.	Mr. A. Zinn.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Reformed (Dutch) Church of America.

REV. W. H. WILLIAMSON, *Chairman*.

Rev. Bernardus DeBey,	Rev. J. P. DeJong,
Rev. B. Van Ess,	Rev. R. Bloemendal,
Rev. J. S. Joralmon,	Rev. G. J. Hekhuis,
Rev. P. Moerdyke.	

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Reformed Protestant Episcopal Church Congress.

RT. REV. BISHOP CHARLES E. CHENEY, *Chairman*.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Samuel Fallows,	Rev. H. D. Johnston,
Rev. F. J. Walton.	Mr. J. H. Bradshaw.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of the Swedish Evangelical Mission, Covenant in America.

REV. ANDREW HALLNER, *Chairman*.

Rev. Chas. A. Bjork,	Rev. N. Peterson,
Mr. A. V. Julin,	Mr. A. A. Swensen,
Capt. C. A. Oman.	

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of the
Church of United Brethren.**

BISHOP E. B. KEPHART, D.D., LL. D., *Chairman.*
Rev. W. M. Beardshare, D.D., LL. D., Rev. W. M. Weekly.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Unitarian Church Congress.

REV. JENKINS LLOYD JONES, *Chairman.*
Rev. J. R. Effinger, Rev. J. V. Blake,
Rev. Dr. T. G. Milsted, Rev. W. W. Fenn,
Rev. A. W. Gould, Rev. T. B. Forbush,
Rev. L. J. Duncan, Hon. D. L. Shorey,
Mr. J. M. Wanzer, Mr. H. T. Thompson,
 Dr. George F. Shears.

**Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Universalist Church
Congress.**

REV. DR. A. J. CANFIELD, *Chairman.*
Rev. Dr. J. S. Cantwell, Rev. M. H. Harris,
Rev. H. D. L. Webster, Rev. J. L. Dinsmore,
Rev. J. W. Hansom, Rev. Geo. A. Sahlin,
Rev. R. A. White, Rev. A. L. Alcott,
Rev. A. H. Living, Mr. H. N. Higinbotham,
Mr. Chas. L. Hutchinson, Mr. C. B. Sawyer,
Mr. S. N. Brooks, Mr. Samuel Kerr,
 Mr. S. W. Straub.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Missions.

[Representing, not Churches, but Missionary Organizations].

REV. WALTER MANNING BARROWS, D.D., *Chairman.*
WILLIAM E. BLACKSTONE, ESQ., *Vice-Chairman.*
Rev. Alvirus N. Hitchcock, Secretary, Pres. William R. Harper,
Rev. Frank M. Bristol, D.D., Rev. Daniel J. Riordan,
Rev. Theodore N. Morrison, D.D., Rev. A. J. Canfield, D.D.,
Rev. O. P. Gifford, D.D., Rev. Moses Smith,
Mr. William A. Amberg, Rev. Geo. E. Youngdahl,
Rev. J. J. Keller. Mr. Charles S. Holt.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Religious Congresses.

REV. AUGUSTA J. CHAPIN, (Universalist), *Chairman*.

MRS. C. B. FARWELL, (Presbyterian), *Vice-Chairman*.

Mrs. Martha H. Ten Eyck, (Baptist),	Mrs. C. A. Evald, (Lutheran).
Mrs. Fred. A. Smith, (Baptist).	Mrs. J. J. Esher, (Lutheran).
Mrs. J. A. Mulligan, (Catholic).	Mrs. Arthur Edwards, (Methodist).
Mrs. George W. Smith, (Catholic).	Mrs. Soloman Thatcher, (Methodist).
Mrs. George Sherwood, (Congrega- tional).	Mrs. John Henry Barrows, (Presby- terian).
Mrs. F. B. Little, (Congregational).	Mrs. Emma R. Flitcraft, (Quaker).
Mrs. J. M. Flower, (Episcopalian).	Mrs. Joseph Sears, (Swedenborgian).
Mrs. J. N. Hyde, (Episcopalian).	Miss Lillie Scammon, (Swedenbor- gian)
Mrs. F. Q. Ball, (Independent).	Mrs. Henry B. Stone, (Unitarian).
Mrs. J. R. Wilson, (Independent).	Mrs. Celia P. Wooley, (Unitarian).
Mrs. Henry Soloman, (Jew).	Mrs. M. H. Harris, (Universalist).
Mrs. I. G. Moses, (Jew).	

NOTE.—Denominational Committees will be appointed as required.

The Woman's Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on a Congress of Women's Missions.

[Representing, not Churches, but Women's Missionary Organizations].

MRS. FRANKLIN W. FISK, *Chairman*.

MRS. MOSES SMITH, *Vice-Chairman*.

Mrs. C. B. Farwell,	Mrs. Max Hjortsberg,
Mrs. Henry M. Shepard,	Mrs. Frank P. Crandon,
Mrs. William Blair,	Mrs. Lyman Baird,
Mrs. Albert Keep,	Mrs. I. N. Danforth,
Mrs. A. M. Bacon,	Mrs. N. H. Blatchford,
Mrs. Samuel Fallows,	Mrs. J. N. Crouse,
Mrs. Isaac R. Hitt,	Mrs. Esther Tuttle Pritchard,
Mrs. O. Van Shaack Ward,	Miss Elizabeth Skinner,
Mrs. I. Everingham,	Mrs. E. E. Marcy,
Miss Katharine Arnold,	Mrs. W. C. Roberts,
Mrs. Isaac B. Claflin,	Mrs. Henry P. Crowell (Sec.)

NOTE.—The Mission Committees of this Department represent Religious Missions only. Missions of a Charitable, Reformatory or Ethical nature belong to the Department of Moral and Social Reform.

The Advisory Councils of this Department.

Each Committee will be assisted by an Advisory Council, composed of persons eminent in its work. They may be selected from all parts of the world, and will be appointed by the President, on the recommendation of the Committee. The Advisory Councillors will co-operate by correspondence, and will constitute the non-resident branch of the Committee. Such Councils are in course of formation, but are not yet ready for announcement.

NOTES.

1.—It is expected that each Committee will prepare a Preliminary Address, similar in its general character to that issued by the General Committee of this Department.

2.—After much consideration, and an earnest effort to bring them earlier in the season, the Religious Congresses have been assigned to be held between August 25th and September 28th, 1893, as most convenient for participants who will come from distant parts of the world.

3.—The Objects and Organization of the Auxiliary are briefly stated in an accompanying document.

4.—Communications should be addressed to the Chairman of the proper Committee at the Auxiliary Headquarters.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH,

Secretary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January. 1892.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, PRESIDENT.
THOS. B. BRYAN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

LYMAN J. GAGE, TREASURER.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, SEC'Y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary
OF THE
World's Columbian Exposition.

Preliminary Address of the General Committee on Religious
Congresses in connection with the
Exposition of 1893.

THE Columbian Exposition of 1893, besides a comprehensive and brilliant display of the achievements of men in material progress, is to be made still more notable by Conventions of the leaders of human thought. The Auxiliary having charge of these Congresses is an organization which has received Congressional recognition and approval, and is authorized and supported by the World's Fair authorities, who earnestly believe that these Conventions will elevate the character and increase the utility of the Exposition. Audience rooms, sufficient in number and capacity for every kind of assembly, will be provided by the Directory of the Fair.

Since the World's Fair stands for the world's progress in civilization, it is important that the creative and regulative power of Religion, as a prime factor and force in human development, should receive due prominence. The Committee having charge of the Religious Congresses seek the co-operation of the representatives of all Faiths. Now that the Nations are being brought into closer and friendlier relations with each other, the time is apparently ripe for new manifestations and developments of religious fraternity. Humanity, though sundered by oceans and languages and widely differing forms of Religion, is yet one in need, if not altogether in hope. The literatures and the results of the great historic Faiths are more and more studied in the spirit which would employ only the agencies of

light and love. It is not the purpose of these Conventions to create the temper of indifferentism in regard to the important peculiarities distinguishing the Religions of the world, but rather to bring together, in frank and friendly conference, the most eminent men of different Faiths, strong in their personal convictions, who will strive to see and show what are the supreme truths, and what light Religion has to throw on the great problems of our age. Ample provision will be made for special Congresses of all Churches, denominations or religious organizations, which may desire to avail themselves of the opportunities presented by this Auxiliary. The central Religious Congress will, however, rest on a wider basis. We are confident that it may be made illustrious as a representative gathering of men united for the attainment of great moral ends.

Believing that God is, and that He has not left Himself without witness; believing that the influence of Religion tends to advance the general welfare, and is the most vital force in the social order of every people; and convinced that of a truth God is no respecter of persons, but that in every Nation he that feareth Him and worketh righteousness is accepted of Him, we affectionately invite the representatives of all Faiths to aid us in presenting to the world, at the Exposition of 1893, the religious harmonies and unities of humanity, and also in showing forth the moral and spiritual agencies which are at the root of human progress. It is proposed to consider the foundations of religious Faith; to review the triumphs of Religion in all ages; to set forth the present state of Religion among the Nations and its influence over Literature, Art, Commerce, Government, and the Family Life; to indicate its power in promoting temperance and social purity, and its harmony with true Science; to show its dominance in the higher institutions of learning; to make prominent the value of the weekly rest-day on religious and other grounds; and to contribute to those forces which shall bring about the unity of the race in the worship of God and the service of Man. Let representatives from every part of the globe be interrogated and bidden to declare what they have to offer or suggest for the world's betterment; what light Religion has to throw on the labor problems, the educational questions, and the perplexing social conditions of our time; and what illumination it can give to the subjects of vital interest that come before the other Congresses of 1893. It is proposed to have these and similar themes discussed by great masters of human thought from many lands, and we invite suggestions and assurances of co-operation from those persons and religious bodies to whom this address is particularly sent.

From the many favorable responses already received from leading theologians, statesmen, jurists, historians, scientists, authors and scholars it is expected that the Congresses of 1893 will mark an important epoch in the history of the human mind.

REV. JOHN HENRY BARROWS, D. D.,
Chairman (Presbyterian),
REV. PROF. DAVID SWING,
Vice-Chairman (Independent),
ARCHBISHOP P. A. FEEHAN (Catholic),
RT. REV. BISHOP WILLIAM E. McLAREN,
D. D., D. C. L. (Protestant Episcopal),
REV. DR. F. A. NOBLE (Congregational),
REV. DR. WILLIAM M. LAWRENCE (Baptist),
REV. DR. F. M. BRISTOL (Methodist),
RABBI E. G. HIRSCH (Jew),
REV. DR. A. J. CANFIELD (Universalist),
REV. JENKIN LLOYD JONES (Unitarian),
RT. REV. BISHOP C. E. CHENEY
(Reformed Episcopal),
REV. M. C. RANSEEN (Swedish Lutheran),
REV. JOHN Z. TORGERSEN (Norwegian Lutheran),
REV. J. BERGER (German Methodist),
MR. J. W. PLUMMER (Quaker),
REV. L. P. MERCER (Swedenborgian),
THE SECRETARY (*ex-officio*),
General Committee.

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE.—Assisting this General Committee, special Committees of different Christian and other denominations will aid in arranging Congresses of their religious bodies and of groups of affiliated organizations. Each special Committee of this department is authorized to nominate for appointment an Advisory Council, consisting of prominent men of its own faith, who will co-operate with the special Committee. It is expected that International Sunday School Conventions and Missionary Congresses, both Catholic and Protestant, and meetings of the great societies of young people, such as the Young Men's and Women's Christian Associations, the Christian Endeavor, Epworth League, and other similar organizations, including the Union of the American Hebrew congregations, will be held. The Evangelical Alliance of the United States has voted to hold an Inter-national Convention in Chicago at the time of the Exposition. Arrangements are also being made for an International Congress on the Sunday question, similar to that which was held during the Paris Exposition of 1889. Additional appointments on these Committees and appointments of other Committees will be made as occasion may require.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOMAS B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

OBJECTS.

I. **T**O provide for the proper presentation of the intellectual and moral progress of the world, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all the chief departments of human achievement.

II. To provide places of meeting and other facilities for appropriate organizations to hold conventions in Chicago at a convenient time in the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the living questions pending in their respective departments.

III. To arrange and conduct a series of Union Congresses to present to the people the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

IV. To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

V. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive plans than have hitherto been made to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the effectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

WHEN THEY WILL BE HELD.

The following is the general assignment of the Columbian World's Congresses, by Departments, to January, 1892. It is expected that all the assignments will be definitely and permanently fixed by July of this year. In the General Divisions of these Departments, more than a hundred Congresses are to be held. In a few cases applications have been made to hold a Division Congress out of its proper order, for very important special reasons, but of course no Congress can have as complete accommodations out of its proper Department as would be afforded in it.

FOR MAY.

- I. Music and the Drama.
- II. The Public Press.
- III. Medicine and Surgery.

FOR JUNE.

- IV. Temperance.
- V. Moral and Social Reform.
- VI. Commerce and Finance.

FOR JULY.

- VII. Literature.
- VIII. Science and Philosophy.
- IX. Education.

FOR AUGUST.

- X. Engineering.
- XI. Art, Architecture, etc.
- XII. Government, Law Reform and Political Science, etc.

FOR SEPTEMBER.

- XIII. Religion, Missions, etc.
- XIV. Sunday Rest.

FOR OCTOBER.

- XV. Labor, Trades and Occupations.
- XVI. Agriculture.

EXPLANATORY.

I. The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the actual management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been recognized by act of Congress.

II. The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation, for the purpose of bringing about a series of world's conventions of the leaders in the various departments of human progress, during the exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized and approved by the government of the United States. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

III. The Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary consists of the General and Special Committees of Women appointed by the Auxiliary.

IV. The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, and is empowered to accept a site and approve plans of buildings to be offered by the corporation above named. The Commission is also authorized to allot space, classify exhibits, appoint judges, and perform some other similar duties.

V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

[REVISED PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

PRESIDENT, CHARLES C. BONNEY.
VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. B. BRYAN.

TREASURER, LYMAN J. GAGE.
SEC'Y., BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION,

OF 1893.

Science is, like virtue, its own exceeding great reward.—KINGSLEY.

15. DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

To facilitate conventions of Scientific Institutions and Societies, and Provide for Public Congresses in connection with the Columbian Exposition at Chicago, in 1893, in which will be set forth the results and prospects of Scientific and Philosophical Progress.

The Scope of This Department.

EACH separate Congress will consider what are termed the living questions within its province. The responsibility of each committee will be limited to its own Congress. Each committee will be assisted by an Advisory Council composed of persons eminent in its particular field of action. The members of these Councils will be selected from various countries, and will act as Honorary and Corresponding members of the committee with which they are invited to co-operate. Meetings of scientists only will act on strictly scientific questions, while practical workers will actively participate in matters of applied science. The divisions and committees are intended to promote convenience of meeting. They are not published as technically accurate, either in name or limitation. The very great difficulties of making

a satisfactory classification of the several sciences, can be appreciated only by those who have patiently attempted the task. Provision for a particular Congress means simply that it has been deemed proper to give it a place in the arrangements. It is considered that persons interested in a scientific art, such as Microscopy or a scientific inquiry such as Psychical Research, may appropriately hold a convention in the Department of Science and Philosophy. The final plans will await for a reasonable time the suggestions and advice of scientists and philosophers of all countries, whose views are cordially invited.

The Public Congresses of this Department are intended to present the unities and the fraternities of science, and are also designed to gratify and benefit the people who will attend the Exposition, by giving them opportunities to see and hear some of the foremost leaders in the various fields of Scientific and Philosophic progress. The following are mentioned as appropriate themes for such popular congresses.

1. The origin, development, present condition, and prospects of each of the several sciences, and of philosophy.
2. The unsolved problems of each, and the present means and methods of their solution.
3. The relations of each to other sciences.
4. The relations of each to Human History and Progress, to the problems of Social Life, to Economic Interests, to Commerce, to the Fine Arts, and otherwise to the welfare of the people.

The General Divisions of this Department include the Physical and Mathematical Sciences, the Biological Sciences, Anthropology and Ethnology, Psychology and Psychical Research, and Philosophy.

These Divisions are intended merely to constitute convenient groups of subjects, and to avoid an unnecessary increase of Committees. Such Divisions may be sub-divided into Chapters and Sections, as may be deemed expedient.

NOTES 1. THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF Science uses the following classification: *a*, Mathematics and Astronomy; *b*, Physics; *c*, Chemistry; *d*, Mechanical Science and Engineering; *e*, Geology; and Geography; *f*, Biology; *g*, —————; *h*, Anthropology; *i*, Economic Science and Statistics.

2. THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE classifies as follows: *a*, Mathematics; *b*, Chemistry; *c*, Geology; *d*, Biology; *e*, Geography; *f*, Economic Science and Statistics; *g*, Mechanical Science; *h*, Anthropology.

3. A UNIVERSITY CLASSIFICATION.—In a leading institution of learning, in which the sciences hold a conspicuous place, the following classification is used: Mathematics and Astronomy, Physics, Chemistry, Mineralogy and

Metallurgy, Botany, Horticulture and Arboriculture, Entomology and Invertebrate Zoölogy, Physiology and Vertebrate Zoölogy, Geology and Paleontology, Agriculture, Veterinary Science, Architecture, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, and the Mechanical Arts.

4. THE SCIENTIFIC CONGRESSES AT PARIS IN 1889, according to a published list, were as follows: Prehistoric Anthropology and Archæology, Criminal Anthropology, Applied Mechanics, Architecture, Mathematical Science, Chronometry, Dentistry, Dermatology, etc.; Education, Electricity, Water Navigation, Geographical Science, Horticulture, Hydrology, Hygiene, Marine Engineering, Meteorology, Mines and Metallurgy, Otology and Laryngology, Pathology, Photography, Physiology, Statistics, Therapeutics, Veterinary and General Medicine, Zoölogy. Of these subjects, Architecture, Education, Electricity, Water Navigation, Hygiene, Dentistry, Marine Engineering, Pathology, Photography, Physiology, Therapeutics, and General Medicine, are assigned to other Departments of the World's Congresses of 1893, and those which remain, to the Department of Science and Philosophy.

5. BY PHILOSOPHY, AS USED IN THIS CONNECTION, is meant the Universal Philosophy indicated by the names of Pythagoras, Plato, Aristotle, Descartes, Hobbs, Leibnitz, Kant, Schelling, Hegel, Sir William Hamilton, Locke, Pascal, Spinoza, Fichte, Schopenhauer, August Comte, Herbert Spencer, and others of their class. THIS UNIVERSAL PHILOSOPHY embraces the History of the Philosophic movement from the earliest time, and includes the Theory of Knowledge, Logic, Ontology, Cosmology, Sociology, Metaphysics, Ethics, Aesthetics, Religion, Politics or the State, and the modern Theory of Evolution, as will be more fully set forth in the Preliminary Address of the Committee on Philosophy.

PRELIMINARY

ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Science and Philosophy.

(Composed of the Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen of the Special Committees, for conference and co-operation in the general arrangements.)

PROF. R. N. FOSTER, M. A., M. D., *Chairman.*

DR. EDMUND ANDREWS, [Pres. Chicago Academy of Sciences.] *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. F. W. Putnam,

Col. R. C. Clowry,

Prof. Elliott Coues, Ph. D., M. D.,

Prof. Edson S. Bastin,

Dr. S. H. Peabody,
Prof. Stephen A. Forbes,
Prof. Oliver Marcy, LL. D.,
Prof. George W. Hough,
Prof. George E. Hale,
Prof. John H. Long,
Prof. Walter S. Haines,
Prof. Elisha Gray, Ph. D., LL. D.,

Prof. C. B. Atwell,
Prof. O. S. Westcott,
Hon. Thos. J. Burrill,
Pres. Henry L. Tolman,
Col. John C. Bundy,
Dr. Henry M. Lyman,
Col. H. P. Davidson,
Capt. E. L. Huggins,

PARTIAL LIST OF THE
Special Committees of This Department.

[Other Members and Committees to be added as required.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on General Physics.

Excepting subjects specially assigned to other committees.

DR. SELIM H. PEABODY, [Chief of Exhibit of Liberal Arts, &c.] *Chairman.*

PROF. OLIVER MARCY, LL. D., [Northwestern University,] *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. Charles W. Rolfe,

Prof. V. C. Alderson,

Prof. Edward G. Howe,

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Mathematics and Astronomy

PROF. GEORGE W. HOUGH, [Northwestern University,] *Chairman.*

PRES. ELIAS COLBERT, [Chicago Astronomical Society,] *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. Mark W. Harrington,

Prof. George E. Hale,

Prof. E. H. Moore,

Prof. Malcolm McNeill,

Mr. R. W. Pike,

Mr. G. A. Douglas.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Meteorology.

PROF. MARK W. HARRINGTON, *Chairman.*

Members not ready for announcement.]

NOTE.—Economic Climatology will also be considered in the department of Agriculture.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Geology.

Including convenient kindred subjects.

DR. JOSUA LINDAHL, [State Geologist of Illinois] *Chairman.*

DR. EDMUND ANDREWS, *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. Oliver Marcy,

Prof. V. C. Alderson,

Prof. Charles W. Rolfe.

Geography.

It is expected that a separate Committee on a Geographical Congress will be appointed.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Chemistry.

Both Pure and Applied, in Appropriate Chapters and Sections.

PROF. JOHN H. LONG, *Chairman.*

PROF. WALTER S. HAINES, *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. A. V. E. Young.

Prof. Mark Delafontaine,

Mr. Walter Lee Brown.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Electricity.

Including Scientific and Technical Electricity, Telegraphy, Telephony, Electric Light, Electric Power, and other forms of electrical application, with appropriate Chapters and Sections for the proper consideration of each.

PROF. ELISHA GRAY, Ph. D., LL. D., *Chairman.*

COL. ROBERT C. CLOWRY, *Vice-Chairman.*

Prof. H. S. Carhart,

Mr. Enos M. Barton,

Mr. Charles H. Wilson,

Mr. Frank S. Gorton,

Mr. E. B. Chandler,

Mr. George H. Bliss,

Mr. C. H. Summers,

Mr. John P. Barrett,

Mr. Bernard E. Sunny.

Mr. F. W. Cushing,

Mr. W. A. Kreidler,

Mr. Herbert Laws Webb.

[Other names reserved for Special Committees.]

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Botany.

PROF. EDSON S. BASTIN, *Chairman*.

PROF. C. B. ATWELL, *Vice-Chairman*.

Prof. Thomas J. Burrill. Dr. Charles R. Barnes, Dr. J. C. Arthur,
Pres. J. M. Coulter, Mr. Henry L. Tolman.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Zoology.

PROF. STEPHEN A. FORBES, [University of Illinois,] *Chairman*.

PROF. O. S. WESTCOTT, *Vice-Chairman*.

Princ. George E. Peckham, Prof. William A. Locy, M. S.
Prof. Edward G. Howe, Mr. B. F. Quimby.

NOTE.—The very great practical importance of Economic Entomology makes it proper that this subject be also assigned to the Department of Agriculture.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Microscopy.

HON. THOS. J. BURRILL, [Regent University of Illinois] *Chairman*.

MR. HENRY L. TOLMAN, [Pres't State Microscopical Society,] *Vice-Chairman*.

Prof. Marshall D. Ewell, [Pres. Am. Micros. Society.]

Dr. Lester Curtis, Prof. Frank L. Morse,
Mr. William Hoskins, Dr. L. D. McIntosh.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Anthropology,

Including Ethnology and Archæology.

PROF. F. W. PUTNAM [Chief of Ethnological Exhibit,] *Chairman*.

Mr. C. Staniland Wake, Mr. Edward E. Ayer, Hon. H. W. Beckwith,
Mr. James W. Ellsworth.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on American Indian Ethnology.

COL. H. P. DAVIDSON [Supt. Highland Park Military Academy,] *Chairman*,
CAPT. E. L. Huggins, *Vice-Chairman*.

Prof. F. W. Putnam,	Mr. William Penn Nixon,
Gen. Chas. H. Howard,	Maj. Joseph Kirkland,
Mr. Henry E. Weaver,	Mr. W. C. Cook,
Sec. Henry H. Walker.	

African Ethnology.

The recent partition of Africa among the European powers has given a greatly increased importance to the question of the future of the African race, and its capacity to subserve the civilization of the age. At the same time, the question of the future of the negro in America is one of the foremost questions of the western hemisphere. Proposals have been made for a Congress to consider the questions above suggested, and arrangements are in contemplation to that end.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Psychical Science.

COL. JOHN C. BUNDY, *Chairman*.
PROF. ELLIOTT COUES, Ph. D., M. D., *Vice-Chairman*.
Pres. Lyman J. Gage, Mr. Ernest E. Crepin, Rev. Hiram W. Thomas, D. D.
Prof. A. Reeves Jackson, A. M., M. D., Mr. D. H. Lamberson,
Mr. James H. McVicker, Mr. D. Harry Hammer.

Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Philosophy.

PROF. R. N. FOSTER, M. A., M. D., *Chairman*.
DR. HENRY M. LYMAN, *Vice-Chairman*.
Hon. A. N. Waterman, Rev. L. P. Mercer, Rev. Dr. H. W. Thomas,
Dr. Paul Carus, Prof. Louis J. Block, Mr. Melville E. Stone.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT

PARTIAL LIST OF THE COMMITTEES OF WOMEN ON SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

Committee of the Womans' Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Science and Philosophy.

MRS. CAROLINE K. SHERMAN, *Chairman.*

DR. SARAH HACKETT STEVENSON, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Mary A. Wilmarth, Miss Lucy L. McDowell, Mrs. Stella Dyer Loring,
Dr. Mary A. Mixer, Miss Rebecca S. Rice, Mrs. Kate M. Higginson,
Mrs. Maria A. Shorey. Mrs. Caroline A. Grow, Mrs. L. W. A. Cooke,
Dr. Margaret E. Sullivan, Mrs. Sara A. Hubbard.

Committee of the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary on American Indian Ethnology.

MISS EMMA C. SICKLES, *Chairman.*

MRS. MARTHA H. TEN EYCK, *Vice-Chairman.*

Mrs. Gen. John A. Logan, Mrs. Senator Lyman Trumbull,
Mrs. Dr. S. J. McPherson, Mrs. M. I. Sandes,
Miss Charlotte Teller.

NOTES.

1. The Advisory Councils announced in the first edition of this Preliminary Publication have been much increased, and several additional Councils have been appointed. The original announcement of these Councils is therefore omitted in this edition, and the Councils as enlarged will appear in connection with the Preliminary Addresses of the General Divisions of this Department to which they respectively belong.

2. The members of the Advisory Councils rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary, and will coöperate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence. Information of any error in name or address will be thankfully received.

3. The Committees will prepare and submit Preliminary Addresses, setting forth the work to be done, and inviting suggestions. Additional Committees will be appointed when required.

4. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but Committees of Women are appointed on appropriate subjects, and a Committee of Men and a Committee of Women on the same or a kindred subject will act, either separately or together, as occasion may require.

5. Communications may be addressed to the Chairman of the proper Committee.

BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH,
Secretary.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,
President World's Congress Auxiliary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, April, 1892.

The World's Congresses of 1893.

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V. The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the special interests of women in the Exposition.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

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The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

16. DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

GENERAL DIVISION OF AFRICAN ETHNOLOGY.

Report in Behalf of the General Committee, by its Chairman,
Joseph E. Roy, D. D.

Hon. Charles C. Bonney, President of the World's Congress Auxiliary—

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of progress in preparation for the Congress on Africa. This report falls naturally into five divisions. They comprise the origin of the Congress, preparations and progress, views and utterances of African specialists, speakers and subjects, and conclusion.

I.

GENESIS OF THE CONGRESS ON AFRICA.

In 1849 Thomas Carlyle wrote: "In intellect, faculty, docility, energy and available value our black population equals, perhaps, one of the streets of Seven Dials. Do I, then, hate the Negro? No! Except when the soul is killed out of him I decidedly like poor Quashee. To save men's bodies and fill them with pumpkins and rum is a poor task for human benevolence, if you have to kill their soul. How to abolish the abuses of slavery—alas! I do not pretend that

this can be done in a single century. To state articulately and put into practical law-books what is *fair* from White to Black; what relations the Eternal Maker *has* established between these two creatures of His, will be a long problem. What are the true relations between Negro and White? What their mutual duties under the sight of the Maker of both? What human laws will assist both to comply more and more with those?" In 1879 Victor Hugo said: "In the nineteenth century the White has made a man of the Black; in the twentieth century Europe will make a world out of Africa."

The events of the thirty years between Carlyle's questions and Hugo's answers are the genesis of the Chicago Congress on Africa. That Dark Continent ceased to be the lost and hopeless continent. In the United States and in Brazil the Negro came forth from the house of bondage. The world realized that Africa, though an age-long alien from the commonwealth of nations, had been no mean citizen of the ancient world. Science saw that nowhere else has she a field at once so vast and virgin as that between Cape Bon and the Cape of Good Hope. Christianity heard the call of the "trumpet that never calls retreat," renewed its loyalty to the marching orders of its Lord, and bore the banner of the Cross into the heart of Africa. Men of the church and men of the world, constrained by the claims and feeling the force of such considerations, were by you appointed to create a world's congress on Africa.

II.

PREPARATIONS AND PROGRESS.

You made Messrs. J. E. Roy, of the American Missionary Association, G. W. Gray, D. D., of the American University at Washington, and Frederic Perry Noble, of the Newberry Library,—respectively chairman, vice-chairman and secretary of a general committee. Upon nomination you appointed as other members of that committee the following laymen: L. W. Busbey, of the Chicago *Inter Ocean*, E. Burritt Smith, Esq., of the Chicago bar, Hon. B. C. Cook, and Isaac Claflin, Esq.; together with the following clergy: Arthur Edwards, D. D., editor of the *Northwestern Christian Advocate*; Rev. L. P. Mercer, pastor of the Michigan Avenue New Church Temple; J. T. Jenifer, D. D., pastor of the Quinn African M. E. Chapel, and J. L. Withrow, D. D., pastor of the Third Presbyterian church, all of this city; and C. C. Adams, geographical editor and African specialist of the New York *Sun*. This committee appointed its chairman and secretary, with Messrs. Claflin and Jenifer as the executive committee, and Messrs. Noble, Edwards and Busbey as a committee on publicity. A preliminary address adopted by the general committee was approved by yourself and published in several editions. As an Advisory Council, initial lists of gentlemen resident in Africa, America and Europe were appointed by us. From time to time we made additions, till now our lists include the members of the Berlin Congress and of the Brussels Conference, European rulers, administrators in Africa, explorers, missionaries, scientists, and students of Africa and its problems. These

three hundred gentlemen having been nominated were by you ratified and advised of their appointment, and will be found named at the end of this report.

I deem this Congress exceptionally fortunate in having secured as its secretary Mr. Noble, *son* of Frederick A. Noble, D. D., the pastor of Union Park Congregational Church, Chicago. I am glad to state at once that the schedule of subjects of our Congress on Africa, and views of experts, appear as they had been worked out by him. Not only had he studied African subjects for twenty years, but his connection with Newberry Library put him in command of rare resources which he made available for the utmost uses of the Congress on Africa. Last April he classified human knowledge of Africa in its every aspect and relation, and also made a list of such works in Newberry Library as bear directly upon Africa or upon our Negro question. Including articles in the eight hundred periodicals on the Newberry shelves, such works number twenty-five hundred. How speedily have Messrs. Blatchford, Bradley and Poole obtained a treasure-house of wisdom for their fellow-citizens! As secretary he has sent the literature of this Congress to five hundred mission-stations in Africa, to American and English consuls, to native and foreign rulers, to European administrators, to every missionary society in the world, to all workers among the Freedmen, to literary, philosophic and scientific societies and universities at home and abroad, and to thousands of journals of every class in Europe, America and Africa. He is now sending this report to the same classes, as well as to American envoys all over the world, to European ministers at Washington, to 2,500 leaders among American clergy, to the hierarchy of the Anglican and Roman communions, to our Appointees and our Council, and to your chairmen—in all, a modern Ten Thousand. To save time, at his request, I authorized him in May, with your approval, while waiting for responses from our distant Councilors, to prepare a scheme of speakers and subjects. The result was that last August A. Silva White, author of *The Development of Africa*, wrote to him: "Your program is so comprehensive that I can add nothing to it. It opens vistas of great interest and importance. May you get the men fixed upon! I wish you every success." Mr. Noble has also published articles about the Congress in the *Charities' Review*, the *Independent*, the *Interior* and *Our Day*. By the first of August acceptances of invitations numbered only twenty-eight. At the first of December, by the pushing of the secretary, they numbered eighty-six. Mr. Adams, perhaps our first authority on African affairs, wrote to him: "All students of the African problem in all its phases must be impressed with your broad and comprehensive treatment of the subject in planning for the Congress. You deserve the commendation of every one for most efficient work that should render this Congress a success, if anything can. I hope you will yet secure a larger number of European experts. . . . Letters from gentlemen abroad, informed of the scheme, speak of its features in terms of unreserved approval."

III.

TESTIMONY AND VIEWS: VITAL POINTS OF EXPERT OPINION.

By F. P. Noble.

The responses from our advisers and from accepters of appointments demonstrate that a Congress on Africa commands the approval of statesmen, prelates, missionaries, explorers and educators; of scholars, scientists, philanthropists, and the Fourth Estate. Dr. Gracey's wish is: "Would that the splendid diplomacy might create sentiment that should thunder as a moral army and navy, force crowned contestants to accept it as a mighty umpire, or create a concordat of one-hearted master-passion! It should oblige a regenerated Europe and America to seize their opportunity of concentrating the experience, intelligence, and benevolence of the Christian centuries into gigantic effort to make the loftiest and noblest experiment of the race—the creation of a new world. Only missions can ameliorate the condition of Africa's barbarous races. The African problem is perplexing, but its solution is hopeful and assured." A. Silva White has "always urged that an international congress would be of the highest value. European powers must decide upon the best common means for proper development of Africa's resources along natural lines. Africa is not a continent to be developed by the haphazard measures hitherto employed. We ought to combine our efforts rather than waste our strength in outwitting one another. Why should you not get together responsible and competent representatives of each European country having interests in Africa? There would be no difficulty in getting the right men to go to Chicago, if your government were to apply to Her Majesty's government and other European governments, to send responsible delegates. It is always doubtful, after the experience at Brussels, whether European powers would take part in another congress in Europe. But on neutral ground, such as yours, why should not such a congress discuss vital African questions with advantage? We want, not diplomatists tied in every way, but experts and specialists to tell Africa's need and opportunity." Bishop Stevens of South Carolina, who educated the boys that in 1861 fired on Sumter, writes: "The questions of the moral and intellectual qualities of the negro as also those of his progress and future in this country, as well as the development and civilization of Africa, will doubtless receive much and useful intelligent consideration. If the origin of the negro and his relation to other races could receive the attention of a competent scholar who will bring to bear the light of ancient history and modern physiology, a very great end might be subserved. I only wish I had the skill and knowledge to treat this question myself." J. Scott Keltie "would like much to take part in the conference." Joseph Cook "has of course a profound interest in the regeneration of the Dark Continent." Theodore F. Seward, founder of the Brotherhood of Christian Unity, declares: "The Columbian Exposition, which was first thought of chiefly as a material demonstration, seems destined to be used by Divine Providence as a great moral and spiritual uplifting of the entire human race. 'Not things but men' seems little less than an inspiration."

The *Inter Ocean* said editorially: "The African Congress will be one of great usefulness in the more intellectual celebration of the supreme event of history. Of all problems coming before the Auxiliary none is so hard to solve as that which will engage the African section. The problem of Ethiopia could not be solved without such breadth of consideration as will specially refer to Africa, but also include the race in other lands. The members of the committee were all selected with special reference to promote the object in view." An editorial in the *Congregationalist* affirmed in June, that "apart from its scientific aspect the Congress would have an exceedingly prac-

tical value, furnishing important information to merchants who desire aid to secure wider markets, and to the Church, which needs to know how Christian civilization can be quickest introduced, and with least expenditure of life and money." In December the *Congregationalist* added: "The plan is appropriate and timely of holding a great council on Africa in August, 1893. It is fitting that the convocation should be held in America, since we owe reparation to Africa for wrongs inflicted upon her, while the United States have a more poignant interest in the subject than have other nations, since we have an Africa within our own gates in the person of nearly eight million Africans. Slave-trade and rum-traffic are gigantic evils. To overcome them will require the united wisdom of Africa's friends the world over." J. T. Gracey, D. D., editor of the *Missionary Review*, published a telling editorial in its November number, and *Liberia*, the organ of the American Colonization Society, reprinted it entire. The *African News*, Bishop Taylor's organ, printed as an editorial the last half of Mr. Noble's *Independent* article. At the Golden Gate, the *Pacific*, and in the Green Mountain State, the *Caledonian*, reprinted the same article in its entirety. So did the *Evangelical Messenger*, of Cleveland. Petermann's *Mitteilungen*, Gotha, Germany, promoted the publicity of the Congress.

Mrs. French Sheldon, the Ida Pfeiffer and Isabella Bird of East Africa, avows that what she saw and learned in Africa is certainly the theme of her soul, adding: "I trust to be enabled to promote the betterment of the *so-called* savage." Dr. Harry Guinness, back from Balolo-land, "hopes to be at the World's Fair. Mr. Moody pressed him to assist in the preaching, and was proposing that London should send a delegation to sustain constant effort among English visitors. He would be very pleased to do anything he could to forward the work of God in Africa by making known the needs of the Upper Congo." John A. Kasson, U. S. Minister in 1884 to Germany and the Berlin Congress, "will be glad to co-operate in the purposes of the Auxiliary, and accepts the invitation." Surgeon-General Gunn of Ireland states that "from his experience during years in Africa his firm belief is Africa must ultimately be evangelized by her own sons, as the climate is in many parts so unsuited to Europeans." Fred. Douglass informs us: "It is just possible that when your Congress meets in Chicago I may be able to assist its objects by my presence and counsel. I shall certainly do so with pleasure." Sir Francis de Winton, formerly governor of the Congo State, replies: "Nothing would give me greater pleasure than to assist in *any* way in the suppression of the slave-trade, which is not difficult to accomplish, provided the interior is opened by railways." Paul Du Chaillu "wishes success to the Congress, and if in Chicago when it holds its meetings will not fail to attend." G. W. Cable concludes: "I want to do what I can for the negro and his ex-master as well. The negro has done most admirably in many things. Most men suppose his achievement in politics has been anything but excellent; but a far better case can be made out for him in politics than in journalism or literature. His whole soul is in politics; it could not be otherwise; and much of his political record is immeasurably better and more commendable than is commonly supposed. I hope this side of the case will receive very full consideration in your Congress." Abayomi, pastor of a native church in Sierra Leone, writes "as a pure negro of the Yorubas, born in Western Soudan, of Mohammedan parents, but providentially brought under the regenerating influences of Christian religion and civilization": "God is moving on. He is the soul of the universe. As He moves, He moves the hearts of men along, nearer to His great heart. He will never stay until the song of the angel is echoed through the whole creation. I wish you the blessings of Heaven. May you be the means of giving us the true and Christian liberty, the emancipation not only of body, but of soul and mind also. The mental life of the negro was never more active. He is a man to-day more

than ever in his existence. Intellectual lethargy, cowardice, monkeyism and stupidity are no longer his characteristics. What the negro needs is Christianity, not Anglocanism or Americanism. Give him the Bible, for without you he cannot obtain it. Then allow him to develop on his own lines guided by the Divine Rule. But let not Europe or America stand between us and God."

C. F. Harford, M. D., acting-secretary of the Upper Niger Mission of the C. M. S., writes: "I am deeply impressed with the need for action. African colonization by American negroes is a question of first importance. European powers have been in too great hurry to secure territory, and without realizing their responsibility. This is a very great crisis. Europe can not leave Africa as she found it. She has entered at many points, made treaties with the different peoples, and withdrawal could not take place without disastrous results. Very little has been done to stop the slave-trade, but enough to excite the malice of the slave-trader. Europe could not withdraw from her protectorates without terrible consequences." Heli Chatelain, U. S. Commercial Agent at St. Paul de Loanda, says: "Your Congress may depend upon my practical sympathy to the fullest extent of my ability. Heartily I applaud your undertaking, which is the realization of one of my dreams, and thank you for your effort in behalf of this continent." John M. Langston maintains that "our Congress must not fail to consider that there are 30,000,000 of this black race now part of the body politic of the various countries of this continent. This subject is of great importance." Dr. Habenicht "is specially pleased by the idea of Hindus emigrating to Africa. The great work to be done there is expelling Arab slavers. Her greatest benefactor is Leopold, who has spent \$3,000,000 for Africa from his private fortune. His principles in the Congo State ought to be adopted universally. They comprise the abolition of slavery and slave-trade, preventing the import of rum, rifles and powder, accustoming Africans to regular employment, and spreading Christianity." Capt. Hore thinks "the study of African ethnology a first necessity to those who seek to secure *justice* at all our points of contact with the African, and truly desire his betterment. Only a true statement and demonstration of his character and condition can clear away those terrible delusions which lead us to consent to indiscriminate slaughter of natives in their own homes, and to wholesale division of spoils among a few foreign adventurers in a fashion paralleled only in the most barbarous times. We send men whom in our own land we would scarcely place as foremen in a gang of laborers, to negotiate with princes whose language they do not even know, and to uproot old dynasties and societies which, after a thousand years at least, show full-sized, straight people having the germs of all the useful arts, and the beginnings and longings for social institutions of firm and good character. To base our action toward such upon reports brought by men who have scarcely ever seen Africans, except in desperate excitement caused by their presence, is ridiculous and unchristian." Governor Fleming, of Sierra Leone, "will, with pleasure, do anything he can to further our objects." Governor Carter, of Lagos, connected with all of England's West African colonies since 1870, "will, if at all practicable, visit Chicago, and will use his best endeavors to meet our wishes." Colonel Chaillé-Long "has not taken ultra-optimistic views of Africa and Africans, expressed by contemporary travelers, but yields to none in profound affection for the race among whom he was born and raised. In this spirit he has condemned and denounced as atrocious the pseudo-philanthropists and pietists who have, in Africa, for selfish purposes, hung and shot Africans." Yakûb Pasha is "in hearty sympathy with our aims. He hopes the Congress may be eminently successful, and looks forward to its memorial volume with interest."

H. H. Johnston, commissioner of Zambezia, finds it "a matter of sincere regret that his duties detain him in Africa through 1893. Those who, like himself, are relegated to the darkest parts of the Dark Continent, are deprived of so many pleasures and privileges that—if there be virtue in abstinence—it ought in some negative way to be counted for righteousness. He will be sincerely glad if he can be of any assistance. In the consideration to be given to means of developing Africa, much insistence may be placed upon the wisdom of teaching the African the necessity and dignity of labor. The greatest obstacle to rapid civilization of this backward continent lies in the inherent objection of the untutored negro to sustained or onerous work. His own requirements in his wild state being chiefly limited to such food as lies ready to his hand, or such stimulants as can be crudely made from palm-sap or fermented grain, he is too apt, when freed from dread of coercive measures, to relapse into the life of irresponsible freedom, led by chimpanzee and baboon. Slave-trade is a monstrous iniquity admitting no excuse or palliation; but our horror at its cruelties, our sense of relief at its abolition, need not lead us to absolve the negro from participation in the common lot of work with brain or limb. This inculcation of industry has not always formed part of missionary teaching; but that wholly satisfactory results may follow, is seen on the West Coast, where the Basel missions have created a valuable class of skilled artisans—clerks, telegraphers, carpenters and cooks—and obviated the necessity of the introduction of all save the higher classes of European workers or superintendents. So in Lovedale College, Cape Colony, for the training of negro students. Such is the work of the Free Church mission and of Universities' mission on Lake Nyasa, through which alone such solid civilization as exists in Nyasaland is growing—a civilization of bricks and mortar, doors and windows, hewn stone, sawn timber, kitchen-gardens, sewing-machines, printing presses, legible writing, and athletic sports. In themselves *banal* and wearisome to contemplate in a London suburb, such things are inexpressibly refreshing when taken with due admixture of African jungle." Mr. Langston has also said, in public, to the black citizens of Alabama: "The African Congress, in which is everything pertaining to Africa herself as well as to her children the world over, some in slavery, others emancipated and identified with other nationalities, will afford the most fitting occasion and auspicious opportunity to discuss, and, if possible, to solve the questions covered by the 'Negro Problem.' What shall the sons and scholars of our ex-slaves say in their own behalf in that august, solemn, imposing gathering of the wise men of the world? How shall they plead their cause? In what words of wisdom, simplicity, Christian temper and fortitude, patriotism, eloquence and power?" Finally, at Christmas, Father Slattery of St. Joseph's Mission to the Freedmen, exclaimed: "Let me express my heartfelt thanks at the fairness of the World's Congress to Catholics,* in all its divisions. It will be a duty for me to accept your honored invitation, with God's help. I am very grateful to find President Bonney's conditions so ample. May Africa's Congress prove a great boon to the unhappy progeny of Ham! Your program, if carried out only to a tenth of its suggestions, will work untold good for them. 'Princes shall come out of Egypt; Ethiopia shall soon stretch her hands unto God.' Wishing you all the blessings and greetings of this holy season, believe me your obedient servant."

* On Jan. 3, 1893, Cardinal Vaughan said to the American College at Rome: "Catholics of America have not yet done all they ought to do for the faith. They have done nothing yet, compared with other nations, to evangelize the earth. If they would widen their Catholic reputation, let them send missionaries to convert heathen Africa."

IV.

SCHEDULE OF SUBJECTS AND SPEAKERS.

By FREDERIC PERRY NOBLE, Secretary of the Congress.

(Unless otherwise indicated, appointments have been accepted.)

(Subjects marked by asterisks were suggested by others.)

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Geography and description of Africa as a whole.
By { Eli Sowerbutter, F.R.G.S., Secretary of Manchester Geographical Society.
J. Scott Keltie, F.R.G.S., librarian of the Royal Geographical Society, and editor of the *Statesman's Year-Book*. (Invited).
2. Beginnings of exploration, and progress of discovery.
By { Chaillé-Long, Bey; C. S. A., 1861-65; Lt.-Col. of Army of Egypt, 1869; Chief-of-Staff to Gen. Gordon, 1874; U. S. Consul-General to Korea, 1887; author of *Central Africa, Three Prophets*, and *Egypt and her Lost Provinces*. (Inv.)
Sir E. H. Bunbury, F. R. G. S., author of *History of Ancient Geography*. (Inv.)
3. Portuguese explorations in Africa: their scientific and political results.
By Major Serpa Pinto, F.R.G.S., etc., author of *How I Crossed Africa*. (Invited).
4. English and American explorations in Africa: their scientific and political results.
By { Sir Samuel W. Baker, F. R. G. S., governor of Equatoria, 1869-73, member of the Osmanie and the Medjidie, author of *The Albert Nyanza, Nile Tributaries of Abyssinia*, and *Ismailia*. (Invited).
Dr. Mill, F.R.G.S. (Invited).
5. German explorations in Africa: their scientific and political results.
By Gerhard Rohlfs, F.R.G.S., etc., etc., author of *Journey Through North Africa, 1865-67*, etc.
6. French explorations in Africa: their scientific and political results.
By the Paris Geographical Society.
7. Italian explorations in Africa: their scientific and political results.
By Madam Sofia Bompiani, author of *Italian Explorers in Africa*, and member of the Archeological Society, Rome.
8. The African colonies of France: their geography, resources and prospects.
By Dr. Verrier, Paris, 14 Rue du Cardinal Lemoine. (Invited).
9. The African colonies of Germany: their geography, resources and prospects.
By Dr. Schlichter, F.R.G.S., 1 Savile Row, London. (Invited).

10. The African colonies of Portugal : their geography, resources and prospects.
By Dr. Batalha-Reis, consul for Portugal at Newcastle, England. (Invited).
11. The African colonies of Italy : their geography, resources and prospects.
By Guido Cora, professor of geography, University of Turin. (Invited).
12. Egypt and its Soudan.*
By Henry M. Ladd, D.D., member of American Institute of Philosophy, and of Victoria Institute, and leader of the A.M.A. mission-expedition to the Upper Nile in 1881.
13. Madagascar ; with a glance at its relation to the development and civilization of Southeast Africa.
By Captain S. Pasfield Oliver, F.R.G.S., author of *Madagascar and the Malagasy*.
14. What I saw and learned in Africa.*
By Mrs. May French-Sheldon, F. R. G. S., author of *From Sultan to Sultan*.
15. Woman in the sphere of African exploration.
By { Lady Samuel W. Baker. (Invited).
Mrs. T. T. Bent. (Invited.)

HISTORY.

1. Ancient History of Africa.
By H. E. O'Neill, consul for England at Rouen. (Invited).
2. The Arab in Africa from the death of Muhammad to that of the Mahdi.
By Captain Edward C. Hore, F.R.G.S., 11 years representative of the L.M.S. at Lake Tanganika, and author of *Tanganika*.
3. The Negro in North America, 1620-1893: his bondage, freedom and future.
By A. W. Tourgée, Ph.D., LL.D., author of *A Fool's Errand*, and President of the National Citizens'-Rights Association.
4. Modern history of Africa, with a glance at colonization and partition.
By J. H. T. MacPherson, Ph.D., professor of history in the University of Georgia, and author of *Liberia*, a Johns Hopkins monograph.
5. The Negro in Latin America, 1492-1892 ; with special reference to emancipation in Brazil.
By the Hon. John M. Langston.

ARTS.

1. Agricultural conditions, resources and prospects of Africa.
By Arthur Silva White, F.R.G.S., author of *The Development of Africa*.

2. Africans as manufacturers and tradesmen.
 By { Bishop H. McN. Turner, D.D., LL.D., President of the A. M.
 E. Missionary Society.
 James Johnson, M. A., member of the Lagos legislature.
3. Afro-Americans as mechanics and inventors.
 By James H. Newman, M. D.
4. Afro-Americans as agriculturists; and their material prosperity at the
 end of the third decade since Emancipation.
 By Booker T. Washington, Principal of Tuskegee Industrial Insti-
 tute for Colored Men.
5. Afro-American journalism.
 By Bishop Benjamin T. Tanner, D. D.
6. Music of the American Negro.
 By Theodore F. Seward, professor of music in the N. Y. College for
 Teachers; and founder of the Brotherhood of Christian Unity.
7. The American Negro as painter and sculptor.
 By H. O. Tanner.
8. Disease and medicine in Africa.
 By Robert W. Felkin, M. D., F.R.G.S., formerly representative of
 the C.M.S. in Uganda, author of *Uganda*, and now Lecturer on
 Climatology and Diseases of the Tropics in the School of Medicine,
 Edinburgh; etc., etc.
9. Afro-Americans in medical practice.
 By F. A. Stewart, M. D. (Harvard), member of Massachusetts Med-
 ical Society.
10. Our indebtedness to Egypt in arts and sciences.
 By W. C. Winslow, D. D., LL.D., Ph.D., U. S. vice-president of
 Egypt Exploration Fund, Hon. Fellow of Royal Archeological In-
 stitute, etc., etc.

LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

1. African philology in general.
 By R. N. Cust, Ph.D., LL.D., F.R.G.S., author of *Languages of
 Africa*, and of *Africa Rediviva*.
2. Place and power of each family of African languages as factors in the
 development of Africa.
 By Lewis Grout, ex-missionary in Zululand, member of American
 Oriental Society, and author of *Grammar of Zulu*, and of *Zululand*.
3. Function and future of foreign languages in Africa.
 By W. S. Scarborough, Ph.D., LL.D., member of the American Phil-
 ological Society.
4. Literature of ancient Egypt.
 By Georg Ebers, Ph.D., member of Institute of Archeology, Rome;
 of the German Oriental Society; of the London Soc. of Biblical
 Archeology; and author of *Uarda*.

5. African and Afro-American folk-lore.
 By { Mrs. A. M. H. Christensen, author of *Afro-American Folk-Lore*.
 { James Lane Allen, Joel Chandler Harris and Thomas Nelson
 { Page. (Inv.)
6. Egyptian folk-lore.*
 By Yakûb Artin Pasha, Minister of Public Instruction, Egypt.
7. Africa : an ode.*
 By J. E. Rankin, D.D., LL.D., President of Howard University,
 Washington, D. C.

RELIGION.

1. African religions : nature-paganisms in their varieties and characteristics.
 By F. F. Ellinwood, D. D., Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of
 Missions, Pres. of Soc. of Compar. Religions, Lecturer on Compar.
 Religions in University of N. Y. (Assisted by Dr. Blauvelt).
2. Religion of ancient Egypt: its distinctive doctrines, and its significance
 for Christianity.
 By Martin Brimmer, member of the American Academy of Sciences,
 author of *Egypt*.
3. Relation of Africa to the Holy Scriptures.*
 By Alexander Crummell, D.D., author of *Future of Africa*, and
Africa and America.
4. Christianity in Egypt and North Africa: its gifts to the Church and the
 world.
 By G. A. Jackson, Ph.B., member of American Society for Church
 History, and author of *Early Christian Literature Primers*.
5. Muhammadanism in Africa : its incoming, career and future.
 By E. W. Blyden, D.D., LL.D., minister from Liberia to England,
 author of *Christianity, Islam and the Negro*.
6. Can the Christianity of Copts, Nubians and Abyssinians be made a
 lever to elevate the populations of the Nile valley?
 By J. B. Dales, D.D., LL.D., Secretary of United Presbyterian Board
 of Missions, and member of the Presbyterian Historical Society.
7. African missions of American churches.
 - I. Baptist: By H. A. Tupper, D.D., Secretary of Foreign Missions of
 the Southern Baptist Convention.
 - II. Congregational: By Judson Smith, D.D., Secretary of American
 Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, member of the
 American societies of Church History, of Christian History, and
 of Theological Science.
 - III. Episcopalian: By W. S. Langford, D.D., Secretary of Missionary
 Society of the P. E. Church.
 - IV. Methodist: By E. R. Smith, D.D., editor of *The Gospel in All
 Lands*.

- v. Moravian : By Bishop H. T. Bachman, President of the Society for Propagating the Gospel.
- vi. Presbyterian : By H. A. Nelson, D.D., editor of *The Church at Home and Abroad*.
- vii. United Brethren : * By B. F. Booth, D.D., Secretary of the Missionary Society of the United Brethren in Christ.
- viii. United Presbyterian : * By T. J. Finney, ex-missionary to Egypt.
- 8. African missions of European churches.
 - i. Holy Catholic Roman : By His Reverence, P. A. Feehan, Archbishop of Chicago, and R. F. Clarke, S. J., author of *Cardinal Lavigerie, and the Slave-Trade*. (Invited).
 - ii. Church of England : By E. H. Anderson, Editorial Secretary of the Church Missionary Society. (Assisted by Wm. J. Smith, editor of *The Rock*.)
 - iii. Congregationalists of England : By A. N. Johnson, A.M., Secretary of the London Missionary Society.
 - iv. Baptists of England : By Harry G. Guinness, M.D., F.R.G.S., East London Institute for Missions, and Congo-Balolo Mission, African editor of *Regions Beyond*, and author of *Lolo-Land*, and *Thirty-six Hundred Miles on the Congo*.
 - v. Presbyterians of Scotland : By Geo. Smith, C.I.E., LL.D., F.R.G.S., Secretary of the Foreign Mission Committee of the Free Church, author of *History of Christian Missions*, and of *Lives of Cary, of Duff, of Martyn*, etc.
 - vi. North Africa Mission : By E. H. Glenney, Secretary. (Invited).
 - vii. Protestants of France and Switzerland : By A. Boegner, Director of the Paris Society for Evangelical Foreign Missions, and editor of the *Journal of Evangelical Missions*.
 - viii. Protestants of Germany : By D. Wangemann, Ph.D., D.D., Secretary of Berlin Missionary Society, and member of the Lisbon Geographical Society.
 - ix. Protestants of Scandinavia : By Dean P. I. Vahl, Secretary of Danish Missionary Society, member of the Finnish Literary Society, and author of *Atlas of Missions*.
- 9. Woman's work for African women.
 - By Mrs. J. T. Gracey, Secretary of the M. E. Woman's Foreign Missionary Society.
- 10. Self-supporting missions.
 - By Wm. Taylor, D.D., M. E. Bishop of Africa, author of *Christian Adventures in South Africa*, and editor of *African News*.
- 11. Medical missions in Africa.
 - By T. B. Welch, M. D.
- 12. Methods and policies of African missions.
 - By J. T. Gracey, D.D., editor of the *Missionary Review of the World*, and President of the International Missionary Union.

13. Statesmanship of African missions.
By Chas. Grenfell (inv.), and A. J. Gordon, D.D. (Invited).
14. African Christianity : its trials and triumphs.
By Daniel March, D.D., author of *Morning Light in Many Lands*.
15. Religion of the American Negro.
By J. C. Price, D.D., President of Livingston College.
16. Work among the Freedmen.
 - I. Baptist : By Gen. T. J. Morgan, LL.D., Commissioner of Indian Affairs, 1889-93, author of *Educational Mosaics*, and *Studies in Pedagogy*.
 - II. Congregational: By E. F. Williams, D.D., member of the Chicago Literary Club, and of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific.
 - III. Episcopal: By the Rt. Rev. Thomas A. Dudley, D.D., LL.D., Bishop of Kentucky, and Bohlen lecturer for 1881.
 - IV. Methodist: By G. W. Gray, Secretary of American University, Washington, D. C.
 - V. Presbyterian: By David J. Satterfield, D.D., President of Scotia Seminary.
 - VI. Quaker : By Richard Wood. (Invited).
 - VII. Roman: By J. R. Slattery, D.D., director of St. Joseph Seminary for Catholic Missions among the Colored People.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

1. Astronomy of Africa.
By W. W. Payne, Ph.D., Director of Goodsell Observatory, Carleton College, and Editor of *Astronomy and Astro-Physics*.
2. Structure of Africa, and its geological systems.
By Jas. Geikie, D.C.L., professor of geology in University of Edinburgh, president of Edinburgh Geological Society, and author of *The Great Ice-Age and the Antiquity of Man*. (Invited).
3. Economic geology of Africa.
By Jos. Thomson, F.R.G.S., author of *Through Masai-Land*. (Invited).
4. African anthropology and ethnology.
By Heli Chatelain, U. S. commercial agent at Saint Paul de Loanda.
5. Ethnography of the Congo countries.*
By Herbert Ward, author of *Five Years with Congo Cannibals*.
6. African flora and fauna ; with economic botany and zoology.
By { Georg Schweinfurth, Ph.D., author of *The Heart of Africa*.
(Invited).
Emil Holub, Ph.D., author of *Ten Years' Journeys in S. W. Africa*. (Invited).

SOCIOLOGY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE.

1. Native customs and popular life.
 By { Momolu Massaquoi, King of the Vehs, Liberia.
 Josiah Tyler, formerly missionary of the A.B.C.F.M., and
 author of *Forty Years among the Zulu*.
2. African civilizations.
 By Joseph Cook, Ph.D., author of *Boston Monday Lectures*, and editor of *Our Day*.
3. Outside influences upon Africa.
 By H. M. Stanley, D.C.L., LL.D., Ph.D., F.R.G.S., creator of the Congo State, Grand Commander Star of Congo, etc., author of *In Darkest Africa*, etc., etc., etc.
4. Indebtedness of the nations unto Africa.*
 By W. H. Crogman, A.M., Professor of the Classics, Clark University, Georgia.
5. Mutual relations of Englishmen and Americans to their brothers in black.*
 By F. D. Bevan, D.D.
6. Egypt, England and Equatoria.
 By Mason Bey, U.S.N., C.S.A., ex-colonel in the Egyptian army, special Khedivial Commissioner for the Egyptian Sûdan, member of the Khedivial Geographical Society, and Grand Officer of the Medjidieh.
7. The nascent nationality on the Nile.
 By Faris Nimr and Yakûb Sarruf, editors of *Muktataf*. (Invited).
8. The Congo Free State and the redemption of Africa.
 By John A. Kasson, LL.D., U. S. minister to Germany in 1884, and U. S. representative at the Berlin Congress, author of *Lectures on Diplomacy*, etc., etc.
9. The Imperial British East Africa Company : England at the inland seas.
 By President Wm. Mackinnon, Bart.
10. The Imperial British South Africa Company : England at the Cape of Good Hope and Lake Tanganika.
 By the President, His Grace the Duke of Fife.
11. The Royal Niger Company : England in the Sûdan.
 By Sir George Taubman-Goldie, vice-chairman. (Invited).
12. Liberia as a factor in the development of Africa and of the New South.
 By the American Colonization Society. (Invited).
13. The relation of American slavery to Negro civilization.*
 By John M. Glenn, member of American Academy of Political and Social Science, author of *Reports of the Mohonk Conference on the Negro Question*.
14. What reparation can America and Europe make to Africa?
 By W. T. Stead, editor of the *Review of Reviews*, author of *Truth about Russia*, and *The Pope and the New Era*.

15. Will the Brussels treaty of 1891 destroy the slave trade?
By Horace Waller, F.R.G.S., comrade of David Livingstone, member of the British Anti-Slavery Society, and editor of *Livingstone's Last Journals*.
16. What are

Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, and Portugal,	}	Spokesmen:	{	Director-General of Congo Free State. (Invited). French Anti-Slavery Society. German Anti-Slavery Society. English Anti-Slavery Society. Italian Anti-Slavery Society. Portuguese Anti-Slavery Society.
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 doing to suppress slavery and the slave-trade?
17. Principles of colonization; and the African labor-problem of slavery *vs.* wages.
By Jas. Stevenson, F.R.G.S., builder of Stevenson road between lakes Nyasa and Tanganika, and author of *Water-ways of Africa*. (Assisted by J. S. Carlyle).
18. Function and future of the railway in Africa.
By A. J. Wauters, editor of *Le Mouvement Geographique*. (Invited).
19. Best methods of developing organized governments in native territories.*
By { Count Pietro Savorgnan di Brazza, governor of French Congo. (Invited).
 { R. J. Mackenzie, of the I. B. E. A. Co. (Invited).
20. British and other methods of developing commerce and governing natives.*
 By { G. G. Chisholm, A.M., author of *Handbook of Commercial Geography*. (Invited).
 { Jas. Gault, professor of Commerce and Commercial Law, King's College, London. (Invited).
21. Rum in Africa: the devil's mission.
By A. W. Bodger, Secretary of the United Committee against Liquor Traffic with Native races. (Invited).
(The Chairman and the General Committee for the Congress on Africa have directed their Secretary to present the above subject).
22. What do American Negroes owe to Africans?
By B. A. Imes, B. D., and E. W. S. Hammond, D. D., editor of *Southwestern Christian Advocate*.
23. Should American Negroes colonize Africa?
Affirmative: G. W. Henderson, professor of philosophy in Straight University, and member of the American Academy of Political Science.
Negative: T. T. Fortune, editor of the *New York Age*, author of *Black and White*, and *The Negro in Politics*.

24. What is the southern problem?

By Lewis H. Blair, member of the C. S. A., 1861-65, author of *The Prosperity of the South dependent on Elevation of the Negro*.

25. The Negro exodus of 1880: a study in economics and social science.

By F. G. Adams, secretary of the Kansas Historical Society.

26. What reparation can America make to her Negro children?

By W. H. Ward, LL.D., editor of the New York *Independent*, president of the American Oriental Society, and Executive Committeeman of the American Missionary Association.

27. The Negro and the amendments to the constitution of the United States.

By F. A. Noble, D.D., vice-president of the American Missionary Association.

28. Problems in Negro education.

By General S. C. Armstrong, principal of Hampton Institute.

29. Twenty-five years of Negro education.

By John Eaton, Ph.D., LL.D., assistant-commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau, 1865; U. S. Commissioner of Education, 1870-86; president of Marietta College, 1885-90; honorary member of Ministry of Public Instruction, France; and author of *Reports on Education in U. S.*, 1870-86.

30. The Peabody and the Slater funds in Negro education.

By J. L. M. Curry, LL. D., formerly Minister to Spain, now Peabody and Slater trustee.

31. The Negro as politician and as statesman in Africa and America.

By G. W. Cable, (inv.); and ex-senator Blanche K. Bruce, of Mississippi. (Invited).

32. Africa as a new factor in human civilization and the world-story.

By C. C. Adams, geographical editor of the New York *Sun*.

33. (The General Committee has requested its Chairman to deliver a stereopticon lecture on Africa and America).

As by your wise direction the sessions of the World's Congresses of 1893 will be of a three-fold character. First, General Sessions in which subjects of universal interest will be presented by the most eminent speakers. Second, what are termed Special Sessions, in which subjects of a more limited or technical interest will be presented by the most competent specialists in the different departments. Third, Informal Sessions, in which questions may be freely asked and answered and views informally exchanged.

The first two classes of sessions will be governed by strict regulations and formal programmes, covering the entire time of the session. The Informal Sessions will be free from such regulations, to allow a presentation of matters for which the formal programmes cannot provide within the time at command. The

General Sessions will be held in the large audience rooms of the Art Palace : and the Special Sessions and Informal Conferences in the smaller halls of that building.

From the beginning it was not contemplated that we should cleave to the letter of our title. To avoid controversial subjects, you had entitled this an African Ethnological Congress ; but you had designated your chairman's preliminary publication as being " to *all* interested in the African continent and the African *people*." You had thus shown the scope of this Congress to be as broad and varied as all the interests of the Dark Continent and of the South. Upon this ideal of the Secretary's the plan for the subject-matter of the Congress was projected by him. In presenting themes and procuring participants his constant endeavor has been to create a Congress on Africa which should combine the best and most salient features of the Berlin and Brussels and Mohonk conferences, and thus become the most adequate and representative council upon humanity's ward which the world has ever held. In pursuance of that object his sole standard of selection has been : The best man for the best theme. While the strictly African subjects number nearly ninety, the Afro-American ones number not less than thirty ; and of the one hundred and thirty-eight persons invited, sixty-seven are foreigners and seventy-one Americans.

In each section of the schedule the percentage of acceptances to invitations is in Geography forty-nine per cent., in History eighty per cent., in Language and Literature one hundred per cent., in Arts one hundred per cent., in Science sixty-six per cent., in Religion eighty-nine per cent., and in Sociology eighty per cent. Messrs. Ladd, MacPherson, Langston, Turner, Seward, Stewart. Tanner, Washington, Newman, Grout, Scarborough, Rankin, Brimmer, Jackson, Blyden, March, Gracey, Dales, Price, Judson Smith, Eugene R. Smith, Tupper, Langford, Booth, Bachman, Finney, Guinness. Welch, Bishop Taylor, Morgan, Williams, Bishop Dudley, Gray, Satterfield, Slattery, Payne, Chatelain, Tyler, Massaquoi, Jos. Cook, Stanley, Ward of America, Imes, Hammond, Kasson, C. C. Adams, Noble, Crummell, Crogman, Fortune, Henderson, Armstrong, Eaton and Roy, together with Madam French-Sheldon, all intend to address the Congress in person. Among these fifty-six speakers Americans number fifty-two, and foreigners four. On the other hand, essays for public reading will be sent by Messrs. Sowerbutter, Rohlf, the Paris Geographical Society, Madam Bompiani, Oliver, Hore, Tourgée, White, Johnson of Lagos. Felkin, Winslow, Cust, Ebers, Mrs. Christensen, Yakûb Pasha, Ellinwood, Nelson, W. J. Smith, Johnson of London, George Smith, Boegner, Wangemann, Vahl, Mrs. Gracey, Geikie, Ward of England, Bevan, Mason Bey, Mackinnon, the Duke of Fife, Glenn, Stead, Waller, the British Anti-Slavery Society, the German Anti-Slavery Society, Stevenson, Blair of Virginia, F. G. Adams and Curry. Among these thirty-eight writers are thirty foreigners and eight Americans. Finally, of the ninety-four who have at this writing accepted appointments, sixty are Americans and thirty-four are either Europeans or resident in Africa. Among the accepters are seventeen Negroes.* No pains were spared to secure southern white men to participate.

* The Exposition proper sets August 17th apart as COLORED PEOPLE'S DAY.

The Schedule of subjects will in due time again be recast into a working Program of the Sessions. It will begin with the earliest date, August 14th, indicated by your General Program as attainable. It will be estimated upon the basis of an allowance of only eight days for this Congress. The program will provide for morning, afternoon and evening sessions, assigning scientific themes to the day and popular ones to the night. An intervening Sunday will be a field-day for African missions. The program will follow your ruling of twenty minutes for each address or paper, which, if not exceeding 7,500 words, shall be printed in full, if provision is made therefor. The Federal Government, it is expected, will publish the literature of the Congress as a memorial volume, each writer receiving a copy. In hearty acceptance of your rulings we reprint them:

“Unprepared discussion or miscellaneous debate would obviously be inconsistent with a plan of which the chief object is to procure the maturest thought of the world on all the great questions of the age, in a form best adapted to universal publication. The time at disposal after the delivery of a discourse will therefore be given to the most eminent persons present, who will speak on the call of the Presiding Officer, and to whom such previous notice as may be practicable will be given. The Summaries of Progress to be presented, and the Problems of the Age to be stated in the World's Congresses of 1893, will not be submitted to the vote of those who may happen to be present, but will be offered for subsequent deliberate examination by the enlightened minds of all countries; for unrestricted discussion in the forum, the pulpit, and the public press; and finally for the impartial judgment of that exalted Public Opinion, which expresses the consensus of such minds. With this end in view remarks of leaders, in elucidation of a subject, will take the place of ordinary debate.” In this connection the words of C. C. Adams are most wise and timely. He warns the Congress on Africa: “If speakers avoid mere talk, and give papers full of information and suggestion, the Congress will have a very profitable week.”

“To make the proceedings of the various Congresses as worthy of a world-wide publication as possible; to reduce as far as practicable the expense of such publication; to prevent repetitions of matter and duplicate assignments of speakers; to secure such a strength and force of treatment as will ensure the widest reading; to guard against encroachments by one speaker on the time which justly belongs to another; and to secure a just representation of all the participating countries, the themes to be presented in the various Congresses will be selected with a view to make a complete and orderly treatment of the general subject embraced in the department; the programmes of the different departments and divisions will be carefully compared; and all papers and remarks will be strictly limited to an allotted time. It will obviously be better, in a given hour, to have two or three compact papers from as many different leaders, than to give the time at command to one of them for a long discourse, embracing several subjects. The object will be to state results and present existing problems, and for this purpose lengthy papers are neither necessary nor desirable. In order to lessen waste of time and strength and money, and to guard against accidents and errors, *all authors of articles must either write in English or have their work translated into English before sending it to Chicago. ‘Copy’ must be either typewritten or printed, and mailed early enough to reach the secretary of any given Congress two weeks before it begins. In the case of the Congress on Africa the manuscript of articles must be in the hands of its secretary not later than August 1, 1893.* These requirements are made as a matter of justice

to speakers and writers. The sessions will be of a three-fold character ; first, General Sessions in which subjects of universal interest will be presented by the most eminent speakers ; second, what are termed Special Sessions, in which subjects of a more limited or technical interest will be presented by the most competent specialists in the different departments; third, Informal Sessions, in which questions may be freely asked and answered and views informally exchanged. The first two classes of sessions, will be governed by strict regulations and formal programmes, covering the entire time of the session. The Informal Sessions will be free from such regulations, to allow a presentation of matters for which the formal programmes cannot provide within the time at command. The General Sessions will be held in the large audience rooms of the Art Palace; and the Special Sessions and Informal Conferences in its smaller halls."

V.

CONCLUSION.

We must emphasize our conviction of the supreme importance of the resolution introduced in the National House of Representatives, at your request, to appropriate funds for publishing the proceedings of the Auxiliary. Such provision would only be in keeping with the enlightened policy which bestowed money upon the exposition of material things. In this case arises the additional consideration that the glory of the Auxiliary can be perpetuated for the benefit of man. The results of this Congress on Africa can be so transmuted into literature that the world shall share the counsels of our Table Round, in its accumulations of scientific, religious and philanthropic wisdom. Not great libraries alone will be enriched, but lonely searchers after Truth in Afric wilds or on isles of the sea shall become its possessors. It will be in keeping with American standards of statesmanship if our National Legislators secure for America the honor of conferring so grand a benefaction upon humanity. May our voice strengthen yours in speaking for such an appropriation as shall transform your World Congress into a permanent parliament of man !

We are glad to learn that the Governments of other countries are taking steps for the appointment of delegates to the various Congresses of 1893, and most earnestly hope that the delegates to be appointed by the various Governments to the Congress on Africa will include the distinguished persons who have been invited to prepare papers for that Congress. As is well known, many very distinguished men are unable to bear the expense of so long a journey, and their appointment by their respective Governments would, as I understand, provide for their transportation to and from America. We also trust that the personal expenses of other eminent persons who are peculiarly well qualified to contribute to the redemption of Africa may be provided for by the societies or institutions with which they are connected, or by the aid of liberal friends of the movement to transform the Dark Continent into a land of civilization and progress. To Messrs. Cust, White and Adams the secretary desires to render public acknowledgment of their constant kindnesses.

We are greatly gratified that America's representatives have invited foreign governments to appoint official delegates, and that you have sent special invitations. Heralds from abroad will share the rising interest in a Congress on Africa debating the whole rounds of its affairs. When the Berlin Congress singled out several spheres of African affairs, and the Brussels Conference still others, the World-Congress of the Columbian Quadri-Centennial must take up the continental problem, and also the entire realm of human relations to that latest-won new world.

Henceforth, therefore, the issue of this Congress rests with the friends of Africa. In this connection the words of Prof. Swing are most wise and eloquent. Like a modern David he picked polished diamonds from Castaly's spring, and with all the force and skill of a warrior for righteousness swung them at the twin Goliaths of the 19th century—African slave-trade and American rum-traffic. He exclaimed: "With Christians sending negroes cargoes of rum, the scene is worthy of the thought of a World-Congress,—worthy of its debate, its tears, its action. Slave-trade and rum-traffic have made Africa aware of the existence of a white man's world in the north. They know it by our depravity. It is a blessed thought that this Africa, in her mangled and bleeding form, is to lie before the eyes of cultivated peoples from all enlightened lands. There will be cheering facts to set forth, which will kindle pity into hope. There will be plenty of that wisdom which can come from men who have lived in the land of which they will speak. We want music to sound through all those summer months, and machinery and art to speak; but do we not also wish Africa to stand forth and plead her cause with eloquence born of her centuries of bitterness? Our railcars will seem greater—if they are to penetrate the Dark Continent. Our telegraph will grow wonderful—if thought of as holding *Africa* in its network, and making noble words pass quickly to and fro in that area of prolific nature which in length and breadth reaches five thousand miles. All music will sound nobler when it offers peace and rest to hearts made tender by sympathy with the needs of our race. 'Men and Things' make the best motto—with Men exalting Things, and things empowering Men!"

Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH E. ROY,

Chairman,

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS,

CHICAGO, February, 1893.

In behalf of the Committee,

Approved with high appreciation and hearty thanks.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

ADVISORY COUNCIL OF THE CHICAGO CONGRESS ON AFRICA.

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AFRICA.

His Grace, Abbas, Khedive of Egypt.
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Count di Brazza, Governor of French Congo.
E. W. Blyden, Minister of Liberia to England.
Ali bin Seyyid, Sultan of Zanzibar.
Jules Cambon, Governor-General of Algeria.
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V. L. Cameron, Commanding Expedition to Katanga.
M. Coillard, Missionary in Zambezia.
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Imperial German Commissioner of the Cameroons.
James Johnson, Member of the Lagos Legislature.
H. H. Johnston, H. B. M. Commissioner for Zambezia.
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S. J. P. Kruger, President of South African Republic.
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Capt. F. L. Lugard, Commanding for the I. B. E. A. Co. in Uganda.
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Sir B. H. Mitchell, Governor of Natal.
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A. Moloney, Ex-Governor of Lagos.
Muley Hassan, Sultan of Morocco.
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M. Osborne, Resident Commissioner of Zululand.
Carl Peters, Ph.D., German E. Africa.
G. H. Portal, British Agent at Zanzibar.
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Resident-Governor of Congo Free State.
Resident-Governor of Erythrea, Red Sea Littoral.
Judge Reitz, President of Orange Free State.
Sir Cecil J. Rhodes, Premier of Cape Colony.

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Capt. Thys, Congo Free State.
Tigrane Pasha, Cairo, Egypt.
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Capt. Van Gele, Congo Free State.
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Prof. Gerber, Earlham College, Richmond, Va.
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Rev. F. J. Grimke, Washington, D. C.

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 Orishatukeh Faduma, Yale Divinity School, New Haven, Conn.
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Maj. Serpa Pinto, care of Department of Colonies, Lisbon.
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Russia.

Frederic de Martens, Council of Foreign Affairs, St. Petersburg.

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Advisory Councilors :

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		Arkansas,	Mississippi,
		Delaware,	North Carolina,
		Florida,	South Carolina,
		Georgia,	Tennessee,
		Kentucky,	Texas,
		Louisiana,	Virginia,
		Maryland,	West Virginia.

TO THE MEMORY
OF
DAVID LIVINGSTONE AND CARDINAL LAVIGERIE :
Fathers unto Ethiopia and her children.
FINIS CORONAT OPUS.

[PRELIMINARY PUBLICATION.]

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

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The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

OF 1893.

I consider the temperance cause the foundation of all social and political reform.—*Cobden*.

Among all the causes of crime, intemperance stands forth the unapproachable chief.

—*Noah Davis*.

Four-fifths of the crimes are the issue and product of excessive drinking.

Sir Matthew Hale.

The great historical plagues of war, pestilence and famine have not inflicted greater evils than have been suffered from intoxicating drinks.—*Gladstone*.

Temperance makes war only against personal degradation, domestic ruin, pauperism, insanity, vice and crime, and deals with intoxicants only as causes of those fearful evils.

17.

DEPARTMENT OF TEMPERANCE,

Including all organizations for the Restriction or Prevention of the evils of Intemperance.

To facilitate conventions of existing Temperance Organizations in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, for the consideration of the Living Questions in this Department, and to provide for Union Congresses in which the Progress of the World in Temperance will be set forth by the most eminent living leaders in the work.

The Scope of This Department.

TO this Committee is specially assigned the following theme, from the original announcement of the Auxiliary:

"The most efficient and advisable means of preventing or decreasing pauperism, insanity and crime; and of increasing productive ability, prosperity and virtue throughout the world." This topic is also assigned to the Committee on Moral and Social Reform.

In organizing this Department the following themes are mentioned to indicate its scope, and elicit the suggestions, not only of the members of the Temperance Committees, but also of the members of the Advisory Councils of this Department, and of the general Honorary and Corresponding Members, to be utilized in making the final arrangements for the proposed Congresses:

- a.* The economic aspects of the drink traffic.
- b.* The effects of intoxicants on Politics and the Government.
- c.* The relations of intoxicants to public and private morals.
- d.* The relations of intoxicants to public and private health.
- e.* Intemperance as a cause of insanity.
- f.* Intemperance as a cause of pauperism.
- g.* Intemperance as a cause of crime.
- h.* Personal temperance or abstinence, as a question of personal liberty, a question of morals, and a question of example.
- i.* The abolition of the open liquor saloon and drinking bar, as entirely distinct from the question of personal temperance or abstinence.
- j.* Legislation against intemperance, its propriety and efficacy.
- k.* Law-enforcement as a means of preventing intemperance, pauperism, insanity and crime.
- l.* The province of temperance societies and churches in the matter of intemperance.
- m.* Temperance education in private and public schools.
- n.* Literature as a means of promoting sobriety, industry, economy and happiness.
- o.* The relations of temperance and social purity.
- p.* International action in favor of temperance, by treaty and otherwise.
- q.* The prevention of liquor-selling to children and youth.
- r.* The prevention of liquor-selling to habitual drunkards, to prevent the ruin of their families.
- s.* The infamy of liquor-selling in mission fields, whereby the efforts of Christian civilization are largely nullified.
- t.* The infamy of licensing dram-shops in the vicinity of churches, schools and private dwellings.
- u.* The need of arousing and uniting the whole world against the universally acknowledged evils of intemperance.
- v.* The statistics of temperance reform, showing the actual results of various methods.
- w.* The obstacles to progress in temperance reform, including the opposition of different temperance organizations to the methods of each other.

THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE POPULAR UNION CONGRESSES will be made and carried into effect by the officers and Committees of the World's Congress Auxiliary, with the co-operation of the Temperance Leaders of all countries.

EXISTING ORGANIZATIONS WILL SELECT TOPICS AND SPEAKERS, arrange programmes, and conduct their own Special Congresses, subject only to such general regulations as are necessary to secure the success of the whole series of World's Congresses, planned to extend from the first of May to the last of Oct., 1893, and to embrace all the principal departments of human progress.

It is now expected that the Temperance Congresses will be held during the first week in June, 1893. The date will soon be definitely fixed.

AS THE NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY had taken steps to convene a World's Temperance Congress, before the World's Congress Auxiliary was formed; and upon its formation expressed a desire to unite with the Auxiliary in this work, the proceedings of that Society have been adopted, with a high appreciation of the benefit of the co-operation and aid thereby secured. The report of Secretary Stearns, herewith printed, shows the world-wide interest awakened, and that a great success is already assured.

THE CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES have also taken conspicuous action in favor of a great Temperance Congress in connection with the Columbian Exposition, and will co-operate with the plans of the World's Congress Auxiliary.

THE WORLD'S WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION will hold a great Congress in this series, and will co-operate to make all the Temperance Congresses pre-eminently successful.

PRELIMINARY ORGANIZATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

General Committee of the World's Congress Auxiliary on Temperance Congresses.

HIS GRACE ARCHBISHOP JOHN IRELAND, *Chairman.*

HON. WILLIAM J. ONAHAN, *Vice-Chairman.*

Rev. Dr. J. L. Withrow,

Rev. Dr. F. A. Noble,

Capt. I. P. Rumsey,

Rev. Fr. James M. Cleary,

Mr. C. G. Hayman,

Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson,

Rev. Dr. A. J. Jutkins,

Mr. Uriah Copp,

Mr. Thomas Moulding,

Mr. S. S. Rogers,

Mr. J. L. Whitlock.

This Committee will be assisted by an ADVISORY COUNCIL composed of distinguished representatives of Temperance selected from all countries.

THE PRELIMINARY ADDRESS of this Committee will be issued when the plans for the proposed Congresses shall have been more fully matured.

THE PRELIMINARY ADDRESS OF THE WOMAN'S COMMITTEE on Temperance Congresses is hereto appended.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

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 Mrs. A. C. Thorpe, Cambridge, Mass.
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 Mrs. Letitia Youmans, Toronto, Canada.

FIRST REPORT OF SECRETARY STEARNS OF THE NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

A GREAT SUCCESS ALREADY ASSURED.

58 READE STREET, NEW YORK, December 15th, 1891.

HON. C. C. BONNEY,

*President of the World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian
Exposition, Chicago, Ill.*

DEAR SIR: The National Temperance Society and Publication House, in carrying out the plans for a World's Temperance Congress, which were in part formulated and promulgated before the decision was made to hold the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, desires to work in perfect harmony with the plans of the WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY, and in addition to the holding of our own special Congress, under our own officers, with arrangements for day and evening meetings, also to unite in the popular Union meetings, to be held under the auspices of the World's Congress Auxiliary, and help to make the occasion the greatest gathering of the world's hosts of temperance workers ever held.

I enclose preliminary call of the World's Temperance Congress Committee of our Society, and also desire to report what has since been done to further this object.

Under instructions from our Society's World's Temperance Congress Committee, I visited Europe last summer, conferred with many prominent workers from many countries, and secured promises from all of hearty co-operation in the movement. I attended the International Convention of the Independent Order of Good Templars, held in the city of Edinburgh, Scotland, when representatives from fifty-two Grand Lodges were present, representing the United States, Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Isle of Man, Africa, India, New Zealand, Queensland, etc. This order represents 418,000 adults, and 160,000 juveniles. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

1. *Resolved*, That we most heartily endorse the call of the National Temperance Society for a World's Temperance Congress, to be composed of all friends of temperance without respect to organization, creed, sex, or color, to be held in the city of Chicago during the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893, and recommend that the R. W. G. Templar and the R. W. G. Secretary, together with five other representatives to be appointed by the R. W. G. Templar, be the representatives from this body to the proposed Congress.

2. *Resolved*, That we recommend that each Grand Lodge throughout the world be requested to appoint delegates to this proposed World's Temperance Congress.

3. *Resolved*, That the Executive of this body be authorized to confer with the World's Congress Auxiliary of the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, and secure one day to be set apart and known as "Good Templar Day," and that

the Executive be instructed to arrange a programme for such day, and to have prepared a condensed history of the Order, as invited by the National Temperance Society.

4. *Resolved*, That the Executive be also authorized, in connection with the Grand Lodge of Illinois, to secure space in the Exposition for a display of Good Templar literature, supplies, etc., which shall be headquarters for the Good Templars of the world during the progress of the Exposition.

The following were elected delegates to the World's Temperance Congress:

Dr. Oronhyatekha, of Canada; B. F. Parker, Wisconsin; S. D. Hastings, Wisconsin; J. N. Stearns, New York; Mrs. Franc E. Finch; Uriah Copp, Jr., and Mrs. O. Myhrman, Illinois.

In England the greatest interest was manifested and hearty co-operation assured. The following Advisory Committee has been appointed by our Society to take charge of the preliminary work in Great Britain:

Dr. B. W. Richardson, F. R. S., the Venerable Archdeacon Farrar, D. D., F. R. S., Robert Rae, J. H. Raper, His Eminence Cardinal Archbishop Manning, Joseph Malins, Frederic Smith, Rev. Dr. Dawson Burns, Charles Wakely.

I addressed several representative gatherings under the auspices of the National Temperance League, and of the United Kingdom Alliance, giving the details as far as possible, and the plans of the World's Temperance Congress in Chicago. Sir Wilfred Lawson, Archdeacon Farrar, Dr. Richardson, Rev. Dr. Dawson Burns and others expressed the strongest desire for the success of the movement, and promised hearty co-operation.

At Zurich, Switzerland, I met Dr. A. Forel, one of the ablest physicians in that country, who is greatly interested in the proposed Congress. He is an active member of the Blue Cross movement; promised a paper upon the scientific aspect of the question; and will attend the Congress if possible.

Mr. A. M. Powell, one of our Society's World's Temperance Congress Committee, has recently visited Great Britain and Belgium, held conferences with the British Advisory Committee, and reports a growing interest among all in behalf of the Congress. Papers have been promised by Dr. Richardson, Canon Farrar, Sir Wilfred Lawson, Cardinal Manning, Dr. Moeller, of Brussels, and others.

Since my return to this country I have attended the annual session of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America, held in the city of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, Canada, with representatives from the various States and the Dominion Provinces. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

1. *Resolved*, That we hail with pleasure and heartily endorse the proposition of the National Temperance Society calling a World's Temperance Congress, to meet in Chicago in 1893, and believe it to be an occasion when all friends of temperance of every shade of opinion and belief can meet and consult upon any phase of this great question, and we recommend that a

Committee of seven be appointed, of whom the M.W. Patriarch and the M.W. Scribe shall be two, to represent this National Division, and we also recommend that each Grand Division be also represented on that occasion.

2. *Resolved*, That the M. W. Scribe be authorized to prepare or cause to be prepared, a brief history of our Order, as invited by the National Temperance Society.

3. *Resolved*, That a Committee of five be appointed, with power to secure a day, some time during the progress of the Exposition, to be known as Sons of Temperance Day, and that they be empowered to prepare a programme for that occasion.

The following Committees were appointed on World's Temperance Congress:

Edward Crummey, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Benjamin R. Jewell, Southampton, N. H., J. N. Stearns, New York City, E. H. Clapp, Boston, Mass., Thomas Moulding, Chicago, Ill., B. F. Dennison, Philadelphia, Pa., and E. J. Morris, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Annual Convention of the Non-Partisan National W. C. T. U., held last month, adopted the following:

3. *Resolved*, That we heartily approve of the Temperance Congress at the Columbian Exposition, proposed by the National Temperance Society, and we urge the appointment of some committee of this organization to represent us there as requested by the Society.

The following Committees were chosen to co-operate with the National Temperance Society in its proposed Congress:

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, Iowa, Mrs. E. J. Phinney, Ohio, Mrs. T. B. Walker, Minnesota, Mrs. L. H. Tilton, District of Columbia, Mrs. Richard Darlington, Pennsylvania, Mrs. A. C. Paul, Maine, Mrs. M. E. Walker, Illinois, Mrs. C. C. Alford, New York, and Mrs. M. H. Ingham, Ohio.

This organization proposes to hold a Congress of its own, and will undoubtedly communicate with you on the subject.

The Supreme Council of the Templars of Honor and Temperance of North America, at its recent annual session, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we most heartily endorse the action of the National Temperance Society in calling a World's Temperance Congress, to be held in Chicago at the time of the Columbian Exposition, and that the Most Worthy Templar appoint delegates thereto.

The following Advisory Committee for the Dominion of Canada has been appointed to co-operate with the National Temperance Society's World's Temperance Congress Committee:

Sir Leonard Tilley, Governor of New Brunswick, Hon. Geo. W. Ross, Minister of Finance, Dr. Oronhyatekha, Right Worthy Grand Templar of the Good Templars of the world, Hon. W. H. Howland, Ex-Mayor of Toronto, and Rev. A. M. Phillips, B. D., of the Royal Templars of Temperance.

I recently held a conference with this Committee in Toronto, and assurances were given of hearty co-operation from the Dominion of Canada.

It is proposed to hold the Congress in four General Divisions, during the days allotted, as follows:

1. Scientific and Medical.
2. Educational and Economical.
3. Legislative and Political.
4. Religious and Miscellaneous.

Two evening meetings are desired to be held under the auspices of the Society's World's Temperance Congress Committee, with popular speakers; and the Society's Committee will also cordially unite in the arrangements for the great popular Union meetings to be held under the auspices of the General Committee of the WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY of the World's Columbian Exposition. All desire to unite in making these a great success.

The following is the Local Committee in Chicago of the National Temperance Society's World's Temperance Congress Committee:

W. T. Mills, Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, Rev. Dr. P. S. Henson, Rev. Dr. F. A. Noble, Rev. Dr. Arthur Edwards, Thos. Moulding, and Uriah Copp, Jr.

Yours truly,

J. N. STEARNS.

The call mentioned is as follows:

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY AND PUBLICATION HOUSE,
58 READE STREET, NEW YORK.

THE WORLD'S TEMPERANCE CONGRESS.

The celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by a World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago, in 1893, under the sanction and by invitation of the Government of the United States, will bring together a large number of representatives of many countries to participate in the great historic commemoration. Besides the material exhibits of the various nationalities, it is proposed that there shall be a series of World's Congresses to commemorate also their achievements in science, literature, education, jurisprudence, charity, philanthropy, religion, and in other departments of human activity, for the elevation of mankind. A WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION has been officially authorized and organized to promote the holding and success of such Congresses.

In September, 1889, prior to the organization of the World's Congress Auxiliary, the Board of Managers of the National Temperance Society, having had under consideration the subject of calling a World's Congress of Temperance workers of all shades of opinion and of all varieties of methods opposed to strong drink and the drink traffic, that all might become more familiar with the progress and needs of the work in all lands, adopted unanimously the following resolution:

WHEREAS, It is proposed to hold the World's Fair and Exposition in this country in the year 1893, which will be attended by people of all nations; therefore,

Resolved, That we deem it expedient to hold a World's Temperance Congress some time during the progress of such Fair, and that a Committee be appointed, with full power to call such Congress, and make all necessary arrangements.

The World's Temperance Congress Committee, appointed in accordance with this resolution, and in consultation and co-operation with the WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY, therefore call a World's Temperance Congress to meet

in the city of Chicago, in June, 1893, the definite days to be hereafter announced.

It is expected that the Congress will continue in session at least four days; that simultaneous sessions will be held in several sections for the presentation and discussion of the various topics which will claim the attention of the Congress. There will be an extended series of papers, presented by able, thoroughly competent writers of various countries, embracing a condensed history of the origin and work of the various temperance organizations and orders, and the present condition and needs of the temperance reform in the different nationalities.

At the Committee's request the State Department at Washington has kindly consented to have addressed to our Consular officers, in all the countries wherein America is officially represented, the following questions, for such replies as these officials may be able to make, and to have the world-wide information thus secured placed at the Committee's disposal for use at the World's Temperance Congress.

1. Statistics as to the quantity and kinds of intoxicating liquors produced.
2. As to Government methods of dealing with the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.
3. As to intemperance as related to poverty, immorality, and crime.
4. As to what efforts are being made to discourage the use, manufacture, and sale of intoxicants.

The Committee cordially and earnestly invite representatives from all temperance organizations and religious bodies, or other organizations in sympathy with the objects of the Congress, and prominent friends of temperance in foreign countries not connected with any organization. It will be a Congress for deliberation only; no resolutions will be entertained, or action taken, of binding force upon the representatives of any country present. All national organizations should send seven representatives; State and Provincial organizations should send five representatives; local organizations two representatives. In case organizations shall fail to appoint representatives, the presiding officers thereof, or in their absence or failure, the secretary may appoint representatives.

English and French will be the languages of the Conference. The Committee anticipate that this Congress will be the most important, most memorable representative gathering ever convened in any country in the interest of the cause of Temperance.

All bodies appointing representatives to the Congress are requested to send, at the earliest practicable date, the names and addresses of such representatives to J. N. STEARNS, No. 58 Reade Street, New York, Secretary of the World's Temperance Congress Committee, to whom all communications relating to the Congress should be addressed.

THEODORE L. CUYLER, *President.*

J. N. STEARNS, *Secretary,*

ALBERT G. LAWSON, *Chairman.*

JAMES BLACK,
THEOPHILUS A. BROUWER,
PETER CARTER,
HENRY B. METCALF,
E. E. CLAPP,
JOSHUA L. BAILY,
D. C. EDDY,

GEN. LOUIS WAGNER,
NORMAN W. DODGE,
T. L. POULSON,
W. C. STEELE,
J. A. BOGARDUS,
A. M. POWELL,
ARCHBISHOP JOHN IRELAND,

Committee.

NOTES.

1. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but a Committee of Men and a Committee of Women on the same or a kindred subject will act together as may be found expedient.

2. The members of the Advisory Councils will co-operate with the Local Committees by individual correspondence, and their suggestions are cordially invited. They may also unite in communication if they so desire. With few exceptions the membership of the Committees is local; that of the Advisory Councils is, for the most part, composed of non-residents of Chicago. Members of Advisory Councils rank as Honorary and Corresponding Members of the Auxiliary.

3. Additional appointments will be made on the above Committees and Councils, and other Committees and Councils will be appointed as may seem expedient.

4. Communications in relation to the proposed Temperance Congresses may be addressed to the Chairmen of the respective Committees.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,

President World's Congress Auxiliary.

BENJ. BUTTERWORTH,

Secretary.

WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, January, 1892.

NOT THINGS. BUT MEN.

CHARLES C. BONNEY, President.
THOS. B. BRYAN, Vice-President.

LYMAN J. GAGE, Treasurer.
BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH, Sec'y.

The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE AUXILIARY.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, PRESIDENT.

MRS. CHAS. HENROTIN, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Preliminary Address of the Woman's Committee on a World's
Temperance Congress of Women in Connection with
the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

FRANCES E. WILLARD, CHAIRMAN.

To the Women of the World:

"It is a pity, for I had something *here*," cried Andrea Chenier, striking his broad, white forehead with his hand. Lamartine calls him, "at first the hope, and afterward the everlasting regret of French poesy," and tells us that on his way to the guillotine Chenier uttered these pathetic words. The poet's attitude and language are a figure of Humanity, with its beautiful brain clouded by centuries of the alcoholic hallucination morked by the intricate vagaries of opium and nicotine, and fevered by passion's strange delirium. The Pharos of human Reason burning with its clear and steadfast ray, lighted from the mind of God, sends its beams far out over the waves of time; but the

pity of it is that this guiding light has been obscured by poisons that mar the brain's integrity.

Humanity has called a halt at last in its Bacchannal procession. The great revolt is growing fast. Science with her pure torch pilots the way out of the wilderness, and Faith marches beside her fearless sister, with calm eyes turned toward Heaven. It was fitting that wise men of the West should say: While we welcome the world to witness the splendid panorama of what man's busy hand has wrought, let us also invite all men to study with us whate'er his thinking soul has thought, and in all that thinking nothing shall outrank the Science and the Art of a clear brain, a steady beating heart, a hand that does not tremble. For the white light of truth shines always through the stained glass window of the brain. Witty and wonderful as man's inventions are, they have been wrought at grievous disadvantage, and the temperance reform has a purpose no less rational than to cleanse and polish the sky-light of the brain, that God's white light, undimmed and unrefracted may shine down upon a developed, an illuminated, and a redeemed humanity.

If, in the interest of the race, we strive to gather up mankind's best thoughts, embodied and emblazoned, that the best may be brought to the knowledge of the most, how much higher is the hope that would at the same time convene the noble thinkers themselves; and what thinkers could assemble for purposes more praiseworthy than those whose life-work it is to help set free from thralldom that sacred instrument of thought—the human brain? Thus has it come about that with the official recognition and approval of the United States Congress, and by authority from the World's Fair Directory the World's Congress Auxiliary has been organized to arrange for and conduct a series of World's Congresses, among which will be a World's Temperance Congress of Women, to co-operate with a similar Congress of Men, to be held under the charge of a committee of which His Grace Archbishop John Ireland is Chairman, as well as to hold its own separate sessions. These conventions will be convened in Chicago early in June, 1893, to consider all branches of this greatest among reforms, under the general heads of Preventive, Educational, Evangelistic, Social, and Legal measures, for putting away the individual use of alcoholic and narcotic stimulants, and separating governments from all responsibility for the fearful evils of intemperance, pauperism, insanity, and crime arising from their manufacture, transportation, and sale for such use. The exact date of the Congress will be announced hereafter.

All Temperance Organizations of women in every nation are invited to send as delegates their general officers — or proxies who shall represent them — and besides these, one delegate for each one thousand members duly accredited on the books of their respective Treasurers. Well-known leaders, experts and specialists in the temperance reform, and particularly those whose names are on the list of the Advisory Council of this Committee, and are specially charged with working up this Woman's Temperance Congress, are hereby invited to attend as *ex-officio* members with full powers.

To this Advisory Council we appeal for advice and co-operation in all the ways that the wide observation and long experience of its members in reform and philanthropic work will be sure to suggest.

First of all, we ask them to secure the publication of this present announcement and address in all papers and magazines that they can influence, for the purpose of giving a world-wide recognition of the significant and helpful fact that by the desire and decision of men, women are to share equally with themselves in all the honors as well as the labors and the cares of the great Exposition, and that the temperance cause will be given all possible opportunity for a larger hearing than it has ever yet enjoyed. With no intention to interfere with the suggestions thus earnestly sought by our Committee, we beg to lay before our Advisory Council the following questions, asking the opinion of each one of its members, with any and all other elucidations of the great subject that may occur to their minds:

1. What persons do you especially recommend for participation in the addresses, debates, speeches, singing, or other features of the World's Women's Temperance Congress?
2. What topics do you suggest for consideration by the Congress, and to whom would you assign the same for preparation and presentation?
3. What mottoes or devices do you suggest?
4. What is your opinion concerning the participation of Children in this Woman's Temperance Congress? Would you give representation to their societies, and if so, upon what basis?

And although the Congress, as such, will not have anything to do with any material exhibit of any kind, we take the liberty to add the following questions, as a matter of convenience, and to save the trouble and expense of a separate communication:

- a. In view of the fact that the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union has determined to have an exhibit of Temperance Literature, Banners, Mottoes, Medals, Photographs, Documents, etc.; to erect a Fountain, establish a Printing Office, conduct a Restaurant, Cafe, Temperance Hospital, etc., at Chicago in 1893, what will the women of your country, society or locality, do to help fill out this great object-lesson of the Temperance Reform?

b. What literature should be on sale? We wish to get the best from all countries and in all languages?

c. What are the best temperance drinks of which you are cognizant?

We invite correspondence and suggestions, not from our Advisory Council alone, but from any and all who read this address; for we believe that this great gathering should be "made up of every creature's best."

We are confident that in our arduous undertaking—to which, without your help, we should be sure to prove ourselves inadequate—we may rely upon your warm sympathy and intelligent aid. We will therefore go forward with all diligence and courage, invoking above all else the indwelling presence of Him in whose image man was made, and to whose image and likeness man is to be restored. In this prayer and this endeavor we are your comrade-workers, in the love of God and of Humanity and our most sacred Cause.

FRANCES E. WILLARD, Evanston, Ill.,
[President World's W. C. T. U.] *Chairman.*

MATILDA BRADLEY CARSE, Chicago, Ill.,
[President Women's Temperance Publication Association] *Vice-Chairman.*

HELEN L. HOOD, 161 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.,
[Cor. Sec. Illinois W. C. T. U.] *Clerk of the Committee.*

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

MRS. CAROLINE B. BUELL,	Evanston, Ill.
MISS ESTHER PUGH,	Evanston, Ill.
MRS. FANNY H. RASTALL,	161 La Salle St., Chicago.
MRS. A. V. HUTCHINS,	964 W. Monroe St., Chicago.
MRS. W. C. WADDELL,	3232 Rhodes Ave., Chicago.
MRS. MARION PERKINS,	4741 Greenwood Ave., Chicago.
MRS. H. L. CLARKE,	1015 W. Jackson St., Chicago.
MISS MARY ALLEN WEST,	161 La Salle St., Chicago.
MISS KATE JACKSON,	Evanston, Ill.
MISS ALICE BOND,	Evanston, Ill.
MRS. MARY HULL,	Evanston, Ill.
MISS JULIA A. AMES,	161 La Salle St., Chicago.
MRS. LOUISE S. ROUNDS,	161 La Salle St., Chicago.
MRS. J. B. HOBBS,	343 La Salle Ave., Chicago.
MRS. HENRY WADE ROGERS,	Evanston, Ill.
MRS. JOHN B. FINCH;	Evanston, Ill.
MISS ANNA GORDON,	Evanston, Ill.

☞ Address all inquiries and communications to the Clerk of the Committee.

CHICAGO, July, 1891.



The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893

Chicago 1890/92

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